

SITRANS F M MAGFLO®

Electromagnetic flowmeters

Sensor types MAG 1100, MAG 3100, MAG 5100 W

Transmitter types MAG 5000, MAG 6000



Technical Documentation (handbooks, instructions, manuals etc.) on the complete product range SITRANS F can be found on the internet/intranet on the following links:

English: <http://www4.ad.siemens.de/WW/view/en/10806951/133300>

**Siemens Flow Instruments
range of electromagnetic
flowmeters**

	MAG 1100	MAG 1100 FOOD	MAG 3100	MAG 3100 W	MAG 5100 W
Size [mm]	DN 2-100	DN 10-100	DN 15-2000	DN 25-1200	DN 25-1200
Connection	Flangeless (Sandwich design)	Weld-in adapter, clamp adapter, thread adapter	Flange	Flange	Flange
Pressure [bar]	Max. 40	Max. 40	Max. 100	Max. 40	Max. 40
Temperature [°C]	-20 to 200	-30 to 150	-40 to 180	-10 to 95	-5 to 90
Liner	Zirconium oxide (ZrO ₂) Ceramic (Al ₂ O ₃), PFA	Ceramic (Al ₂ O ₃), PFA	Neoprene, EPDM, Teflon (PTFE), Ebonite, Linatex®	Neoprene and EPDM	DN 25-40 & DN 350-1200 hard elastomer DN 50-300 composite elastomer
Electrodes	Platinum Hastelloy C276	Platinum Hastelloy	AISI 316 Ti, Hastelloy C, Platinum/Iridium, Titanium, Tantalum, PE electrodes	AISI 316 Ti, PE electrodes	AISI 316 Ti, PE electrodes
Enclosure	IP 67	IP 67	IP 67/IP 68	IP 67/IP 68	IP 67/IP 68
Ex-version	EEx [ia] [ib] IIB T4-T6		EEx e ia IIC T3-T6 EEx d [ia] [ib] IIB T4-T6		

	MAG 5000	MAG 6000
Outputs	1 current output 1 digital output 1 relay output	1 current output 1 digital output 1 relay output
Flow direction	Uni/bidirectional	Uni/bidirectional
Communication	Optional HART®	Add-on modules
Display	3 lines 20 characters (optional without display)	3 lines 20 characters (optional without display)
Meter uncertainty	±0,5% o.r.	±0,25% o.r.
Enclosure	IP 67, IP 20	IP 67, IP 20
Custody transfer approval	PTB (cold water)	PTB OIML R75 OIML R117
Ex-version Safety barrier 19"	[EEx ia] IIC	[EEx ia ib] IIB [EEx ia] IIC
Power supply	12-24 V AC/DC 115-230 V AC	12-24 V AC/DC 115-230 V AC
Batch	No	Yes

	MAG 6000 Industry	MAG 8000 W
Refer to	Operating manual SFIDK.PS.026.E1.02	Operating manual SFIDK.PS.026.D2.02

1. Product introduction	1.1 Product introduction	4
	1.2 Mode of operation	5
	1.3 Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23ECs	6
	1.3.1 Exclusions	7
	1.3.2 Product marking	7
2. Technical data	2.1 Sensor MAG 1100 and MAG 1100 Ex	8
	2.2 Sensor MAG 1100 FOOD	9
	2.3 Sensor MAG 3100, MAG 3100 Ex and MAG 3100 W	10
	2.4 Sensor MAG 5100 W - <i>updated 2005.10.21</i>	12
	2.5.1 Transmitter MAG 5000 (DN 6 to DN 1200) - <i>updated 2005.06.13</i>	13
	2.5.2 Transmitter MAG 6000 - <i>updated 2005.06.13</i>	14
	2.5.3 Safety barrier (ia/ib) DN ≤ 300	15
	2.5.4 Safety barrier (ia) DN ≥ 350	15
	2.5.5 Cleaning unit	15
	2.6 Meter uncertainty - <i>updated 2006.03.15</i>	16
	2.7 Output characteristics MAG 5000 and MAG 6000	17
	2.8.1 Sensor cables and conductivity of medium	18
	2.8.2 Minimum accept data for cable	18
	2.9 HART® communication add-on module	18
	2.10 Cable data (Supplied by Siemens Flow Instruments)	18
3. Project guidance	3.1 Sizing table (DN 2 to DN 2000)	19
	3.2.1 Minimum conductivity	20
	3.2.2 Liner selection guide	20
	3.2.3 Electrode selection guide	20
	3.3 Installation conditions	20
	3.4 Cleaning unit	24
	3.5 Custody transfer approval	25
	3.6 Transmitter MAG 5000 CT, MAG 6000 CT Sealing	25
	3.7 Ex survey according to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)	26
	3.8 Approvals	27
4. Dimensions and weight	4.1 Sensor MAG 1100	28
	4.2 Sensor MAG 1100 FOOD	29
	4.3 Sensor MAG 5100 W - <i>updated 2006.03.15</i>	32
	4.4 Sensor MAG 3100 and MAG 3100 W	34
	4.5 Transmitter	35
5. Installation of sensor	5.1 Potential equalization	37
	5.2 Inlet protection MAG 3100	39
	5.3 Cathodic protected piping	39
6. Installation of transmitter	6.1 Compact installation MAG 5000 and MAG 6000	40
	6.2.1 Add-on modules MAG 6000 only	42
	6.2.2 Remote installation. At the sensor	42
	6.2.3 Remote installation. Wall mounting	43
	6.2.4 Remote installation. Transmitter in 19" insert	45
	6.2.5 Add-on modules MAG 6000 only	46
	6.2.6 Installation in IP 66 wall mounting enclosure	47
	6.2.7 Installation in IP 65 panel mounting enclosure (front of panel)	48
	6.2.8 Installation into the back of a panel	49
	6.3 Transmitter Safety barrier	50
	6.4 Transmitter Cleaning unit	51
7. Electrical connection	7.1 Transmitter MAG 5000 and MAG 6000 connection diagram	52
	7.2 Wiring diagram for transmitter and sensor	53
8. Commissioning	8.1 Keypad and display layout	57
	8.2 Menu build-up	58
	8.2.1 Password	58
	8.3.1 MAG 5000 and MAG 6000 - Menu overview	59
	8.3.2 MAG 5000 CT and MAG 6000 CT - Menu overview	60
	8.4.1 Basic settings	61
	8.4.2 Outputs	62
	8.4.3 Digital and relay outputs	62
	8.4.4 Relay outputs	63
	8.4.5 External input	63
	8.4.6 Sensor characteristics	64
	8.4.7 Reset mode	64
	8.4.8 Service mode	65
	8.4.9 Operator menu setup	66
	8.4.10 Product identity	67
	8.4.11 Change password	67
	8.4.12 Language mode	68
	8.4.13 HART® communication MAG 5000 HART or as add-on module	68
	8.5.1 Flow rate	69
	8.5.2 Totalizer	69
	8.5.3 Batch	69
	8.6.1 Settings available	70
	8.6.2 Dimension dependent factory settings MAG 5000 and MAG 6000	71
	8.6.3 Dimension dependent batch and pulse output settings	71
	8.6.4 MAG 5000 CT and MAG 6000 CT settings	72
	8.7.1 Error handling	73
	8.7.2 List of error numbers	74
9. Service	9.1 Transmitter check list	75
	9.2 Trouble shooting MAG transmitter	76
	9.3 Check list MAG sensor	77
	9.4 Coil resistance table	78
10. Ordering	10. Please look on our homepage http://www.siemens.com/flow under "Product Selector"	79

Technical data

Project guidance

D & W

Sensor

Commissioning

Ordering

1.1 Product introduction

SITRANS F M MAGFLO® electromagnetic flowmeters offer reliable, precise and inexpensive flow measurement on all electrically conductive liquids. Typical applications are found in all industries. E.g.:

- Water sector: Potable water, treatment of chemicals, waste water and sludge.
- Food sector: Dairy products, beer, wine, soft-drinks and fruit juices.
- Chemical sector: Detergents, pharmaceuticals, acids and alkalies.
- Other sectors: District heating, paper pulp and mining slurries.

SITRANS F M MAGFLO® electromagnetic flowmeters are characterised by simplicity:

- ⇒ Simple to install
- ⇒ Simple to commission
- ⇒ Simple to operate
- ⇒ Simple to maintain

SITRANS F M MAGFLO® electromagnetic flowmeters are manufactured by Siemens Flow Instruments A/S - one of the worlds leading makers of flowmeters.



All SITRANS F M MAGFLO® electromagnetic flowmeters feature a unique SENSORPROM® memory unit which stores sensor calibration data and transmitter settings for the lifetime of the product.

At commissioning the flowmeter commences measurement without any initial programming.



The factory settings matching the sensor are stored in the SENSORPROM® unit. Also customer specified settings are downloaded to the SENSORPROM® unit. Should the transmitter be replaced, the new transmitter will upload all previous settings and resume measurement without any need for re-programming.

Furthermore, the "fingerprint" used in connection with the Siemens Flow Instruments Verificator is stored during the sensor calibration.

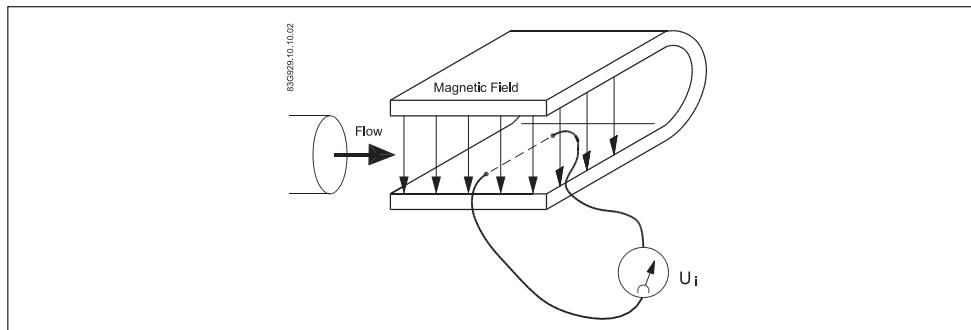


USM II "Plug & Play" add-on communication modules.

USM II - the Universal Signal Module with "Plug & Play" simplicity makes it easy to access and integrate the flow measurement with almost any system. It ensures the flowmeter will be easy to upgrade to new communication platforms in the future, too.

1.2 Mode of operation

The flow measuring principle is based on Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction. The flowmeter consists of a sensor type MAG 1100, MAG 3100 or MAG 5100 W and a transmitter type MAG 5000 or 6000.



U_i = When an electrical conductor of length L is moved at velocity v, perpendicular to the lines of flux through a magnetic field of strength B, the voltage U_i is induced at the ends of the conductor

$$U_i = L \times B \times v$$

U_i = Induced voltage

L = Conductor length = Inner pipe diameter = k_1

B = Magnetic field strength = k_2

v = Velocity of conductor (media)

k = $k_1 \times k_2$

$U_i = k \times v$, the electrode signal is directly proportional to the fluid velocity

SENSOR

The sensor converts the flow into an electrical voltage (U_i) proportional to the velocity of the flow. The sensor is built up of a stainless steel pipe, 2 coils, electrodes, an isolating liner, housing and where applicable, connecting flanges.

TRANSMITTER

The transmitter consists of a number of function blocks which convert the sensor voltage into flow readings.

Power supply

2 different types of power supply are available. A 12 - 24 V AC/DC and a 115 - 230 V AC switch mode type.

Coil current module generates a pulsating magnetizing current that drives the coils in the sensor. The current is permanently monitored and corrected. Errors or cable faults are registered by the self-monitoring circuit.

Input circuit amplifies the flow proportional signal from the electrodes. The input impedance is extremely high: $>10^{14} \Omega$ which allows flow measurements on fluids with conductivities as low as 1 mS/cm. Measuring errors due to cable capacitance are eliminated due to active cable screening.

Digital signal processor converts the analog flow signal to a digital signal and suppresses electrode noise through a digital filter. Inaccuracies in the transmitter as a result of long-term drift and temperature drift are monitored and continuously compensated for via the self-monitoring circuit. The analog to digital conversion takes place in an ultra low noise ASIC with 23 bit signal resolution. This has eliminated the need for range switching. The dynamic range of the transmitter is therefore unsurpassed with a turn down ratio of minimum 3000:1.

CAN communication

The transmitter operates internal via an internal CAN communication bus. Signals are transferred to/from a signal conditioner to the display module, internal/external option modules and the dialog module.

Dialog module

The display unit consists of a 3-line display and a 6-key keypad. The display shows a flow rate or a totalizer value as a primary reading.

Output module converts flow data to an analog, a digital and a relay output. The outputs are galvanically isolated and can be individually set to suit a particular application.

1.3
Pressure Equipment
Directive 97/23ECs

From May 30th 2002 the "Pressure Equipment Directive" is mandatory for all pressure equipment sold within the EU and EFTA.

The approach that Siemens Flow Instruments has taken is outlined in the tables below.

MAG 5100 W

Flange mm	PN 10	PN 16	PN 40	150 lb	300 lb
25	N/A	N/A	SEP	SEP	N/A
40	N/A	N/A	SEP	SEP	N/A
50	N/A	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A
65	N/A	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A
80	N/A	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A
100	N/A	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A
125	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED*	N/A
150	N/A	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
200	SEP	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
250	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
300	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
350	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
400	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
450	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
500	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
600	LVD	PED	N/A	PED*	N/A
700	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	PED*
750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
800	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	PED*
900	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	PED*
1000	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	PED*
1050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1200	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	PED*

MAG 3100 & MAG 3100 W

Flange mm	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16	PN 25	PN 40	PN 64	PN 100	150 lb	300 lb	AWWA
25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SEP	N/A	SEP	SEP	SEP	N/A
40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED	SEP	SEP	N/A
50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SEP	PED	PED	SEP	PED*	N/A
65	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED	PED	PED	SEP	PED*	N/A
80	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED	PED	PED	SEP	PED*	N/A
100	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED	PED	PED	SEP	PED*	N/A
125	SEP	N/A	SEP	N/A	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
150	SEP	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
200	SEP	SEP	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
250	SEP	LVD	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
300	SEP	LVD	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
350	LVD	LVD	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*	N/A
400	LVD	LVD	PED	PED	PED	PED	N/A	PED*	PED*	N/A
450	LVD	LVD	PED	PED	PED	N/A	N/A	PED*	PED*	N/A
500	LVD	LVD	PED	PED	PED	N/A	N/A	PED*	PED*	N/A
600	LVD	LVD	PED	PED	N/A	N/A	PED*	PED*	N/A	
700	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
800	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
900	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1000	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1100	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1200	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1400	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1500	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1600	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
1800	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*
2000	LVD	LVD	PED*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED*

MAG 3100 high temperature PTFE

Flange mm	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16	PN 25	PN 40	150 lb	300 lb
15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SEP	SEP	SEP
25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SEP	SEP	SEP
40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED	LVD	PED*
50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
65	LVD	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
80	LVD	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
100	LVD	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
125	PED	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
150	PED	N/A	PED	N/A	PED	PED*	PED*
200	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*
250	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*
300	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*
350	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	PED*
400	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	N/A
450	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	N/A
500	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED*	N/A
600	PED	PED	PED	PED		PED*	

MAG 1100

Flange mm	Ceramic 150°	Ceramic 200°	Ceramic Ex	Ceramic Ex-d	Ceramic FOOD	PFA	PFA Ex	PFA FOOD
2	SEP	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	SEP	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6	SEP	N/A	SEP	SEP	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	SEP	N/A	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
15	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
40	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	LVD	LVD	LVD
50	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED
65	PED	N/A	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED
80	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED
100	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED	PED

The key to the above tables is as follows.

PED Product covered by PED and only available as fully PED conforming

PED* Product covered by PED but available as either conforming or non conforming to PED

SEP Excluded from PED under **Sound Engineering Practice**

LVD Excluded from PED under the **Low Voltage Directive**

1.3.1 Exclusions

All products sold outside of EU and EFTA are excluded from the directive, also products sold into certain market sectors are also excluded. These include

- 1) Meters used in networks for the supply, distribution and discharge of water.
- 2) Meters used in pipelines for the conveyance of any fluid from offshore to onshore.
- 3) Meters used in the extraction of petroleum or gas, including christmas tree and manifold equipment.
- 4) Any meter mounted on a ship or mobile offshore platform.

1.3.2 Product marking

All meters will now carry either a CE mark or a CE mark followed by 0086

CE0086: This indicates that the product conforms to PED 97/23/EC, LVD 73/23/EEC + Amendment 93/68/EEC & EMC 89/336 EEC

CE: This indicates that the product conforms to LVD 73/23/EEC + Amendment 93/68/EEC & EMC 89/336 EEC

2. Technical data

2.1 Sensor MAG 1100 and MAG 1100 Ex

	MAG 1100	MAG 1100 PFA	MAG 1100 Ex & Ex-d
Type	Flangeless sensor (Sandwich design)		
Nominal size mm	DN 2,3,6,10,15,25,40,50,65,80,100	DN 10,15,25,40,50,65,80,100	DN 2,3,6,10,15,25,40,50,65,80,100
Operating pressure	DN 2-65: 40 bar, DN 80: 37.5 bar, DN 100: 30 bar Vacuum: 1×10^{-6} bar	20 bar Vacuum: 0.02 bar	DN 2-65: 40 bar, DN 80: 37.5 bar, DN 100: 30 bar Vacuum: 1×10^{-6} bar
Temperature of medium	PFA Ceramic High temp.	-20°C to +150°C -20°C to +200°C (DN 6-100)	-30°C to +130°C Suitable for steam sterilization at 150°C
Temperature shock (Ceramic liner)	(Duration > 1 min.): DN 2, 3: Max. $\Delta T \leq 20^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 6, 10, 15, 25: Max. $\Delta T \leq 15^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 40, 50, 65: Max. $\Delta T \leq 10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 80, 100: Max. $\Delta T \leq 5^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ (Duration ≤ 1 min., followed by 10 min. rest): DN 2, 3: Max. $\Delta T \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$ DN 6, 10, 15, 25: Max. $\Delta T \leq 80^\circ\text{C}$ DN 40, 50, 65: Max. $\Delta T \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ DN 80, 100: Max. $\Delta T \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$	Max. $\pm 100^\circ\text{C}$ momentarily Max. $\pm 100^\circ\text{C}$ momentarily	(Duration > 1 min.): DN 2, 3: Max. $\Delta T \leq 20^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 6, 10, 15, 25: Max. $\Delta T \leq 15^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 40, 50, 65: Max. $\Delta T \leq 10^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ DN 80, 100: Max. $\Delta T \leq 5^\circ\text{C}/\text{min.}$ (Duration ≤ 1 min., followed by 10 min. rest): DN 2, 3: Max. $\Delta T \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$ DN 6, 10, 15, 25: Max. $\Delta T \leq 80^\circ\text{C}$ DN 40, 50, 65: Max. $\Delta T \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ DN 80, 100: Max. $\Delta T \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient temperature	Remote transmitter: -40°C to +100°C Compact transmitter: -20°C to +50°C		
Liner	DN 2 - 3 DN 6 - 100	Zirconium oxide ZrO_2 Aluminium oxide Al_2O_3 (ceramics)	Reinforced PFA (Teflon) Aluminium oxide Al_2O_3 (ceramics)
Electrodes	DN 2 - 3 DN 6 - 100	Platinum sintered Platinum with gold/titanium brazing alloy	Platinum sintered Platinum with gold/titanium brazing alloy
Enclosure	Stainless steel AISI 316 L (1.4404)		
Terminal box	Standard (not compact)	Fibre glass-reinforced polyamide Stainless steel AISI 316 (1.4436)	Stainless steel AISI 316 (1.4436)
Fixing studs	Stainless steel AISI 304 (1.4301) Number and size to EN 1092-1:2001		
Mating flanges	EN 1092-1:2001, ANSI B16.5 class 150 and 300 or equivalent Option: DN 2-10: $\frac{1}{2}''$ pipe connection adapters thread: G $\frac{1}{2}''$ tapered ISO 7-1 or $\frac{1}{2}''$ NPT thread		
Gaskets	Standard Option Option	EPDM (max. 150°C, PN 40) Graphite (max. 200°C, PN 40) PTFE (max. 130°C, PN 25)	EPDM (max. 150°C, PN 40) Graphite (max. 200°C, PN 40) PTFE (max. 130°C, PN 25)
Cable entries	4 Pg. 13.5		
Enclosure rating	Standard Option	IP 67 to EN 60529 (NEMA 4x) (1 m w.g for 30 min.) IP 68 to EN 60529 (NEMA 6) (10 m w.g. cont.)	
Mechanical load (vibration)	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36		18-1000 Hz random in all directions to EN 60068-2-36 Sensor: 3.17 G/Compact Ex-d: 1.14 G
Test pressure	80 bar (2 x PN)	40 bar (2 x PN)	80 bar (2 x PN)
Approvals	3A		EEx ia/IIB T4-T6/ DEMKO, No. 97D.121909X EEx de [ia/ib] IIB T4-T6/ DEMKO 94C.115327X
Excitation frequency	DN 2-65: 12.5 Hz DN 80-100: 6.25 Hz	DN 10-65: 12.5 Hz DN 80-100: 6.25 Hz	DN 2-65: 6.25 Hz DN 80-100: 3.125 Hz
Conforms to PED, LVT, EMC	PED - 97/23EC, LVD - 73/23 EEC + amendment 93/68/EEC, EMC - 89/336 EEX		

2.2 Sensor MAG 1100 FOOD

		
Type	Hygienic sensor	
Nominal size mm	DN 10, 15, 25, 40, 50, 65, 80, 100	
Process connection	Hygienic adapters available for: ◆ Direct welding into dairy pipe ◆ Clamp fitting ◆ Threaded fitting	
Operating pressure	DN 10-65: 40 bar, DN 80: 37.5 bar, DN 100: 30 bar	20 bar
Vacuum	1 × 10 ⁻⁶ bar	0.02 bar
Temperature of medium	-20°C to +150°C Suitable for steam sterilization	-30°C to +130°C Suitable for steam sterilization at 150°C
Temperature shock	(Duration > 1 min.): DN 10, 15, 25 Max. ΔT ≤ 15°C/min. DN 40, 50, 65 Max. ΔT ≤ 10°C/min. DN 80, 100 Max. ΔT ≤ 5°C/min. (Duration ≤ 1 min., followed by 10 min. rest): DN 10, 15, 25 Max. ΔT ≤ 80°C DN 40, 50, 65 Max. ΔT ≤ 70°C DN 80, 100 Max. ΔT ≤ 60°C	Max. ±100°C momentarily
Ambient temperature	Remote transmitter: -40°C to +100°C Compact transmitter: -20°C to +50°C	Remote transmitter: -40°C to +100°C Compact transmitter: -20°C to +50°C
Liner	Aluminium oxide Al ₂ O ₃ (ceramic)	Reinforced PFA (Teflon)
Electrodes	Platinum with gold/titanium brazing alloy	Hastelloy C-276
Enclosure	Stainless steel AISI 316 L (1.4404)	Stainless steel AISI 316 L (1.4404)
Terminal box	Fibre glass-reinforced polyamide	Fibre glass-reinforced polyamide
(not compact)	Standard: Stainless steel AISI 316 (1.4436)	Standard: Stainless steel AISI 316 (1.4436)
Cable entries	4 Pg 13.5	4 Pg 13.5
Enclosure rating	Standard: IP 67 to EN 60529 (NEMA 4x) (1 m w.g for 30 min.) Option: IP 68 to EN 60529 (NEMA 6) (10 m w.g. cont.)	IP 67 to EN 60529 (NEMA 4x) (1 m w.g for 30 min.) IP 68 to EN 60529 (NEMA 6) (10 m w.g. cont.)
Mechanical load (vibration)	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36
Test pressure	80 bar (2 × PN)	40 bar (2 × PN)
Approvals	3A, EHEDG	3A
Excitation frequency	DN 10-65: 12.5 Hz DN 80-100: 6.25 Hz	DN 10-65: 12.5 Hz DN 80-100: 6.25 Hz
Conforms to PED, LVT, EMC	PED - 97/23EC, LVD - 73/23 EEC + amendment 93/68/EEC, EMC - 89/336 EEX	

Accessories
MAG 1100 FOOD

	Adapter	Stainless steel AISI 316	Pressure
Pipe connection/ Operating pressure	Adapter for direct welding into dairy pipe: <i>Tri-Clover</i> ISO 2037, DIN 11850, SMS 3008, BS 4825-1 DN 10, 15, 25, 40, 50, 65, 80 DN 100		PN 40 PN 25
	Clamp adapter: <i>Tri-Clamp</i> ISO 2852, DIN 32676, SMS 3016, BS 4825-3 DN 10, 15, 25, 40, 50 DN 65, 80, 100		PN 16 PN 10
	Thread adapter: DIN 11851: ISO 2853, SS 3351, BS 4825-4: SMS 1145:	DN 10, 15, 25, 40 DN 50, 65, 80, 100 DN 10, 15, 25, 40, 50, 65, 80 DN 25, 40, 50, 65, 80	PN 40 PN 25 PN 16 PN 6
Gasket	Standard: EPDM (-20 °C to 150 °C) Option: NBR (-20 °C to 100 °C)		
Clamp	Stainless steel AISI 304, ISO 2852		

Note

When combined sensor and adapter, the working pressure is the lower rated of the pair.

2.3 Sensor MAG 3100, MAG 3100 Ex and MAG 3100 W

			
Type	Sensor with flanges	Sensor with flanges	Sensor with flanges
Nominal size mm	DN 15-2000	DN 15-2000 / 15-300	DN 25-1200
Temperature of medium		Temperature classification	
<i>Liner:</i>		T3 + T4 T5 T6	
Neoprene (standard)	0 to 70°C	0 to 70°C	0 to 70°C
EPDM ¹⁾	-10 to 95°C	-10 to 95°C	-10 to 95°C
Linatex® rubber	-40 to 70°C ²⁾	-20 to 70°C	-20 to 70°C
Ebonite ¹⁾	0 to 95°C	0 to 95°C	0 to 75°C
PTFE	-20 to 100°C	-20 to 100°C	-20 to 75°C
PTFE high temperature	-20 to 180°C (<i>remote only</i>)		
Ambient temperature			
Remote transmitter	-40°C to 100°C	-20°C to 50°C	-40°C to 100°C
Compact transmitter	-20°C to 50°C	-20°C to 50°C	-20°C to 50°C
Operating pressure³⁾ [abs.bar]			
<i>Liner:</i>			
Neoprene	0.01 to 100 bar	0.01 to 100 bar	0.01 to 40 bar
EPDM	0.01 to 40 bar	0.01 to 40 bar	0.01 to 40 bar
Linatex®	0.01 to 40 bar	0.01 to 40 bar	
Ebonite	0.01 to 100 bar	0.01 to 100 bar	
<i>PTFE teflon:</i>			
DN 15 to 600	Max. 100°C: 0.3 to 50 bar	0.3 to 40 bar	
DN 15 to 300	Max. 180°C: 0.6 to 50 bar		
Excitation frequency	DN 15 - 65: 12.5 Hz	DN 15 - 65: 6.25 Hz	All sizes 3.125 Hz
	DN 80 - 150: 6.25 Hz	DN 80/100: 3.125 Hz	
	DN 200 - 1200: 3.125 Hz	DN 125 - 300: 1.5625 Hz	
	DN 1400 - 2000: 1.5625 Hz	DN 350 - 1200: 3.125 Hz	
Enclosure rating	Standard	IP 67 to EN 60529 (NEMA 4x) (1 m w.g for 30 min.)	
	Option	IP 68 to EN 60529 (NEMA 6) (10 m w.g. cont.)	
Cable entries	4 Pg 13.5		
Mechanical load	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36		
Test pressure	1.5 × PN		
Conforms to PED, LVT, EMC	PED - 97/23EC, LVD - 73/23 EEC + amendment 93/68/EEC, EMC - 89/336 EEX		

¹⁾ With WRAS drinking water approval, approved to BS 6920 by WRC (Water Research Council, UK)

²⁾ For temperature below -20°C AISI 304 or 316 flanges must be used

³⁾ Maximum operating pressure decreases with increasing operating temperature and with stainless steel flanges

2.3 Sensor MAG 3100, MAG 3100 Ex and MAG 3100 W (continued)

		MAG 3100	MAG 3100 Ex / Ex-d	MAG 3100 W
Flanges	Standard EN 1092-1:2001 ¹⁾ Raised face	DN 15-50: PN 40		DN 25-50: PN 40
		DN 65-150: PN 16		DN 65-150: PN 16
		DN 200-1000: PN 10		DN 200-1200: PN 10
		DN 1100 -2000: PN 6		
	Option	DN 65-1000: PN 6		DN 200-600: PN 16
		DN 1200-2000: PN 10		
		DN 200-2000: PN 16		
		DN 200-600: PN 25		
		DN 65-600: PN 40		
		DN 50-400 PN 63		
ANSI B 16.5 (-BS 1560)		DN 25-350 PN 100		
		3/4"-24": Class 150 (20 bar)		3/4"-24": Class 150 (20 bar)
	AS 2129	3/4"-24": Class 300 (50 bar)		
		3/4"-48": Table D (7 bar) / E (14 bar)		
		Class 14 (DN 50 - 1200, 14 bar)		
AS 4087		Class 21 (DN 50 - 600, 21 bar)		
		Class 35 (DN 50 - 600, 35 bar)		
		28"-78": Class D (10 bar)		28"-48": Class D (10 bar)
Electrodes	Standard	AISI 316 Ti (1.4571)		AISI 316 Ti (1.4571)
	Option	Hastelloy C-276, Platinum / Iridium, Titanium, AISI 316 Ti Ceramic Coated, Tantalum		
PE - electrodes	Standard	As measuring electrodes (except PTFE)		AISI 316 Ti (1.4571)
Measuring pipe	Standard	AISI 304 (1.4301)		AISI 304 (1.4301)
	Option	AISI 316 L (1.4436)		
Flange and housing material	Standard	Carbon steel Corrosion-resistant two-component coating (min. 150 µm)		Carbon steel Corrosion-resistant two-component coating (min. 150 µm)
	Option	AISI 304 (1.4301) flanges and carbon steel housing. Coating as above		
	Option	AISI 316 L (1.4404) flanges and housing		
Colour		Siemens 700 light basic		Siemens 700 light basic
Ex-approval	Remote	DN 15-300 EEx d [ia] [ib] IIB T4-T6		
		DN 350-2000 EEx e ia IIC T3-T6		
	Compact	EEx d e [ia] ia IIB T6		
		MAG 6000 I Ex-d		
Conforms to PED, LVT, EMC		PED - 97/23EC, LVD - 73/23 EEC + amendment 93/68/EEC, EMC - 89/336 EEX		

¹⁾ EN 1092-1, DIN 2501 & BS 4504 have the same mating dimensions

2.4 Sensor MAG 5100 W

Technical data

Type	Sensor with flanges		
Design	Straight	Coned 1 DN reduction	Straight
Nominal size mm	25-40	50-300	350-1200
Liner	Hard elastomer (hard rubber) ³⁾	Composite elastomer (hard & soft rubber) ³⁾	Hard elastomer (hard rubber) ³⁾
Liner approvals	WRc	WRc	WRc
Medium temperature	-5 to 70°C ¹⁾		
Ambient temperature			
Remote transmitter	-40 to 100°C		
Compact transmitter	-20 to 50°C		
Operating pressure	0.01 to 40 bar	0.03 to 20 bar	0.01 to 16 bar
Excitation frequency	12.5 Hz	50-65 mm: 12.5 Hz 80-150 mm: 6.25 Hz 200-300 mm: 3.125 Hz	3.125 Hz
Enclosure rating Standard	IP 67 to EN 60529 1 m w.g. for 30 minutes		
Option	IP 68 to EN 60529 10 m w.g. continuously		
Cable entries	4 Pg 13.5		
Mechanical load	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36		
Test pressure	1.5 × nominal pressure		
Flanges			
EN 1092-1 Standard	PN 40	50-150 mm: PN 16 200-300 mm: PN 10	PN 10
Option		200-300 mm: PN 16	PN 16
ANSI B16.5 Standard	Class 150 lb	Class 150 lb	14"-24": Class 150 lb
AWWA C-207 Standard			28"-48": Class D
Pressure drop at 3 m/sec.	As straight pipe	Max. 25 mbar	As straight pipe
Electrodes	AISI 316 Ti (1.4571)		
PE/grounding electrodes			
Standard	AISI 316 Ti (1.4571)		
Measuring pipe/meter body	AISI 304 (1.4301)	Composite elastomer	AISI 304 (1.4301)
Flanges	Carbon steel		
Housing	Carbon steel		
Surface finish	Two component epoxy min. 150 microns	Polyester powder coat min. 100 microns	Two component epoxy min. 150 microns
Colour	Siemens 700 light basic		
Approvals	Conforms to	PED - 97/23EC, LVD - 73/23 EEC + amendment 93/68/EEC, EMC - 89/336 EEX ²⁾	

¹⁾ Peak temperature up to +90°C (194°F) in periods < 1 hour²⁾ For sizes greater than 600 mm PED conformity is available as a cost added option, the basic unit will only carry the LVD (Low Voltage Directive) and EMC approval.³⁾ Nitrile, NBR

2.5.1 Transmitter MAG 5000 (DN 2 to DN 1200)

	Accuracy 0.5%		
Current output			
Current	0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 4-20 mA + alarm		
Load	< 800 ohm		
Time constant	0.1-30 s adjustable		
Digital output			
Frequency	0-10 kHz, 50% duty cycle		
Time constant	0.1-30 s adjustable		
Active	24 V DC, 30 mA, $1 \text{ K}\Omega \leq R_{\text{load}} \leq 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, short-circuit-protected		
Passive	3-30 V DC, max. 110 mA, $200 \text{ }\Omega \leq R_{\text{load}} \leq 10 \text{ K}\Omega$		
Relay			
Time constant	Changeover relay, time constant same as current time constant		
Load	42 V AC/2 A, 24 V DC/1A		
Digital input			
Activation time	50 ms		
Current	$I_{11 \text{ V DC}} = 2.5 \text{ mA}$, $I_{30 \text{ V DC}} = 7 \text{ mA}$		
Functions	Flow rate, 2 totalizers, low flow cut-off, empty pipe cut-off ¹⁾ , flow direction, error system, operating time, uni/bidirectional flow, limit switches, pulse output, control for cleaning unit		
Galvanic isolation	All inputs and outputs are galvanically isolated		
Cut-off	Low flow 0-9.9% of maximum flow Empty pipe Detection of empty pipe, special cable required in separate mounted installation		
Totalizer	Two eight-digit counters for forward, net or reverse flow		
Display	Background illumination with alphanumerical text, 3 × 20 characters to indicate flow rate, totalized values, settings and faults Reverse flow indicated by negative sign		
Time constant	Time constant as current output time constant		
Zero point adjustment	Automatic		
Electrode input impedance	$> 1 \times 10^{14} \Omega$		
Excitation frequency	Sensor size depending pulsating DC current (125 mA)		
Ambient temperature	Display version during operation: -20 to +50°C Blind version during operation: -20 to +60°C During storage: -40 to +70°C (RH max. 95%)		
Custody transfer approval	PTB (cold water)		
MAG 5000 CT	<table border="1"><tr><td>6.221</td></tr><tr><td>99.19</td></tr></table>	6.221	99.19
6.221			
99.19			
Communication			
Standard	Without serial communication		
Optional	HART®		
Compact			
Enclosure material	Fibre glass-reinforced polyamide		
Enclosure rating	IP 67 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050 (1 m w.g. for 30 minutes)		
Mechanical load	18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36		
19" insert			
Enclosure material	Standard 19" insert of aluminium/steel (DIN 41494) Width: 21 TE Height: 3 HE		
Enclosure rating	IP 20 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050		
Mechanical load	Version: 1 G, 1-800 Hz sinusoidal in all directions to EN 60068-2-36		
EMC performance	Emission: EN 50081-1 (Light industry) Immunity: EN 50082-2 (Industry)		
Supply voltage	115-230 V AC +10% to -15%, 50-60 Hz 11-30 V DC or 11-24 V AC		
Power consumption	230 V AC: 17 VA 24 V DC: 9 W, $I_N = 380 \text{ mA}$, $I_{ST} = 8 \text{ A}$ (30 ms) 12 V DC: 11 W, $I_N = 920 \text{ mA}$, $I_{ST} = 4 \text{ A}$ (250 ms)		

¹⁾ Not remote Ex, not DN 2, 3

2.5.2 Transmitter MAG 6000

Technical data

		Accuracy 0.25%
Current output		
Current	0-20 mA, 4-20 mA or 4-20 mA + alarm	
Load	< 800 ohm	
Time constant	0.1-30 s adjustable	
Digital output		
Frequency	0-10 kHz, 50% duty cycle	
Time constant	0.1-30 s adjustable	
Active	24 V DC, 30 mA, $1 \text{ K}\Omega \leq R_{\text{load}} \leq 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, short-circuit-protected	
Passive	3-30 V DC, max. 110 mA, $200 \Omega \leq R_{\text{load}} \leq 10 \text{ K}\Omega$	
Relay		
Time constant	Changeover relay, time constant same as current time constant	
Load	42 V AC/2 A, 24 V DC/1A	
Digital input		
Activation time	11-30 V DC, $R_i = 4.4 \text{ K}\Omega$	
Current	50 ms	
Current	$I_{11 \text{ V DC}} = 2.5 \text{ mA}, I_{30 \text{ V DC}} = 7 \text{ mA}$	
Functions		Flow rate, 2 totalizers, low flow cut-off, empty pipe cut-off ¹⁾ , flow direction, error system, operating time, uni/bidirectional flow, limit switches, pulse output, control for cleaning unit and batch
Galvanic isolation		All inputs and outputs are galvanically isolated
Cut-off		0-9.9% of maximum flow
Low flow		
Empty pipe		Detection of empty pipe, special cable required in separate mounted installation
Totalizer		Two eight-digit counters for forward, net or reverse flow
Display		Background illumination with alphanumerical text, 3 x 20 characters to indicate flow rate, totalized values, settings and faults
		Reverse flow indicated by negative sign
Time constant		Time constant as current output time constant
Zero point adjustment		Automatic
Electrode input impedance		$> 1 \times 10^{14} \Omega$
Excitation frequency		Sensor size depending pulsating DC current (125 mA)
Ambient temperature		Display version during operation: -20 to +50°C Blind version during operation: -20 to +60°C During storage: -40 to +70°C (RH max. 95%)
Custody transfer approval		PTB (cold water) DANAK OIML R75 (hot water) DANAK OIML R117 (cold water/milk, beer etc.)
MAG 6000 CT	6.221 99.19	
Communication		
Standard		Prepared for client mounted add-on modules
Add-on		HART, Profibus PA & DP, Modbus RTU, CANopen, DeviceNet
Compact		
Enclosure material		Fibre glass-reinforced polyamide
Enclosure rating		IP 67 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050 (1 m w.g. for 30 minutes)
Mechanical load		18-1000 Hz random, 3.17 G rms in all directions to EN 60068-2-36
19" insert		
Enclosure material		Standard 19" insert of aluminium/steel (DIN 41494) Width: 21 TE Height: 3 HE
Enclosure rating		IP 20 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050
Mechanical load		Version: 1 G, 1-800 Hz sinusoidal in all directions to EN 60068-2-36
EMC performance		Emission: EN 50081-1 (Light industry) Immunity: EN 50082-2 (Industry)
Supply voltage		115-230 V AC +10% to -15%, 50-60 Hz 11-30 V DC or 11-24 V AC
Power consumption		230 V AC: 17 VA 24 V DC: 9 W, $I_N = 380 \text{ mA}, I_{ST} = 8 \text{ A}$ (30 ms) 12 V DC: 11 W, $I_N = 920 \text{ mA}, I_{ST} = 4 \text{ A}$ (250 ms)

¹⁾ Not remote Ex, not DN 2, 3

2.5.3
Safety barrier (ia/ib)
DN ≤ 300



Application	As combined unit with MAG 6000 only and MAG 1100 Ex/3100 Ex in the size range DN 6-300				
Ex approval	[EEx ia/ib] IIB				
Cable parameter	Group	Capacity in μ F	Inductance in mH		
Electrode cable	IIB	≤ 31	≤ 80		
Coil cable	IIB	≤ 0.5	≤ 8		
Ambient temperature	During operation: -20 to +50°C				
	During storage: -20 to +70°C				
19" insert					
Enclosure material	Standard 19" insert in aluminium/steel (DIN 41494)				
Width: 21 TE					
Height: 3 HE					
Enclosure rating	IP 20 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050				
Mechanical load	1 G, 1-800 Hz sinusoidal in all directions to EN 60068-2-36				
EMC performance					
Emission	EN 50081-1 (Light industry)				
Immunity	EN 50082-2 (Industry)				

2.5.4
Safety barrier (ia)
DN ≥ 350



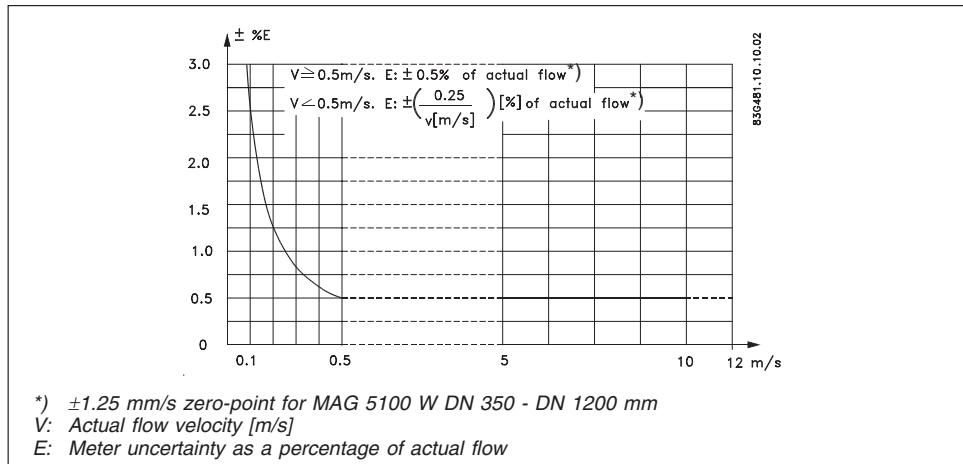
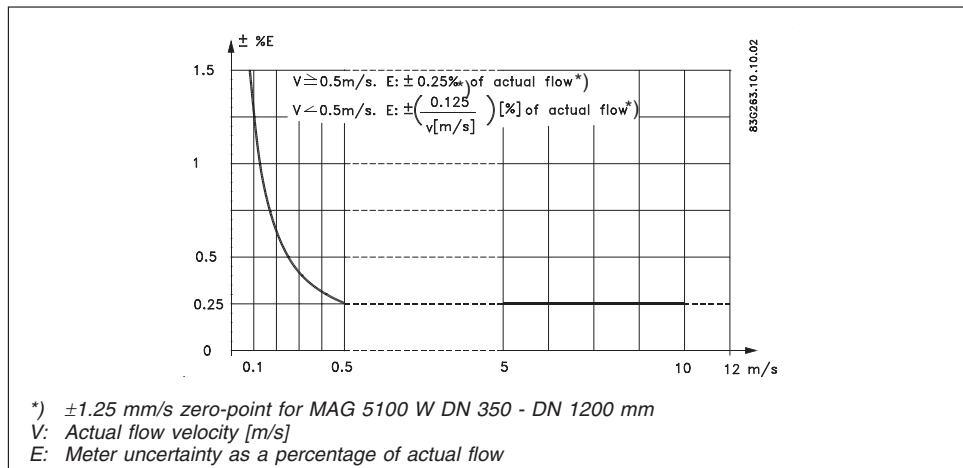
Application	For use with MAG 5000/6000 19 insert and MAG 3100 Ex in the size range DN 350-2000				
Ex approval	[EEx ia] IIC				
Cable parameter	Group	Capacity in μ F	Inductance in mH		
IIC	≤ 4.1	≤ 1.5			
IIB	≤ 45	≤ 87			
IIA	≤ 45	≤ 87			
Ambient temperature	During operation: -20 to +50°C				
	During storage: -20 to +70°C				
19" insert					
Enclosure material	Standard 19" insert in aluminium/steel (DIN 41494)				
Width: 21 TE					
Height: 3 HE					
Enclosure rating	IP 20 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050				
Mechanical load	1 G, 1-800 Hz sinusoidal in all directions to EN 60068-2-36				
EMC performance					
Emission	EN 50081-1 (Light industry)				
Immunity	EN 50082-2 (Industry)				

2.5.5
Cleaning unit



Application	For use together with MAG 5000 and 6000 19" insert to clean the electrodes on MAG 1100, MAG 3100 or MAG 5100 W. NB Must not be used with intrinsically safe systems				
Cleaning voltage (unloaded)					
AC cleaning	60 V AC				
DC cleaning	30 V DC				
Cleaning period	60 sec. + 60 sec. pause period				
Relay	Switch relay activated when cleaning is in progress				
Load	42 V/2 A				
Operation					
Automatic	Yes				
Manual	No				
Indicator lamps	LEDs: "ON" and "CLEANING"				
Supply voltage and power consumption	115-230 V AC +10% to -15%, 50-60 Hz, 7 VA cleaning, 5 VA stand by				
Ambient temperature	During operation: -20 to +50°C				
	During storage: -20 to +70°C				
19" insert					
Enclosure material	Standard 19" insert in aluminium/steel (DIN 41494)				
Width: 21 TE					
Height: 3 HE					
Enclosure rating	IP 20 to EN 60529 and DIN 40050				
Mechanical load	1 G, 1-800 Hz sinusoidal in all directions to EN 60068-2-36				

2.6 Meter uncertainty

MAG 5000 or MAG 6000 used with MAG 3100 W or MAG 1100 PFA**MAG 6000 used with MAG 3100, MAG 1100 Ceramic or MAG 5100 W****Reference conditions (ISO 9104 and DIN/EN 29104)**

Temperature of medium	20°C ±5 K
Ambient temperature	20°C ±5 K
Supply voltage	Un ±1%
Warming-up time	30 minutes
Incorporation in pipe section	Inlet section 10×DN (DN ≤ 1200), 5×DN (DN > 1200) Outlet section 5×DN (DN ≤ 1200), 3×DN (DN > 1200)
Flow conditions	Fully developed flow profile

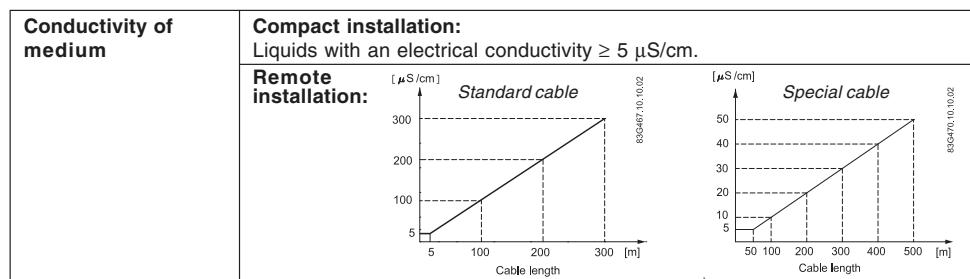
Additions in the event of deviations from reference conditions

Current output	As pulse output ±(0.1% of actual flow +0.05% FSO)
Effect of ambient temperature	Display/frequency/pulse output: < ±0.003% / K act. Current output: < ±0.005% / K act.
Effect of supply voltage	< 0.005% of measuring value on 1% change
Repeatability	±0.1% of actual flow for V ≥ 0.5 m/s Conductivity ≥ 10 µS/cm³

2.7
Output characteristics
MAG 5000 and MAG 6000

Output characteristics 0-20 mA	Bidirectional mode		Unidirectional mode	
4-20 mA				
Frequency				
Pulse output				
Relay	Power down		Active	
Error relay	No error		Error	
Limit switch or direction switch	1 set point		2 set points	
	Low flow (Reverse flow)		Intermediate flow	
	High flow (Forward flow)		High flow/ Low flow	
	Batch on digital output		Hold	
Batch on relay	Hold		Batch	

2.8.1 Sensor cables and conductivity of medium

**Note**

For detection of empty sensor the min. conductivity must always be $\geq 20 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ and the max. length of electrode cable when remote mounted is 50 metres. Special cable must be used.

For remote mounting in Ex applications special cable cannot be used, empty sensor cannot be detected and the electrically conductivity must be $\geq 30 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$.

For remote mounted CT installations the max. cable length is 200 metres.

For Ex installations with safety barriers, 25 meters of cable can be used in order to obtain $\pm 0,25\%$, and 50 meters to obtain $\pm 0,5\%$.

Note

Empty pipe detection function not available with DN 2, 3 sizes.

2.8.2 Minimum accept data for cable

		Coil cable	Electrode cable
Basic data	No. of conductors	2	3
	Min. sqr. area	0.5 mm ²	0.2 mm ²
	Screen	Yes	Yes
	Max. capacitance	N.A.	350 pF/m
Max. cable loop resistance	Media temperature: < 100°C	40 Ω	N.A.
	< 200°C	6 Ω	N.A.

2.9 HART® communication add-on module

Application	MAG 6000 Optional available as factory mounted in MAG 5000
Communication standard	Bell 202 frequency shift keying (f.s.k.) standard
Communication modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single loop mode Multi-drop mode, 15 slave devices
Communicator	Rosemount Hand-held communicator type 275

Cable specification

	Communication mode / Single loop				
Q [mm²] CU	$\geq 0.2 \text{ mm}^2/\text{AWG } 24$				
Screen	Yes (Overall screen)				
Loop resistance	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><i>Min.</i></td> <td>230 Ω</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Max.</i></td> <td>800 Ω</td> </tr> </table>	<i>Min.</i>	230 Ω	<i>Max.</i>	800 Ω
<i>Min.</i>	230 Ω				
<i>Max.</i>	800 Ω				
Cable capacity	$\leq 400 \text{ pF/m}$				
Cable length	1500 m				
Twisted pair	Yes				

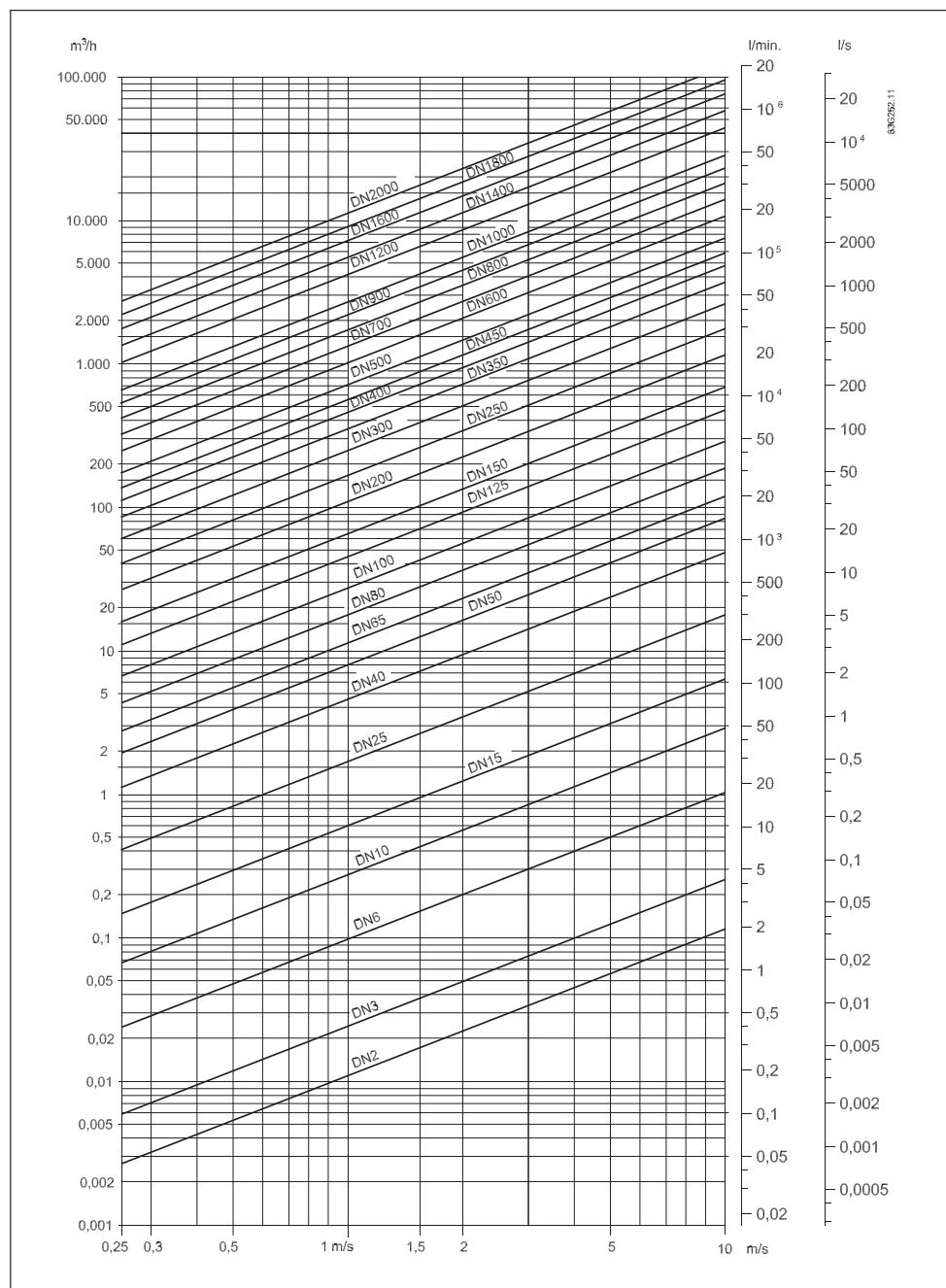
HART® is a registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation.

2.10 Cable data (Supplied by Siemens Flow Instruments)

		Standard cable (electrode/coil)	Special cable (electrode)
Basic data	No. of conductors	3	3
	Sqr. area	1.5 mm ²	0.25 mm ²
	Screen	Yes	Double
	Color code	Brown, blue, black	Brown, blue, black
	Outside color	Grey	Grey
	Ext. diameter	7.8 mm	8.1 mm
	Conductor	Flexible CU	Flexible CU
	Isolation material	PVC	PVC
Amb. temperature	• Flexible installation	-5 to 70°C	-5 to 70°C
	• Non flexible installation	-30 to 70°C	-30 to 70°C
Cable parameter	Capacity	161.50 pF/m	N.A.
	Inductance	0.583 µH/m	N.A.
	L/R	43.83 µH/Ω	N.A.

3. Project guidance

3.1

Sizing table
(DN 2 to DN 2000)

Project guidance

The table shows the relationship between flow velocity V , flow quantity Q and sensor dimension DN .

Guidelines for selection of sensor

Min. measuring range: 0-0.25 m/s

Max. measuring range: 0-10 m/s

Normally the sensor is selected so that V lies within the measuring range 1-2 m/s.

Flow velocity calculation formula:

$$V = \frac{1273.24 \times Q [l/s]}{DN^2 [mm]} \quad [m/s] \text{ or } V = \frac{353.68 \times Q [m^3/h]}{DN^2 [mm]} \quad [m/s]$$

3.2.1 Minimum conductivity

Applications	Min. conductivity
Compact/remote	DN 2 & 3 30 µS/cm
	DN ≥ 6 5 µS/cm
With empty pipe detection	20 µS/cm
Ex-installations <i>(Remote mounted only)</i>	30 µS/cm
District heating systems <i>(Without DC cleaning unit)</i>	250 µS/cm

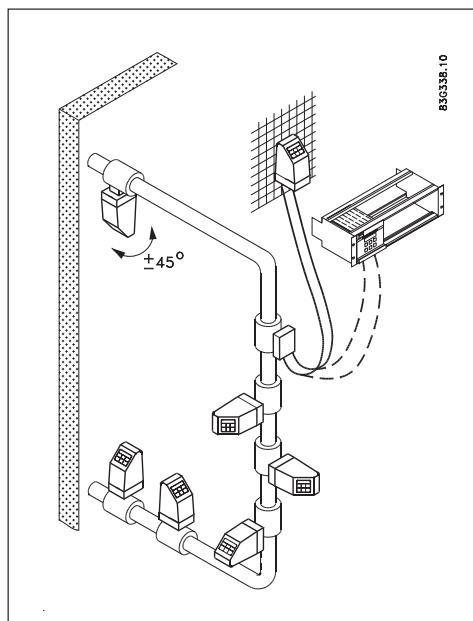
3.2.2 Liner selection guide

Liner	Applications
Zirconium oxide ZrO ₂	General purpose, aggressive chemicals
Ceramics Al ₂ O ₃	General purpose, aggressive chemicals
PFA	General purpose, dairy, food and beverage
Neoprene	General purpose, sewage
EPDM	Drinking water, sea water
PTFE	Aggressive chemicals, paper and pulp, high temperature applications
Linatex®	Abrasive media and mining slurries
Ebonite	Drinking water

3.2.3 Electrode selection guide

Electrodes	Applications
AISI 316 Ti	General purpose, water, sewage and district heating
AISI 316 Ti Ceramic coated	High content of fibres, paper pulp
Hastelloy C-276	Good chemical properties, sea water
Titanium	Chlorine, chlorite, nitric and chromic acids
Tantalum	Textile bleaching industry
Platinum and platinum/iridium	Almost any acid solution
	The ultimate electrode material. Unaffected by most liquids

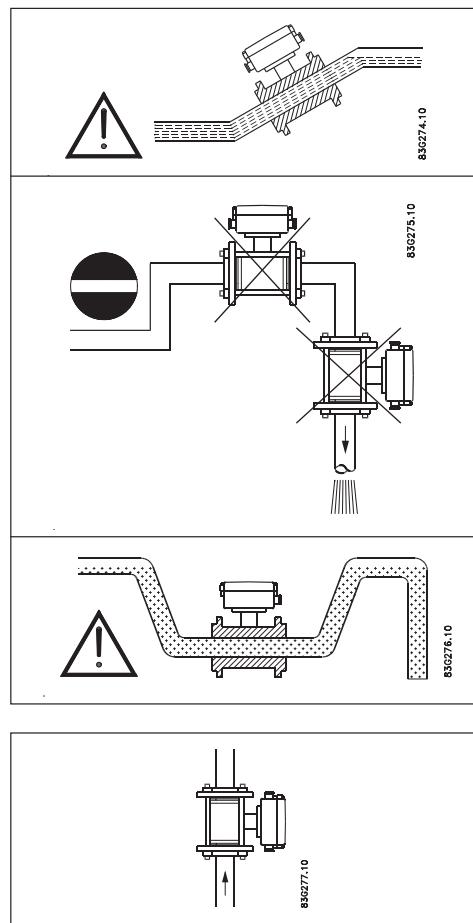
3.3 Installation conditions



Reading and operating the flowmeter is possible under almost any installation conditions because the display can be oriented in relation to the sensor. To ensure optimum flow measurement, attention should be paid to the following:

3.3 Installation conditions (continued)

Installation in vertical pipes



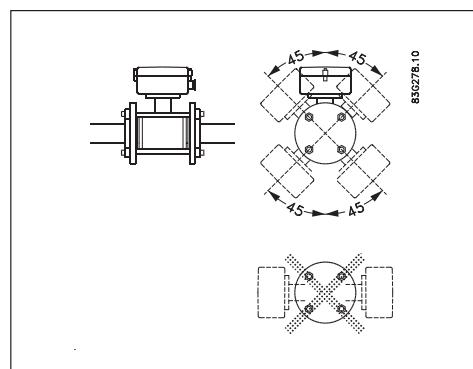
The sensor must always be completely full with liquid.

Therefore avoid:

- Installation at the highest point in the pipe system
- Installation in vertical pipes with free outlet

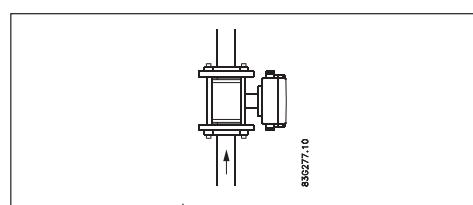
Project guidance

Installation in horizontal pipes

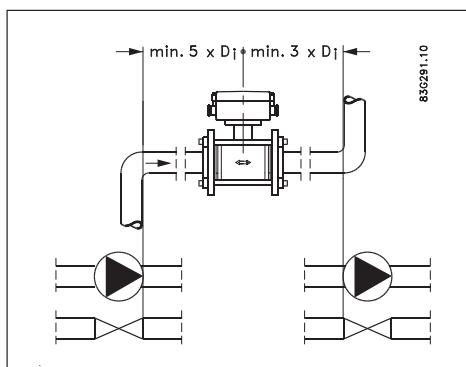


The sensor must be mounted as shown in the upper figure. Do not mount the sensor as shown in the lower figure. This will position the electrodes at the top where there is possibility for air bubbles and at the bottom where there is possibility for mud, sludge, sand etc. If using empty pipe detection, the sensor can be tilted 45°, as shown in the upper figure.

Measuring abrasive liquids and liquids containing particles

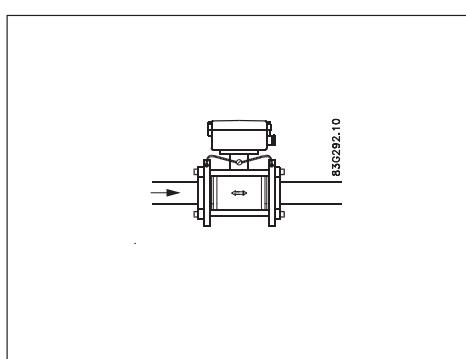


Recommended installation is in a vertical/inclined pipe to minimize the wear and deposits in the sensor.

Inlet and outlet conditions

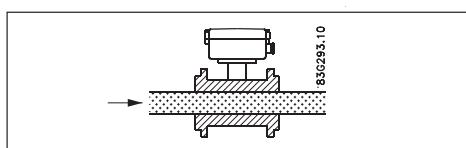
To achieve accurate flow measurement it is essential to have straight lengths of inlet and outlet pipes and a certain distance between pumps and valves.

It is also important to centre the flowmeter in relation to pipe flanges and gaskets.

Potential equalization

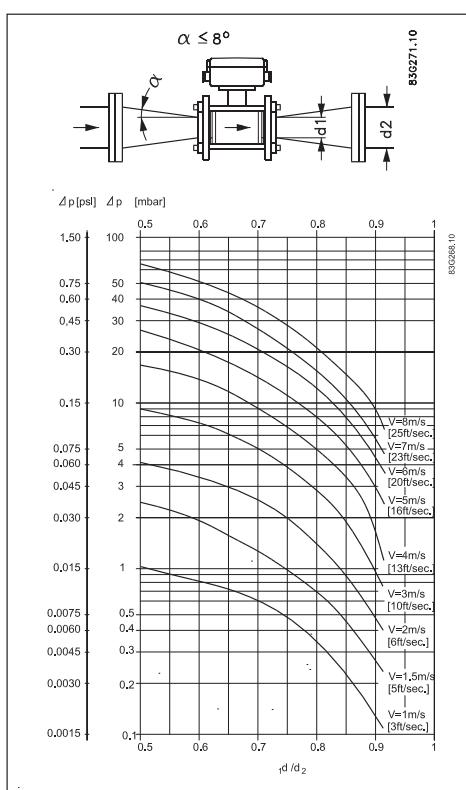
The electrical potential of the liquid **must always** be equal to the electrical potential of the sensor. This can be achieved in different ways depending on the application:

- Wire jumper between sensor and adjacent flanges. (MAG 1100 and MAG 3100).
- Direct metallic contact between sensor and fittings. (MAG 1100 FOOD).
- Built-in earthing electrodes. (MAG 3100 and MAG 3100 W).
- Optional earthing/protection flanges/rings. (MAG 1100 and MAG 3100).
- Optional graphite gaskets on MAG 1100. (Standard for MAG 1100 High temperature).

Vacuum

Avoid a vacuum in the measuring pipe, since this can damage certain liners.

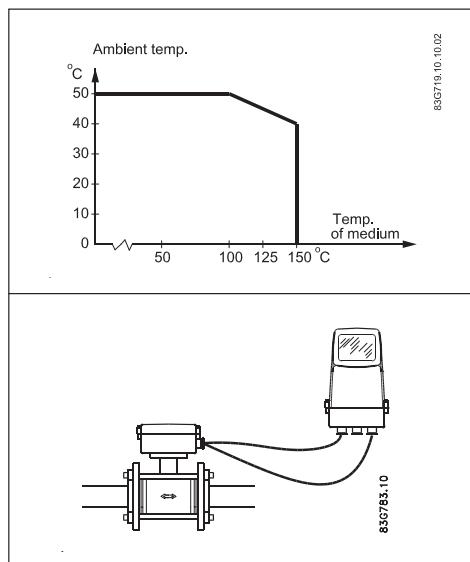
See "Technical data", chapter 2.

Installation in large pipes

The flowmeter can be installed between two reducers (e.g. DIN 28545). Assuming that at 8° the following pressure drop curve applies. The curves are applicable to water.

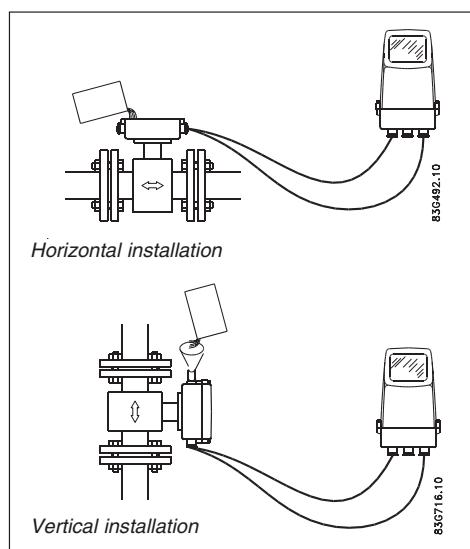
Example:

A flow velocity of 3 m/s (V) in a sensor with a diameter reduction from DN 100 to DN 80 ($d_1/d_2 = 0.8$) gives a pressure drop of 2.9 mbar.

Compact/remote installation

The sensor and transmitter can be installed either compact or remote.

With **compact** installation the temperature of medium must be according to the graph.

IP 68 applications only

If the sensor is buried or permanently submerged, the terminal box must be encapsulated with silicon dielectric gel.

Mix the two components well and pour the contents into the terminal box. The material is a non-toxic, transparent, self-healing gel which cures in approx. 24 hours. The gel can be penetrated with test instruments or be removed in case of cable replacement.

Suggestions for the direct burial of MAG 3100 & MAG 5100 W sensors

If MAG 3100 or MAG 5100 W sensors are buried directly into the ground we would suggest the following precautions are observed.

The SENSORPROM® unit should be removed from the terminal box on the sensor and relocated in the transmitter remote mounting prior to burying the sensor. (See product manual LS.27.V2.02).

All the sensor data plate information and serial number should be recorded for each sensor prior to burying. This will ensure correct matching with the SENSORPROM® unit.

The sensor should be potted to IP 68 and suitable coil and electrode cables used prior to burying.

The use of pea gravel at least 300 mm all around the sensor. This provides some drainage and also avoids caking the sensor with earth. It also helps locate the sensor should excavation take place.

Before covering the pea gravel with earth we suggest the use of electrical cable identification tape laid above the gravel.

The sensor should not be subject to heavy vehicles applying excessive weight above the sensor or pipeline.

3.4 Cleaning unit

The Siemens Flow Instruments cleaning unit can be used with MAG 5000 or 6000 in 19" insert **non CT** version.

The cleaning unit can be used in applications where the liner material and subsequently the electrodes may be coated with deposits. If the coating is electrically insulating, the electrode signal will be reduced. If the coating is electrically conductive, the electrode signal will be partly short-circuited and in both cases the accuracy of the meter will decrease (dependent on the type and thickness of the coating).

Note

The cleaning unit **cannot** be used for inflammable or explosive media!

Mode of operation

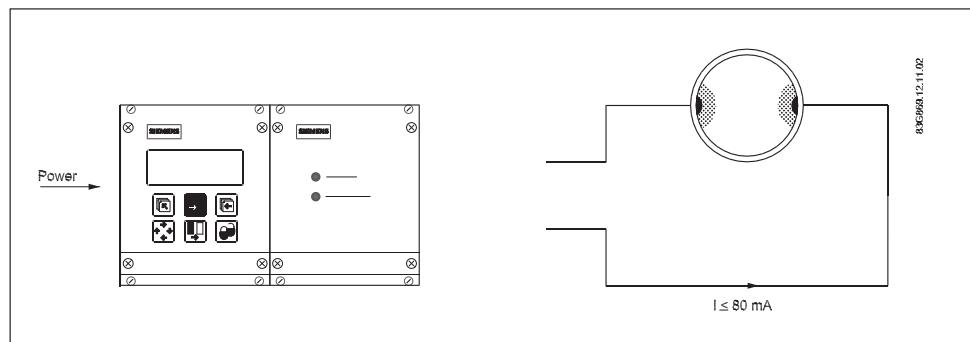
The cleaning unit cleans the electrodes electro-chemically by applying a voltage to the electrodes for approx. 60 sec. While cleaning, the transmitter stores and holds the latest measured flow reading on the display and also the signal outputs. After an additional pausing period of 60 sec. the flowmeter resumes normal measurement and the cleaning is now completed.

The relay in the transmitter activates the cleaning cycle. In the relay output menu (under cleaning) the cleaning interval can be set between 1 hour and 24 hours.

Cleaning should only take place with liquid in the pipe. This can be detected via the empty pipe function. It is therefore recommended to select "empty pipe detection" ON when using the cleaning unit.

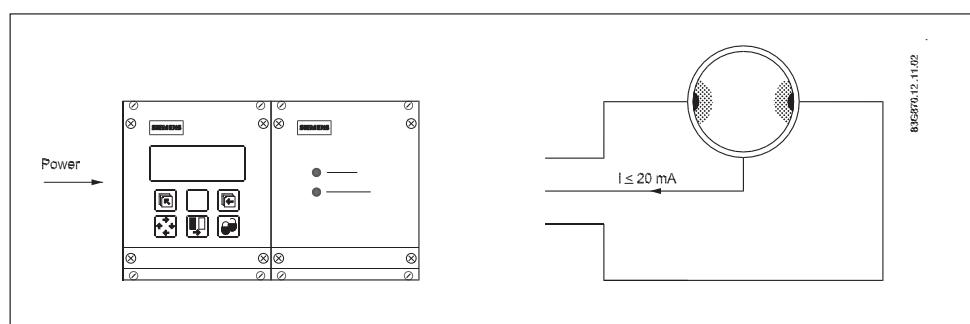
The cleaning sequence can also be controlled manually through the electrical input of the transmitter. Before this is done, ensure that the measuring pipe is full.

AC-cleaning



AC-cleaning is used to remove fatty deposits on the electrodes. These fatty deposits are seen in waste water applications, in abattoirs and water applications with oil residuals. During the cleaning process, the surface of the electrodes get warmer, which tends to soften grease particles and the gas bubbles generated mechanically lift deposits away from the surface of the electrodes.

DC-cleaning



DC-cleaning is used to eliminate electrically conductive deposits in the measuring pipe influencing the measuring accuracy.

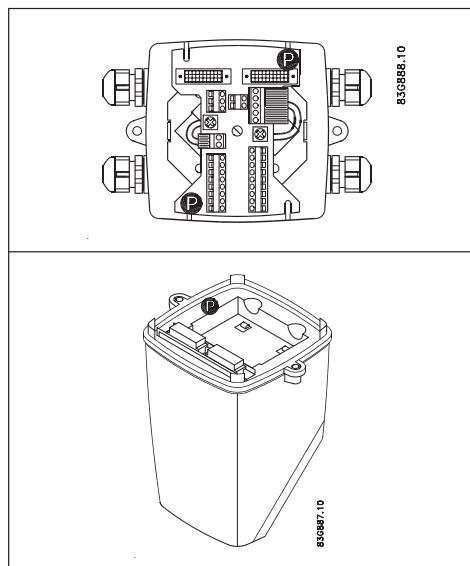
Particularly in district heating applications an electrically conductive deposit (magnetite) may occur and short-circuit the electrode signal. In this case the accuracy of the meter decreases and the signal/noise conditions of the meter become inferior. The problem only arises if the conductivity of the water is less than approx. 250 µS/cm.

During DC-cleaning, electrolysis takes place where the flow of electrons removes the particle deposits from the electrode area.

Note

Do **not** use DC-cleaning on sensors with tantalum electrodes.

3.5 Custody transfer ap- proval



A transmitter can be supplied in a version tested and approved for custody transfer (CT). The internal counter can accordingly be used for charging.

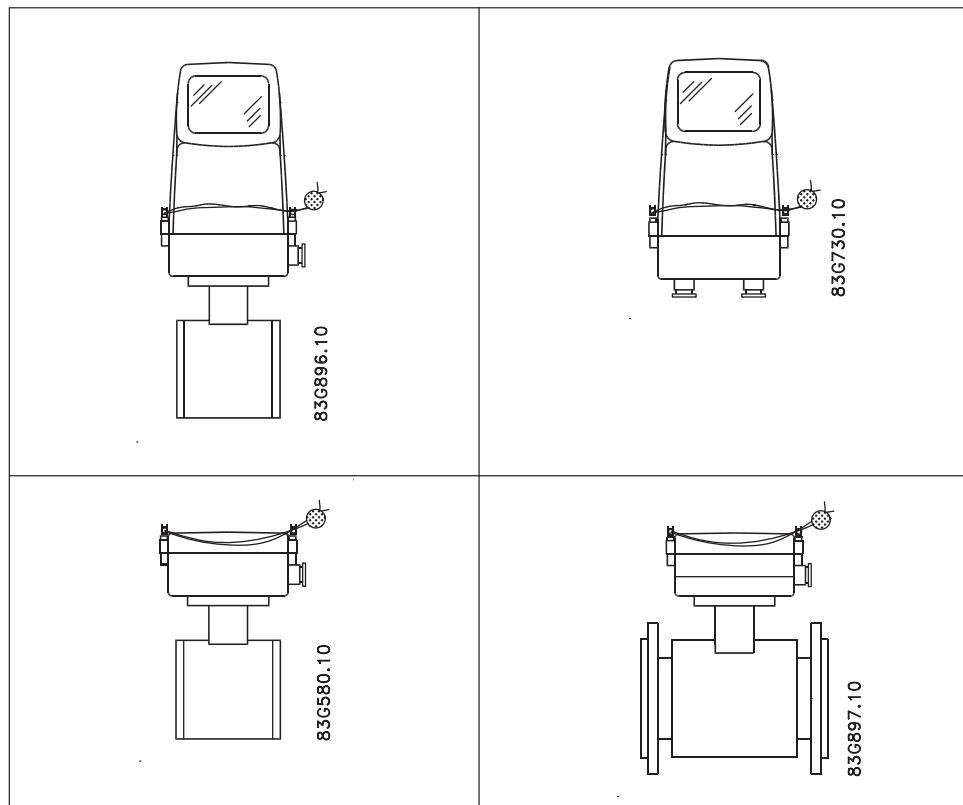
This requires verification, sealing and setting of the transmitter together with the sensor for a specific flow range. After sealing the data on the transmitter must not be changed.

The sealing of the transmitter is done by placing sealing marks on the transmitter and on the connection plate in the terminal box.

3.6 Transmitter MAG 5000 CT, MAG 6000 CT

Sealing

The final sealing should be carried out as shown:



MAG 6000 CT is installed like a standard MAG 6000 except for the final sealing. Calibration sealing has been carried out at calibration.

3.7 Ex survey according to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)

as an example:

II	2G	E	Ex	ia	IIB	T3-T6
----	----	---	----	----	-----	-------

Instrument groups

I	Applies to instruments used in underground mining operations, as well as their above ground operations, which can be endangered by mine gas and/or flammable dusts.
II	Applies to instruments used in the remaining areas which can be endangered by a potentially explosive atmosphere.

Instrument category

Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)		<i>Definition</i>
<i>Labeling with gases</i>	<i>Labeling with dusts</i>	
1G (0)	1D (20)	Instruments of this category are for use in areas where ignitable atmospheres, caused by a mixture of air and gasses, vapours or mists or by dust/air mixtures, can exist all of the time or for long periods of time or else frequently.
2G (1)	2D (21)	Instruments of this category are for use in areas where ignitable atmospheres caused, by a mixture of air and gasses, vapours or mists or by dust/air mixtures, can exist some of the time.
3G (2)	3D (22)	Instruments of this category are for use in areas where ignitable atmospheres, caused by a mixture of air and gasses, vapours or mists or by dust/air mixtures, are not likely to exist. However, if they do occur then in all probability, only seldom or for short periods of time.

(The figures in brackets refer to IEC)

Built according to European norm = E

Explosion protected electrical equipment = Ex

Ex protection labelling in square brackets refers to "Associated electrical equipment"

Type of protection

o	Oil encapsulated	i	Intrinsic safety (ia, ib)
p	Pressurized apparatus	n	Non-incentive equipment
q	Powder filling	m	Encapsulation
d	Flameproof enclosure	s	Special protection
e	Increased safety		

Explosion groups

<i>Gases and vapours (examples)</i>	<i>Minimum ignition energy [mJ]</i>	<i>EN/IEC</i>
• Ammonia	-	IIA
• Acetone, aircraft fuel, benzine, crude oil, diesel oil, ethane, ethanoic acid, ether, gasolines, heating oil, hexane, methane, propane	0.18	IIA
• Ethylene, isoprene, town gas	0.06	IIB
• Acetylene, carbon disulphide, hydrogen	0.02	IIC

Ignition temperature

<i>Maximum surface temperature</i>	<i>EN / IEC</i>
450°C	842°F T1
300°C	572°F T2
200°C	392°F T3
135°C	275°F T4
100°C	212°F T5
85°C	185°F T6

3.8 Approvals

SITRANS F M MAGFLO® sensors carry the following approvals

MAG 1100 Ex for mounting in Ex areas

DN 6 - DN 100

EEx [ia] [ib] IIB T4...T6, II 2 (1)(2)
SIRA 03 ATEX 1423X CE 0518

Temperature ratings are as follows:

T4 (max. surface < 135°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 117°C
T5 (max. surface < 100°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 82°C
T6 (max. surface < 85°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 67°C
For an ambient temperature of -20°C to + 50°C

MAG 3100 Ex for mounting in Ex areas

DN 15 - DN 300

EEx-d [ia] [ib] IIB T4...T6, II 2 (1)(2)
SIRA 03 ATEX 1442X CE 0518

Temperature ratings are as follows*):

T4 (max. surface < 135°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 120°C
T5 (max. surface < 100°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 87°C
T6 (max. surface < 85°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 72°C
For an ambient temperature of -20°C to +50°C

DN 350 - DN 2000

EEx e ia IIC T3...T6, II 2 GD IP 65 T(**) °C
SIRA 03 ATEX 3339X CE 0518

where (*) represents the pipeline temperature + 5K for the purposes of the dust approval

Temperature ratings are as follows*):

T3 (max. surface < 200°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 190°C
T4 (max. surface < 135°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 125°C
T5 (max. surface < 100°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 90°C
T6 (max. surface < 85°C) for liquid temperatures lower than 75°C
For an ambient temperature of -20°C to +40°C

MAG 6000 & safety barriers carry the following approvals

For use with **MAG 1100 Ex (all sizes)** and **MAG 3100 Ex sizes DN 15 - DN 300** for mounting in the safe area

[EEx ia ib] IIB, II 2 G
DEMKO 03 ATEX 135255X CE539

For use with **MAG 3100 Ex sizes DN 350 - DN 2000**, for mounting in the safe area

[EEx ia] IIC, II 2 G
DEMKO 03 ATEX 135254X CE539

***) Note**

Temperature ratings may be limited by the lining selected, see section 4.2.2.

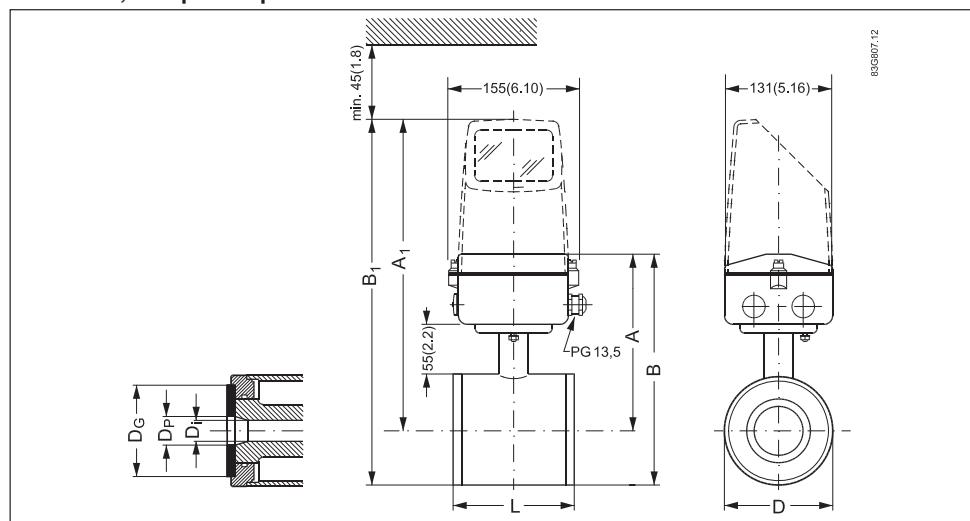
4. Dimensions and weight

4.1 Sensor MAG 1100



D & W

MAG 1100, compact/separate



DN	A ¹⁾ [mm]	B ¹⁾ [mm]	A ₁ [mm]	B ₁ [mm]	D [mm]	D _i ²⁾ [mm]	D _i (PFA) [mm]	D _p [mm]	D _G [mm]	Weight ³⁾ [kg]
2	161	186	314	339	48.3	2	N/A	17.3	34	2.2
3	161	186	314	339	48.3	3	N/A	17.3	34	2.2
6	161	186	314	339	48.3	6	N/A	17.3	34	2.2
10	161	186	314	339	48.3	10	10	13.6	34	2.2
15	161	186	314	339	48.3	15	16	17.3	40	2.2
25	169	201	322	354	63.4	25	26	28.5	56	2.7
40	181	223	334	376	84.0	40	38	43.4	75	3.4
50	189	240	342	393	101.6	50	50	54.5	90	4.2
65	199	259	352	412	120.0	65	66	68.0	112	5.5
80	205	271	358	424	133.0	80	81	82.5	124	7.0
100	218	297	371	450	159.0	100	100	107.1	145	10.0

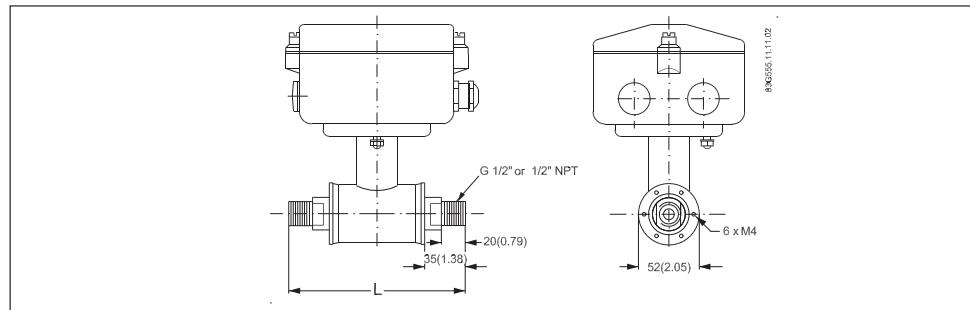
1) 13 mm shorter when the AISI terminal box is used. (Ex and high temperature 200°C).

2) DN 2-3 Zirconium (ZrO_2), DN 6-100 Ceramic (Al_2O_3)

3) With transmitter MAG 5000 or MAG 6000 installed, weight is increased by approx. 0.8 kg.

The total built-in length "L" [mm] before assembling depends on the gasket selected.

DN	EPDM	Graphite	PTFE(Teflon)	Without gasket	Earthing ring
2 - 10	64	66	70	64	77
15	65	66	70	64	77
25	80	81	85	79	92
40	95	96	100	94	107
50	105	106	110	104	117
65	130	131	135	129	142
80	155	156	160	154	167
100	185	186	190	184	197



The MAG 1100 DN 2 to DN 10 are prepared for assembly with the 1/2" pipe connection.

The length "L" varies dependent on the gasket choice:

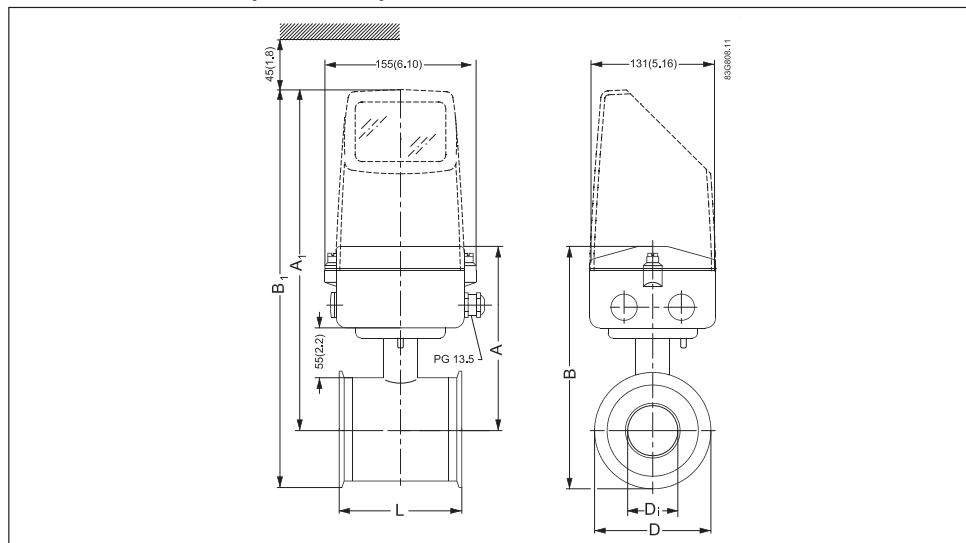
	Without gasket	EPDM	Graphite	Teflon
L [mm]	150	150	152	156

4.2

Sensor MAG 1100 FOOD



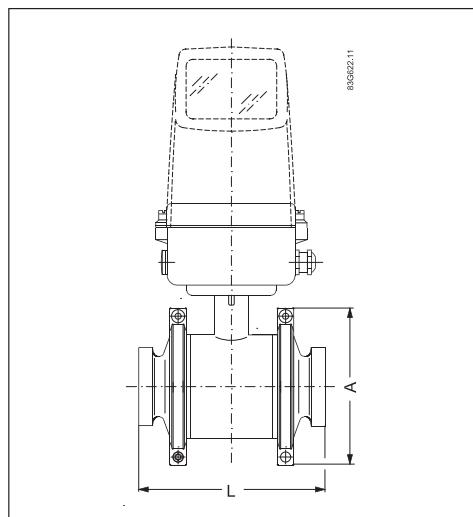
MAG 1100 FOOD, compact and separate



DN	L [mm]	A ¹⁾ [mm]	A ₁ [mm]	B ¹⁾ [mm]	B ₁ [mm]	D [mm]	D ₁ (Al ₂ O ₃) [mm]	D ₁ (PFA) [mm]	Weight ²⁾ [kg]
10	64	161	305	193.0	346.0	64.0	10	10	2.2
15	64	161	314	193.0	346.0	64.0	15	16	2.2
25	79	169	322	207.8	360.8	77.5	25	26	2.7
40	94	181	334	226.5	379.5	91.0	40	38	3.4
50	104	189	342	248.5	401.5	119.0	50	50	4.2
65	131	199	352	264.0	417.0	130.0	65	66	5.5
80	156	205	358	282.5	435.5	155.0	80	81	7.0
100	186	218	371	309.5	462.5	183.0	100	100	10.0

¹⁾ 13 mm shorter when the AISI terminal box is used. (Ex and high temperature 200°C).

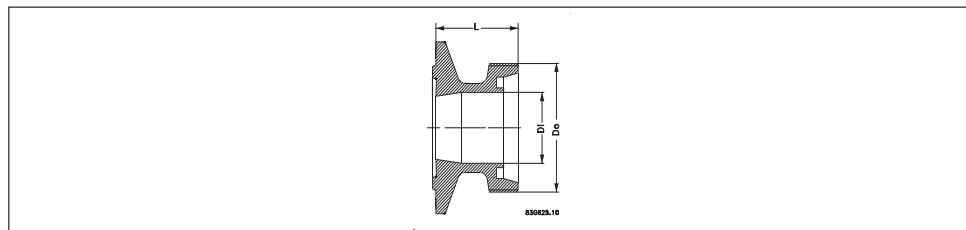
²⁾ With transmitter MAG 5000 or MAG 6000 installed, weight is increased by approx. 0.8 kg.

Built-in length

DN	A [mm]	L ¹⁾ [mm]
10	99	146
15	99	146
25	113	161
40	126	176
50	154	186
65	165	223
80	200	258
100	225	288

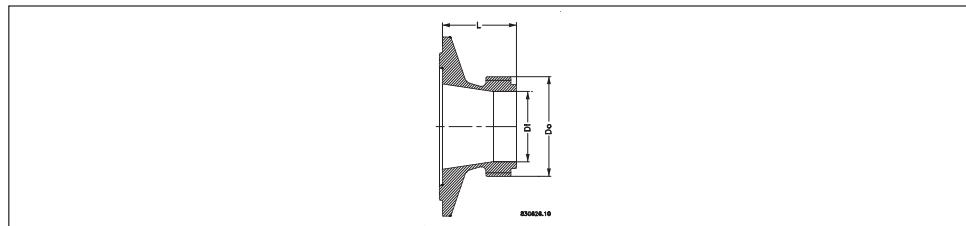
¹⁾ The total built-in length "L" is independent of the adapter type selected.

Accessories
MAG 1100 FOOD
(continued)

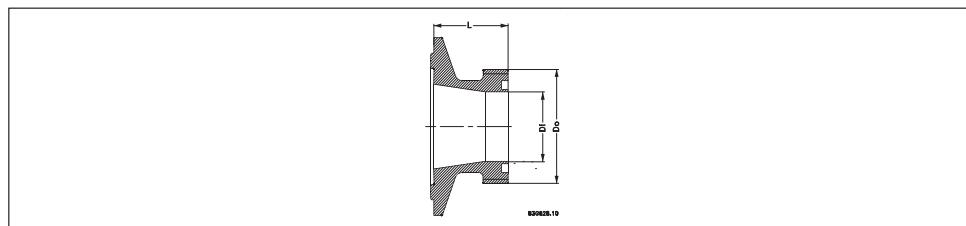


Adapter DN [mm]	Sensor DN [mm]	L [mm]	Threaded type DIN 11851	
			Di [mm]	Do [mm]
10	10	40	10.0	28.0
15	15	40	16.0	34.0
20	15	40	20.0	44.0
25	25	40	26.0	52.0
32	25	40	32.0	58.0
40	40	40	38.0	65.0
50	50	40	50.0	78.0
65	65	45	66.0	95.0
80	80	50	81.0	110.0
100	100	50	100.0	130.0

D & W



Adapter DN [mm]	Sensor DN [mm]	L [mm]	Threaded type			
			ISO 2853		SS 3351	
			Di [mm]	Do [mm]	Di [mm]	Do [mm]
25	25	40	22.6	37.0	22.6	37.0
38	40	40	35.6	51.0	35.6	51.0
51	50	40	48.6	64.0	48.6	64.0
63.5	65	45	60.3	78.0	60.3	78.0
76.1	80	50	72.9	91.0	72.9	91.0
101.6	100	50	-	-	-	97.6
101.6	100	50	97.6	118.0	97.6	118.0



Adapter DN [mm]	Sensor DN [mm]	L [mm]	Threaded type	
			SMS 1145	
			Di [mm]	Do [mm]
25	25	40	22.6	40.0
32	25	40	29.6	48.0
38	40	40	35.6	60.0
51	50	40	48.6	70.0
63.5	65	45	60.3	85.0
76	65	45	72.0	98.0

Earthing/protection flange

DN	t ₁ [mm]	t ₂ [mm]	Weight [kg]
25-250	1.2	15	0.03-0.4
300-600	1.6	20	0.6-2.6
700-1200	2.0	25	3-5
1400-2000	3.0	40	9-16

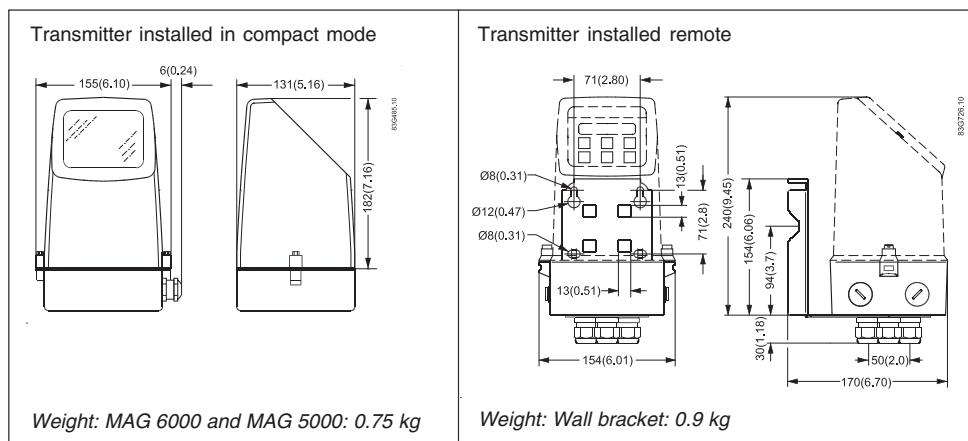
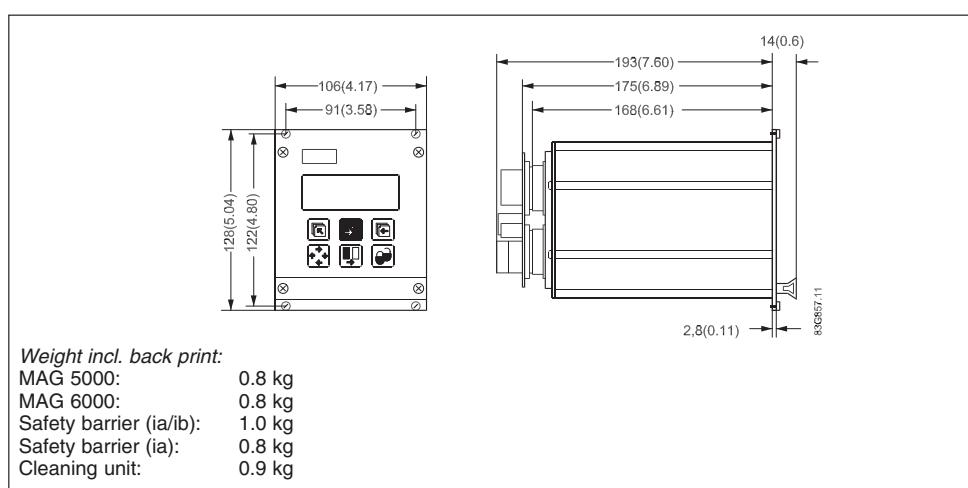
DN	t ₁ [mm]	Weight [kg]
15	6	0.07
25-150	6	0.3-1.4
200-350	8	1.7-4.1
400-600	10	6.5-13.0

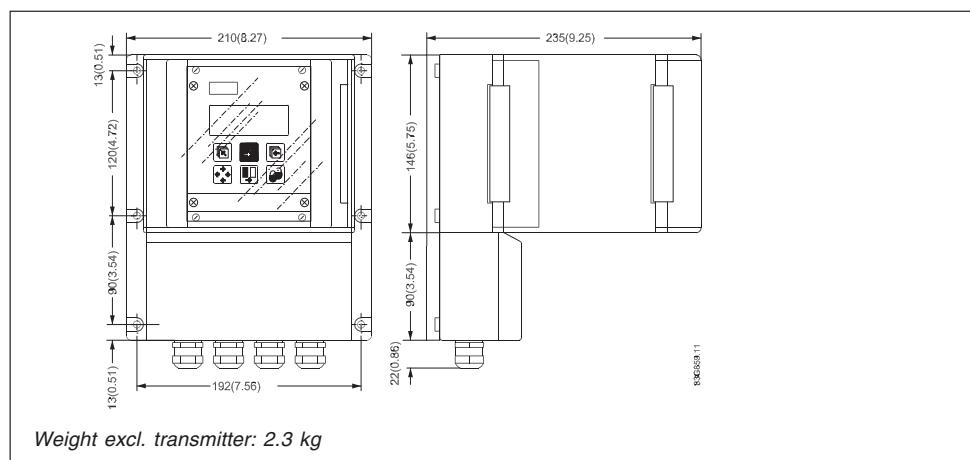
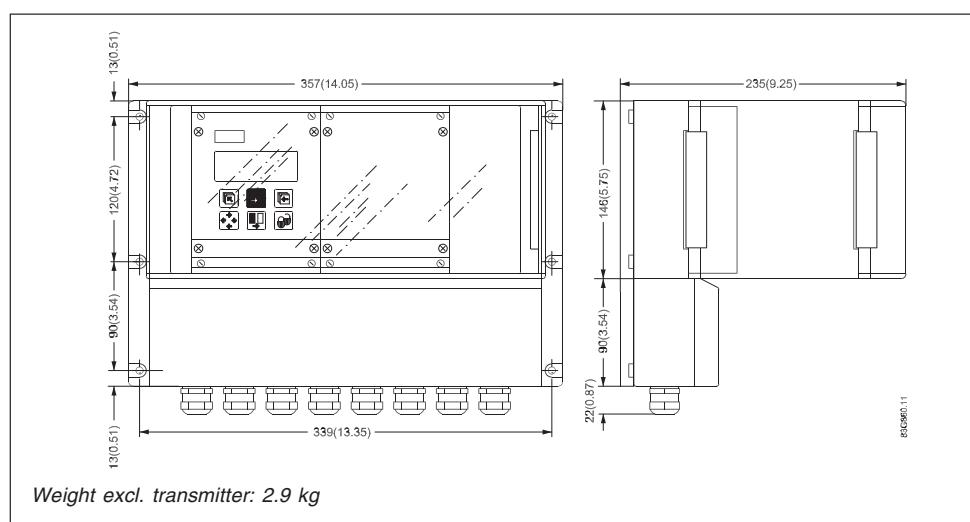
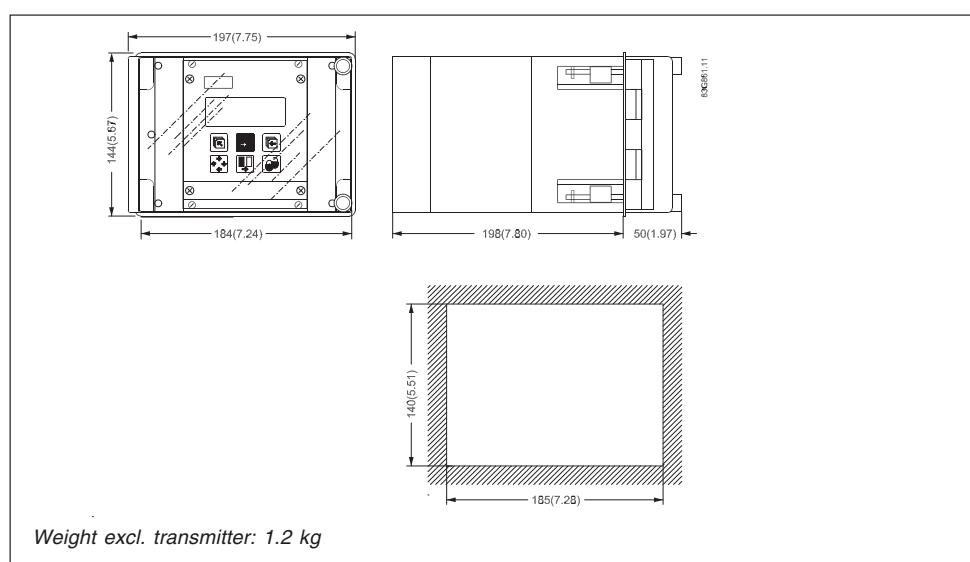
Type C flanges for liners of neoprene, EPDM, Linatex® and ebonite.
Type E flanges for liners of PTFE.

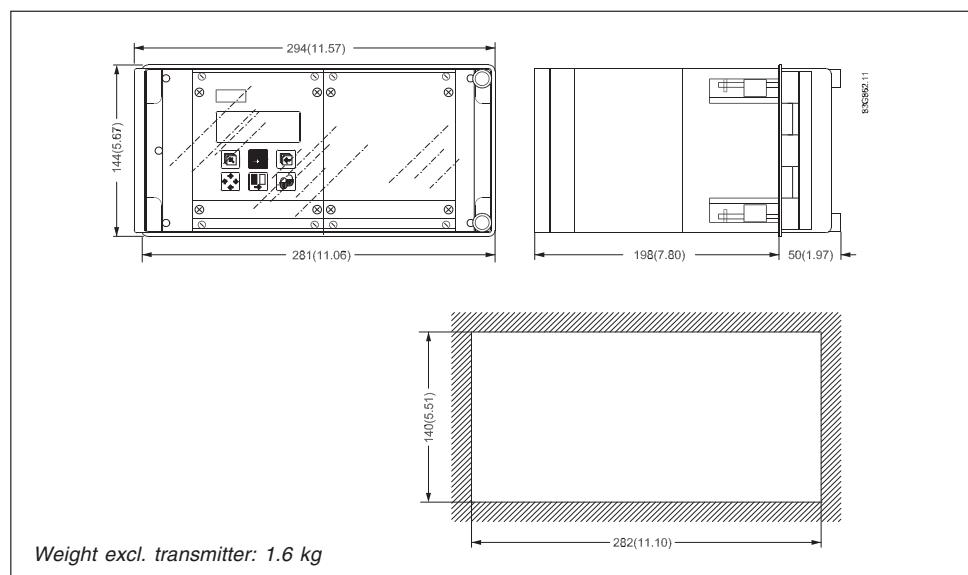
Note

MAG 3100 high temperature (PTFE) is always equipped with 2 pcs. type E earthing flanges.

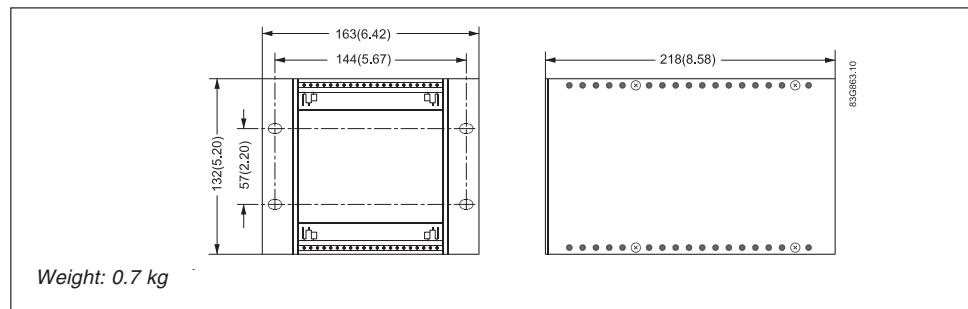
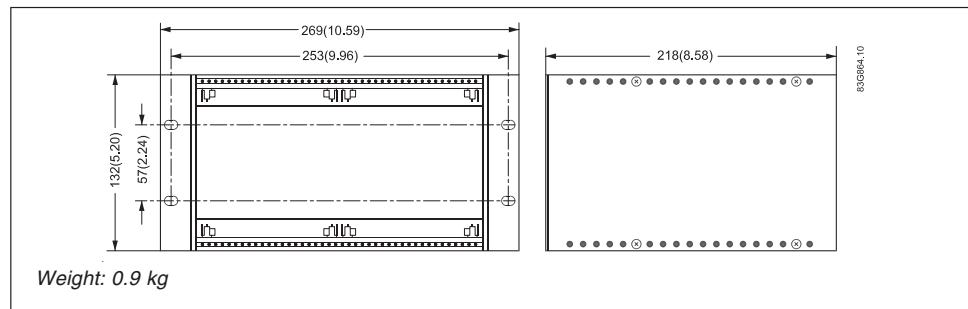
4.5 Transmitter

Compact polyamide***19"insert, standard unit***

Wall mounting box 21 TE**Wall mounting box 42 TE****Panel front unit 21 TE**

Panel front unit 42 TE

D & W

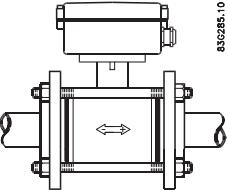
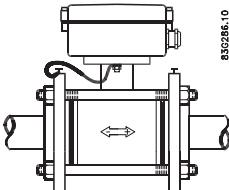
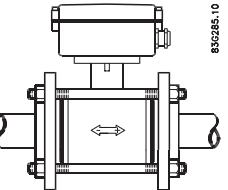
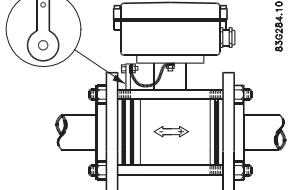
Back of panel unit 21 TE**Back of panel unit 42 TE**

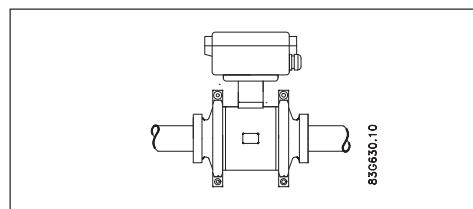
5. Installation of sensor

5.1 Potential equalization

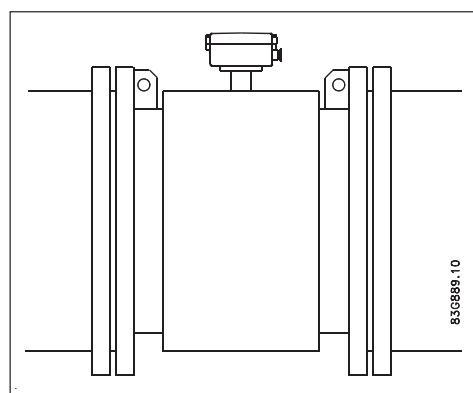
MAG 1100

Sensor

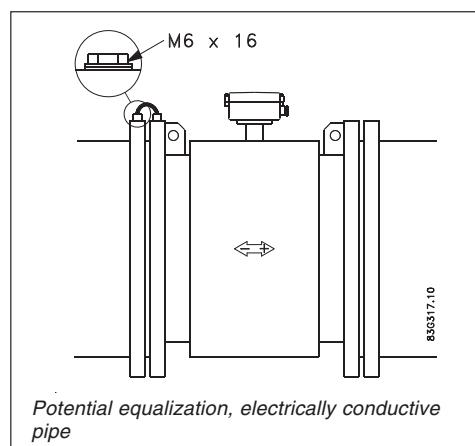
	Graphite gaskets	EPDM or PTFE gaskets
Electrically conductive piping	 A: Potential equalization with electrically conductive graphite gaskets	 B: Potential equalization using earth strap supplied.
Electrically non-conductive piping	 C: Potential equalization with electrically conductive graphite gaskets	 D: Potential equalization using separate potential equalization ring

MAG 1100 FOOD

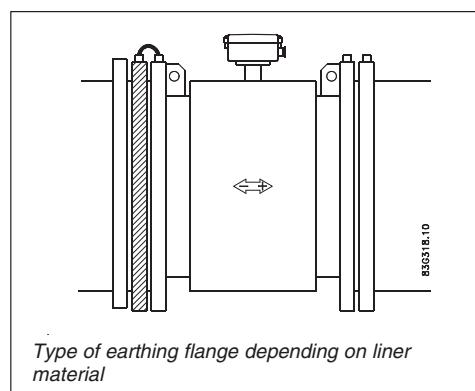
The sensor must be installed between two adapters. Potential equalization with the liquid occurs automatically via these adapters and through the adjacent pipe.

MAG 3100 W / MAG 3100 (except PTFE liner)

Potential equalization is carried out with the built-in earthing electrodes. No further action need to be taken.

**MAG 3100
(PTFE liner)**

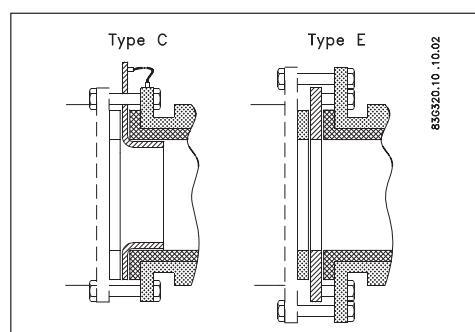
Electrically conductive piping
Use an earth straps on one side.



Non-conductive piping
Use an earthing flange. Place the flange between flowmeter and the adjacent pipe flange.
Selection of earthing flange depends on the medium, liner material and application, see figure.

Liner material	Suitable earthing flange
PTFE	Type E

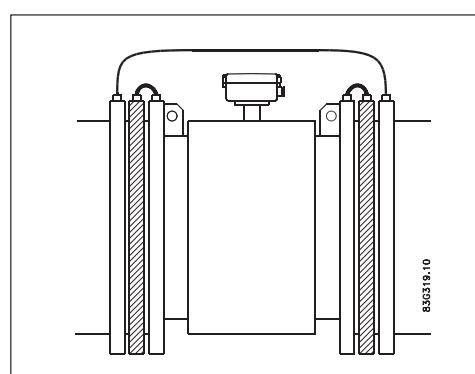
Sensor

**5.2
Inlet protection MAG 3100**

With abrasive liquids, flowmeter inlet protection may be necessary. Here type C and E earthing flanges are used.

Type C (for all liners except PTFE) is clamped between the flanges.

Type E (for PTFE liner only) is fitted to the flange.
When using an earthing flange, gaskets must always be used between the adjacent pipe flange and the earthing flange.

**5.3
Cathodic protected piping**

Special attention must be given to systems with cathodic protection.

Compact installation:

The transmitter must be supplied through an isolation transformer. The terminal "PE" must never be connected.

Remote installation:

The screen must only be connected at the sensor end via a 1.5 μ F condensator. The screen must never be connected at both ends.

Isolated sensor:

If above mentioned connections are unacceptable, the sensor must be isolated from the pipe work.

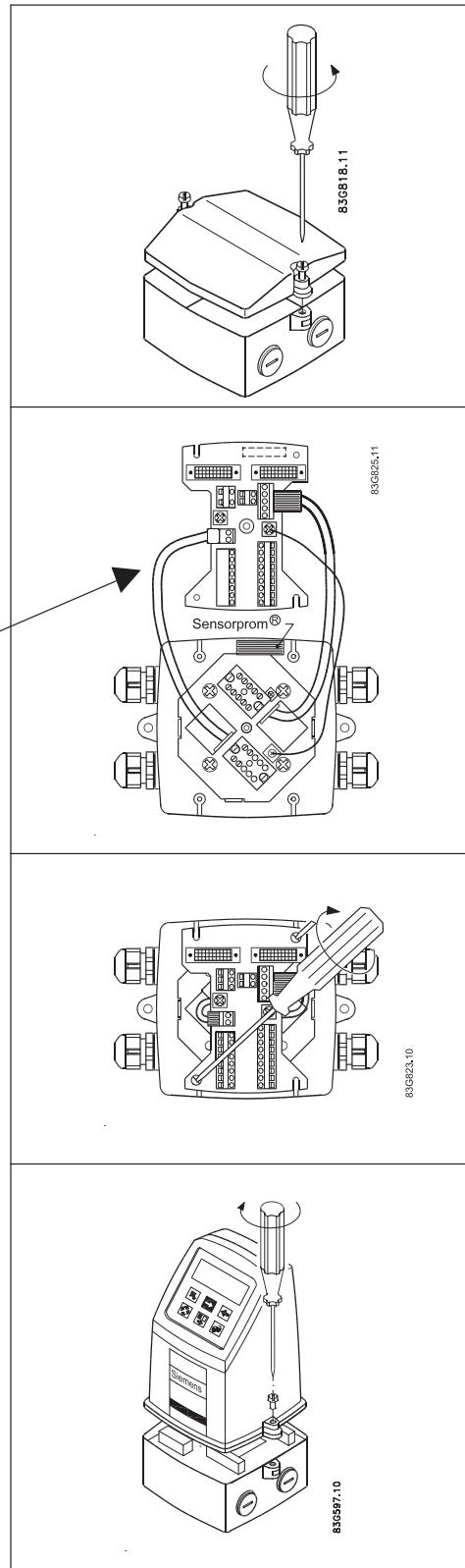
6. Installation of transmitter

6.1 Compact installation MAG 5000 and MAG 6000

Compact polyamide

Note
System will not register flow if black plugs are not connected to connection board

Caution
Exposing the transmitter to direct sunlight may increase the operating temperature above its specified limit, and decrease display visibility



Step 1

Remove and discard the terminal box lid of the sensor.

Fit the PG 13.5 cable glands for the supply and output cables.

Step 2

Remove the two black plug assemblies for coil and electrode cables in the terminal box and connect them to their corresponding terminal numbers on the connection board.

Step 3

Connect an earth wire between PE on connection board and bottom of connection box. Connect the 2 pin connector and 3 pin connector as shown.

Note

In earlier version the 3 pin connector was a 5 pin connector.

Step 4

Mount the connection plate in the terminal box. The SENSORPROM® unit connections will be established automatically when the connection plate is mounted in the terminal box.

Note

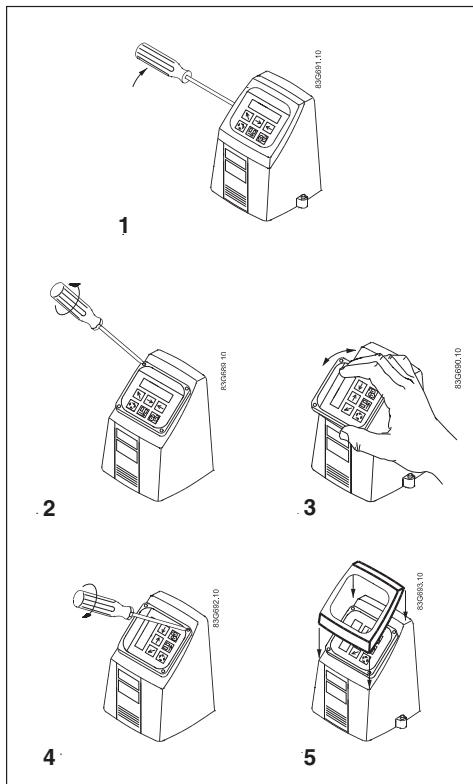
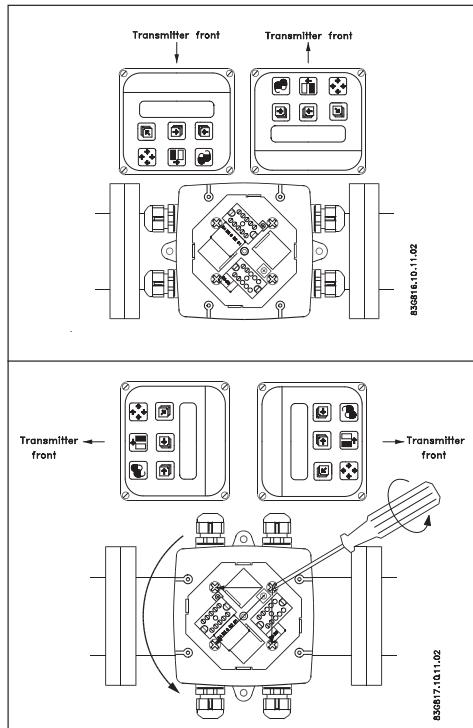
Check that your connection board lines up with the SENSORPROM® unit, if not, move the SENSORPROM® unit to the other side of the terminal box.

Step 5

Fit the supply and output cables respectively and tighten the cable glands to obtain optimum sealing.

Please refer to the wiring diagram in chapter 7 for the electrical connections.

Mount the transmitter on the terminal box.

Turning the control pad***Turning the transmitter***

1. Use a screw driver to remove the outer frame.
2. Loosen the 4 screws retaining the control pad.
3. Withdraw the control pad and turn it to the required orientation.
4. Tighten the 4 screws until a mechanical stop is felt in order to obtain IP 67 enclosure rating.
5. Snap-lock the outer frame onto the control pad (click).

The transmitter can be mounted in either direction as the arrow indicates without turning the terminal box.

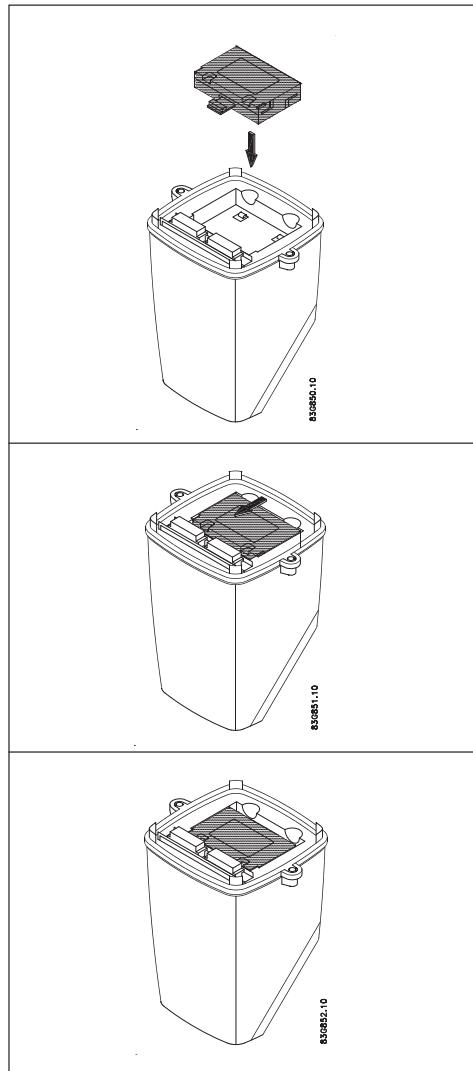
Installation of transmitter

The terminal box can be rotated $\pm 90^\circ$ in order to optimize the viewing angle of the transmitter display/keypad:
Unscrew the four screws in the bottom of the terminal box. Turn the terminal box to the required position and retighten the screws firmly.

6.2.1

Add-on modules
MAG 6000 only

Installation of transmitter



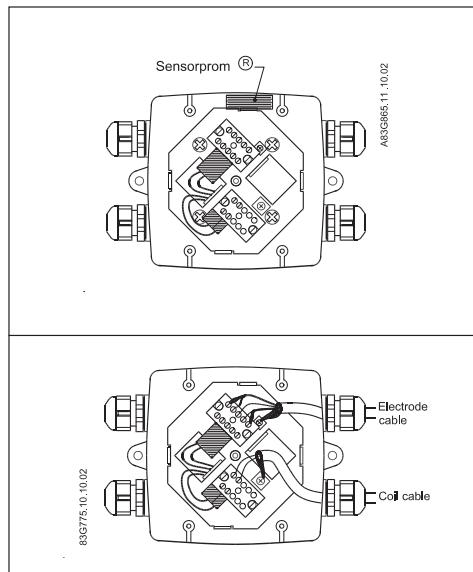
Locate the add-on module in the bottom of the MAG 6000 transmitter.

Press the add-on module forwards as far as possible.

The add-on module has now been installed and the transmitter is ready to be installed on the terminal box.

Communication to the operator menu and electrically inputs and outputs is automatically established by power on.

6.2.2

Remote installation -
At the sensor

Remove the SENSORPROM® unit from the sensor and mount it on the connection plate in the transmitter.

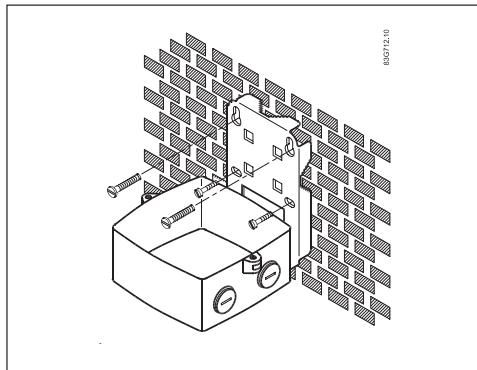
Fit and connect the electrode and coil cables as shown in chapter 7 "Electrical connections". The unscreened cable ends must be kept as short as possible.

The electrode cable and the coil cable must be kept separate to prevent interference. Tighten the cable glands well to obtain optimum sealing.

6.2.3

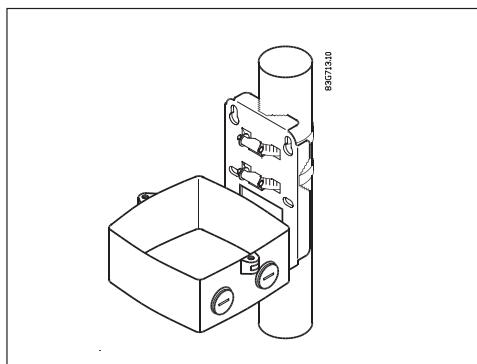
Remote installation -
Wall mounting

MAG 6000



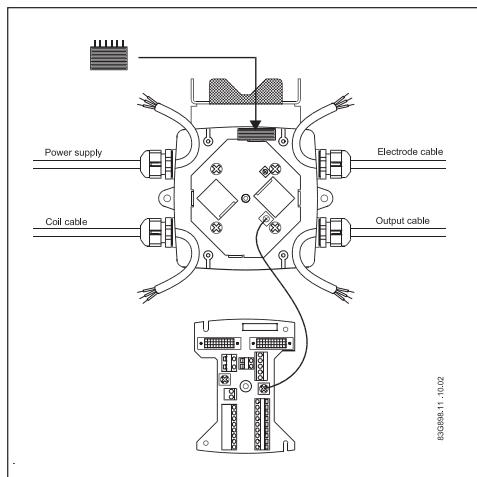
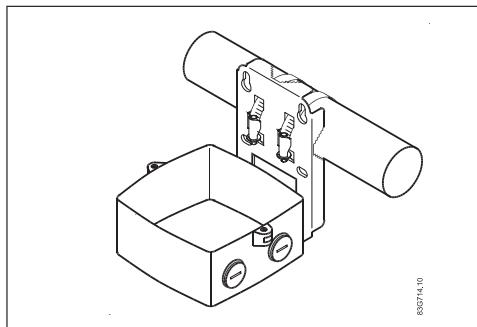
Mount wall bracket on a wall or into the back of a panel.

Vertical pipe mounting



Mount wall bracket on a vertical or horizontal pipe using an ordinary hose clip or a duct strap.

Horizontal pipe mounting



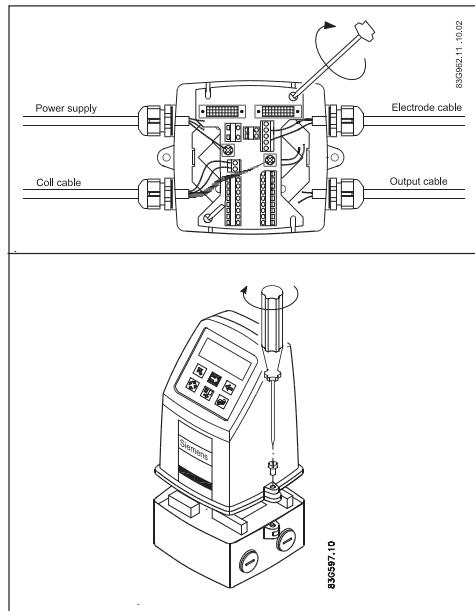
Take the SENSORPROM® memory unit from the sensor. Mount the SENSORPROM® unit in the wall mounting unit as shown. The text on the SENSORPROM® unit **must** face towards the wall bracket.

Mount an earth wire between PE on connection board and bottom of connection box.

6.2.3

Remote installation -
Wall mounting
(continued)
Caution

Exposing the transmitter to direct sunlight may increase the operating temperature above its specified limit, and decrease display visibility.



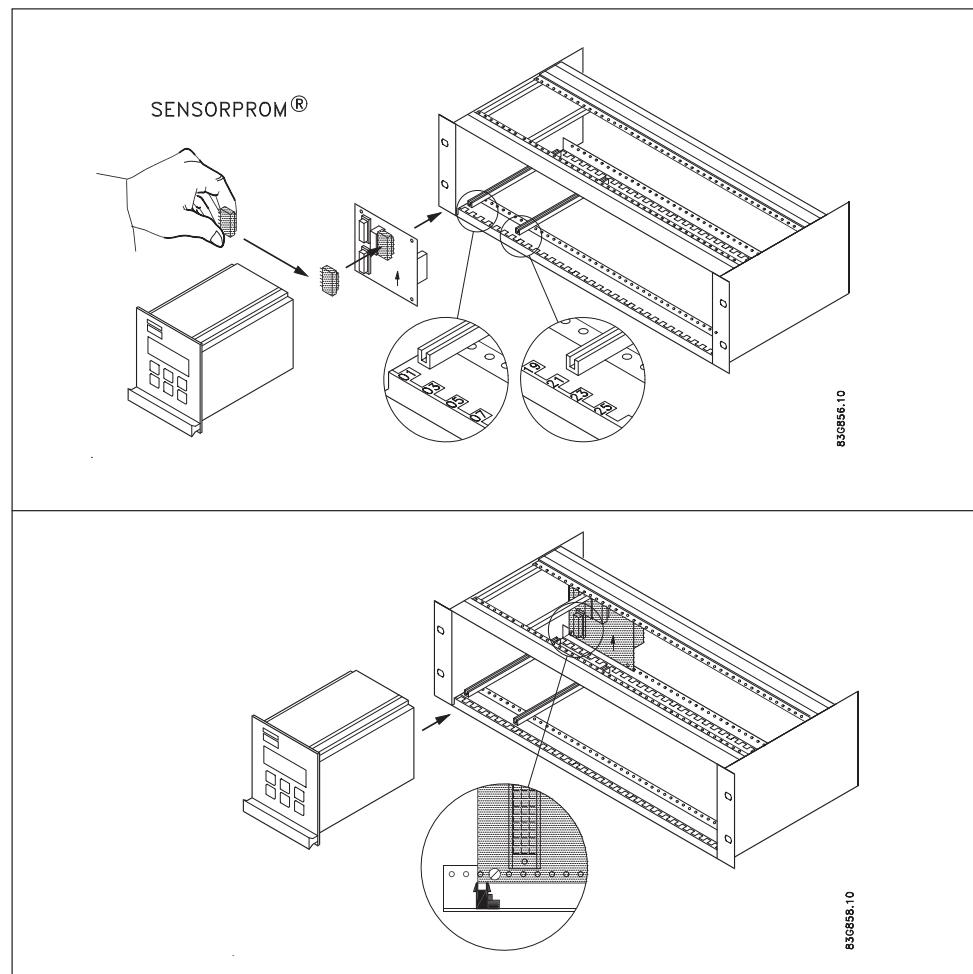
Mount the connection plate in the terminal box. Fix the connection plate with the two diagonal opposite screws.

Fit the coil, electrode, supply and output cables respectively and tighten the cable glands to obtain optimum sealing. Please see the wiring diagram in "Electrical connections".

Mount the transmitter on the terminal box.

**Attention**

When remote mounted, power supply PE wire must be connected to PE terminal.
 Coil cable shield must be connected to SHIELD terminal.
 Use the supplied insulating tube to insulate the core shield.

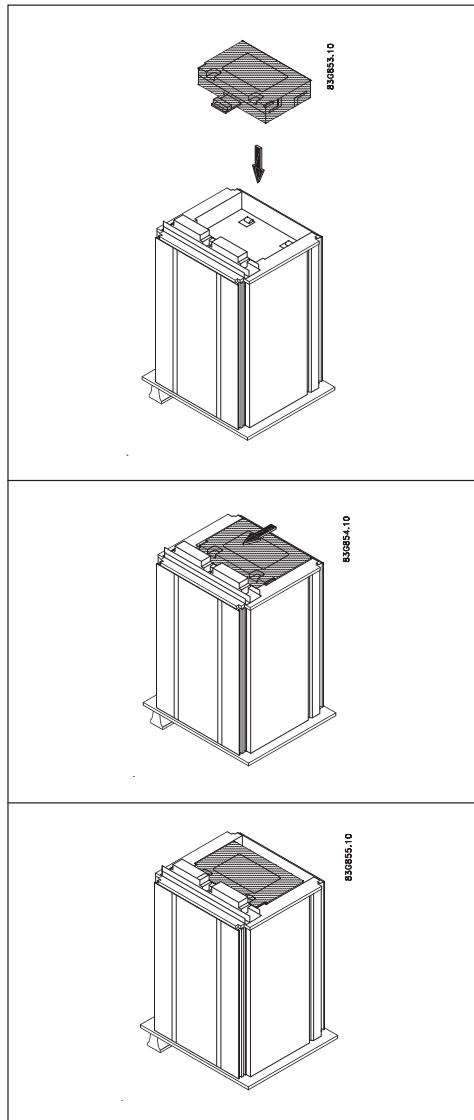
6.2.4**Remote installation -****Transmitter in 19" insert**

1. Fit the SENSORPROM® memory unit on the connection board supplied with the transmitter. The SENSORPROM® unit is supplied with the sensor in the terminal box.
2. Mount the guide rails into the rack system as shown. Distance between guide rails is 20 TE. Guide rails are supplied with the rack system and not with the transmitter.
3. Mount the connection board as shown.
4. Connect the cables as shown under "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
5. Insert the transmitter into the rack system.

6.2.5

**Add-on modules
MAG 6000 only**

Installation of transmitter



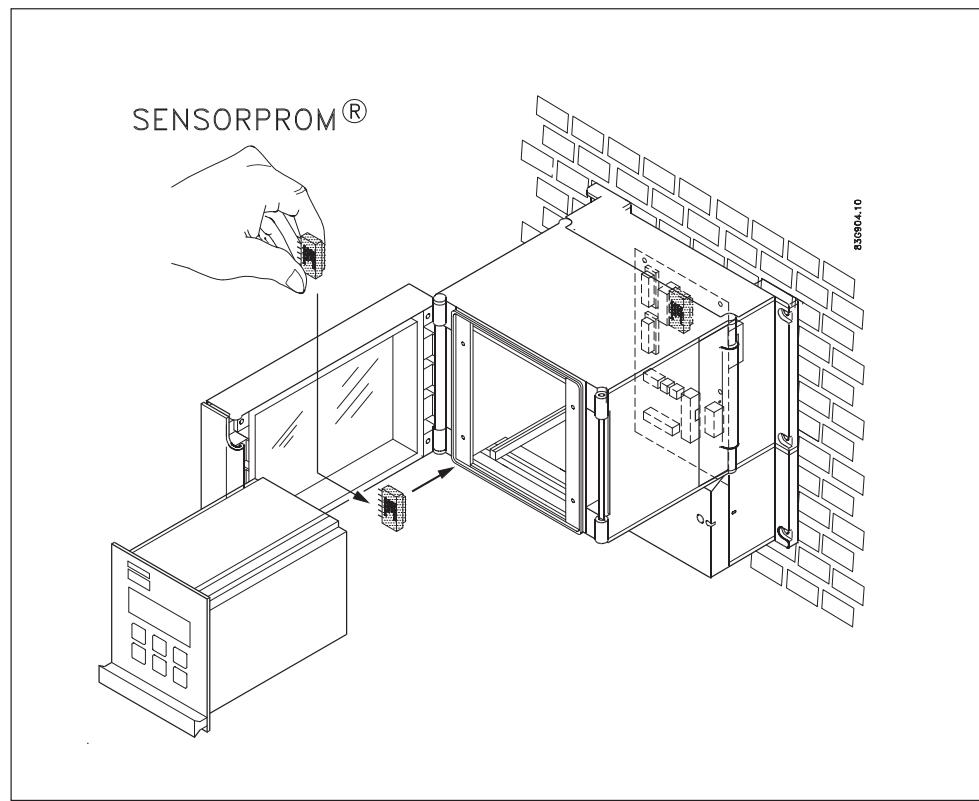
Locate the add-on module in the bottom of the MAG 6000 transmitter.

Press the add-on module forwards as far as possible.

The add-on module has now been installed and the transmitter is ready to be installed on the terminal box.

Communication to the operator menu and electrically inputs and outputs is automatically established by power on.

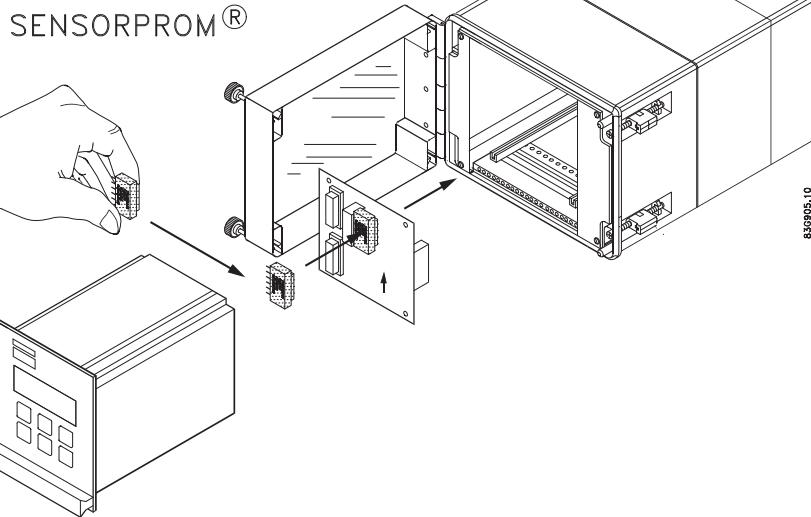
6.2.6
**Installation in IP 66 wall
mounting enclosure**



1. Mount the IP 66 enclosure on the wall with four screws.
2. Mount the SENSORPROM® memory unit on the connection board as shown.
The SENSORPROM® unit is supplied with the sensor in the terminal box. The connection board for IP 66 wall mounting boxes must be used.
3. Connect the cables to the terminals, see "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
4. Insert the transmitter and close the cover.

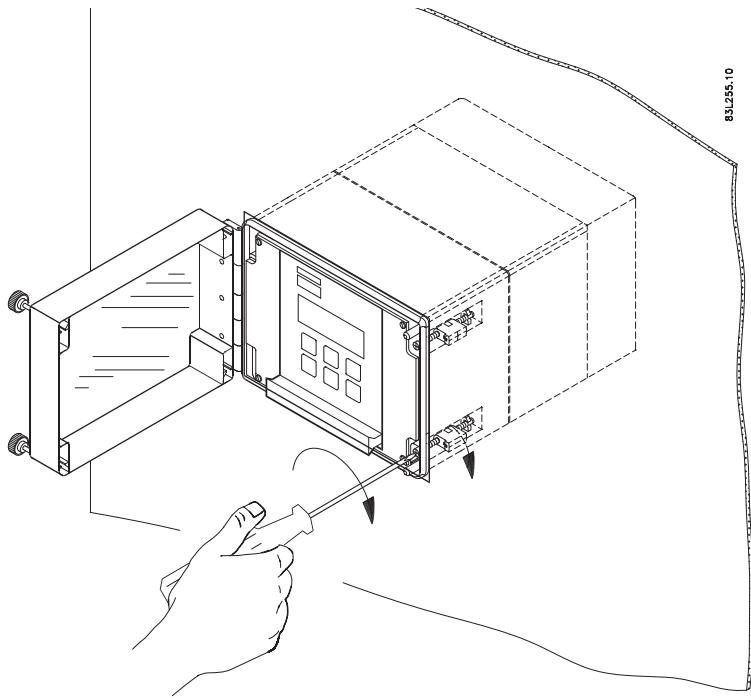
6.2.7

**Installation in IP 65 panel
mounting enclosure
(front of panel)**

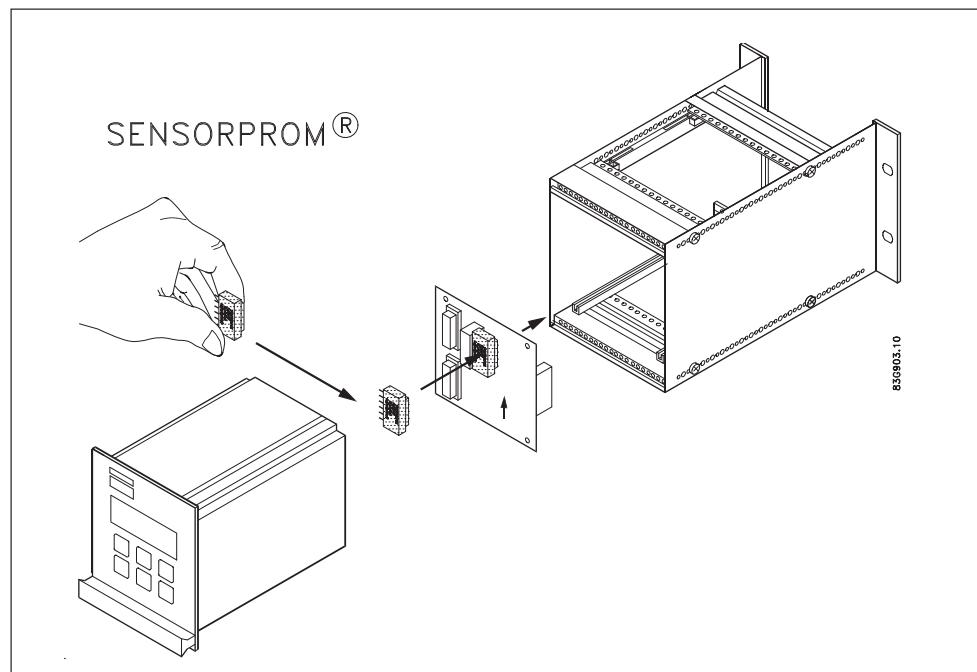


83000.10

Installation of transmitter



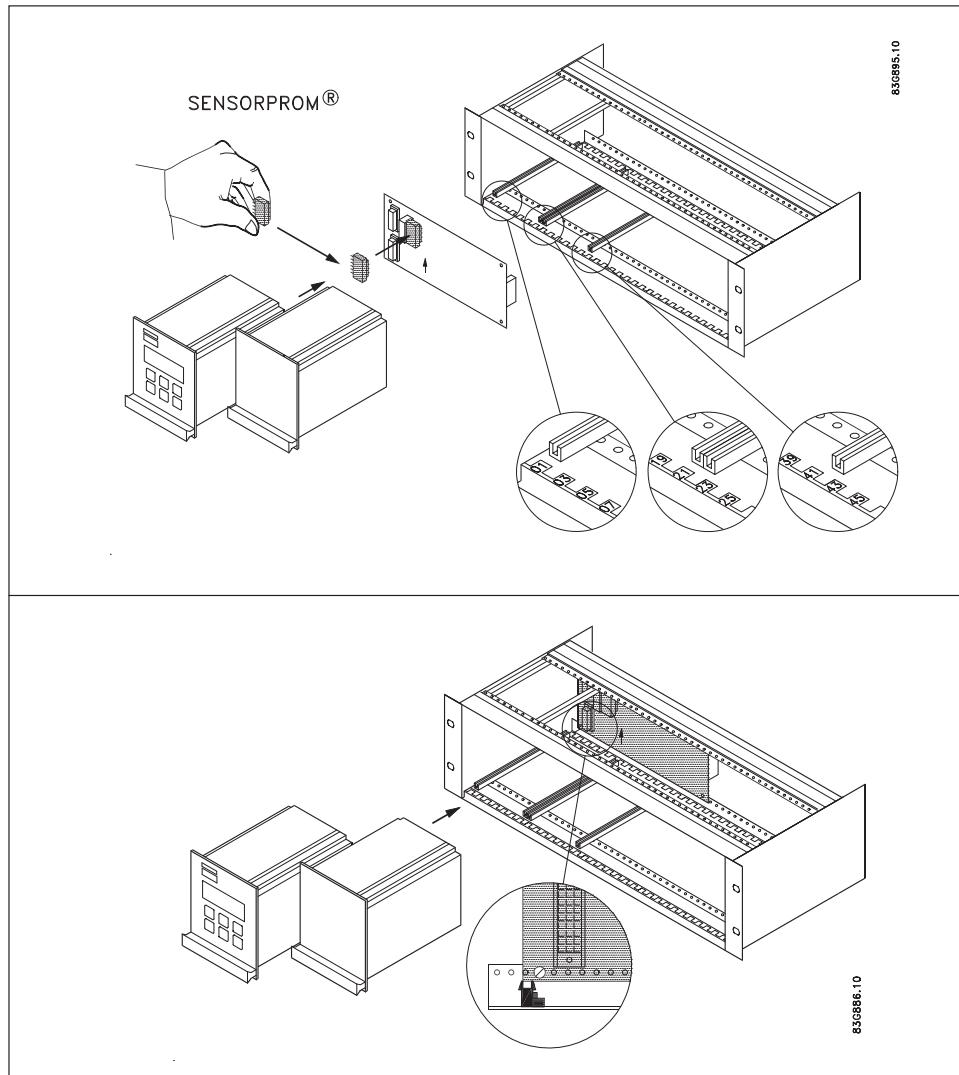
1. Mount the SENSORPROM® memory unit on the connection board as shown.
The SENSORPROM® unit is supplied with the sensor in the terminal box.
2. Fit the enclosure in a cut out at the front of a panel. Fasten the four screws accessible at the front.
3. Connect the cables as shown under "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
4. Insert the transmitter and close the cover.

6.2.8**Installation into the back
of a panel**

1. Mount the SENSORPROM® memory unit on the connection board as shown.
The SENSORPROM® unit is supplied with the sensor in the terminal box.
2. Mount the connection board into the back of the enclosure.
3. Connect the cables as shown under "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
4. Mount the enclosure into the back of a panel with four screws.
5. Insert the transmitter.

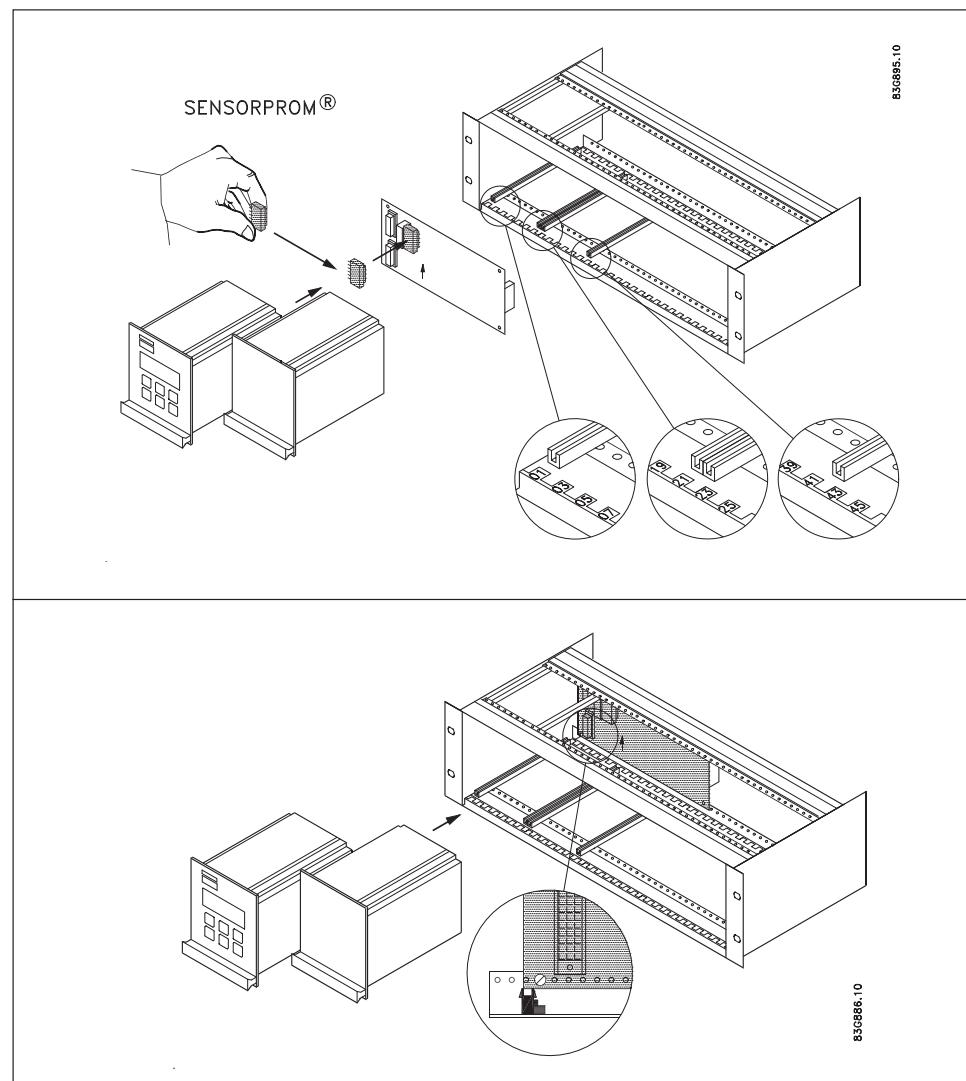
6.3 Transmitter Safety barrier

Installation of transmitter



1. Fit the SENSORPROM® memory unit on the connection board supplied with the safety barrier. The SENSORPROM® unit is delivered mounted in the terminal box of the sensor. The connection board supplied with the transmitter is not used.
2. Mount the guide rails into the rack system as shown. Distance between guide rails is 20 TE. Guide rails are supplied with the rack system and not with the transmitter.
3. Mount the connection board as shown. The mounting screw must be installed just in line with the guide rails.
4. Connect the cables as shown under "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
5. Insert the transmitter and the safety barrier into the rack system.

**6.4
Transmitter
Cleaning unit**



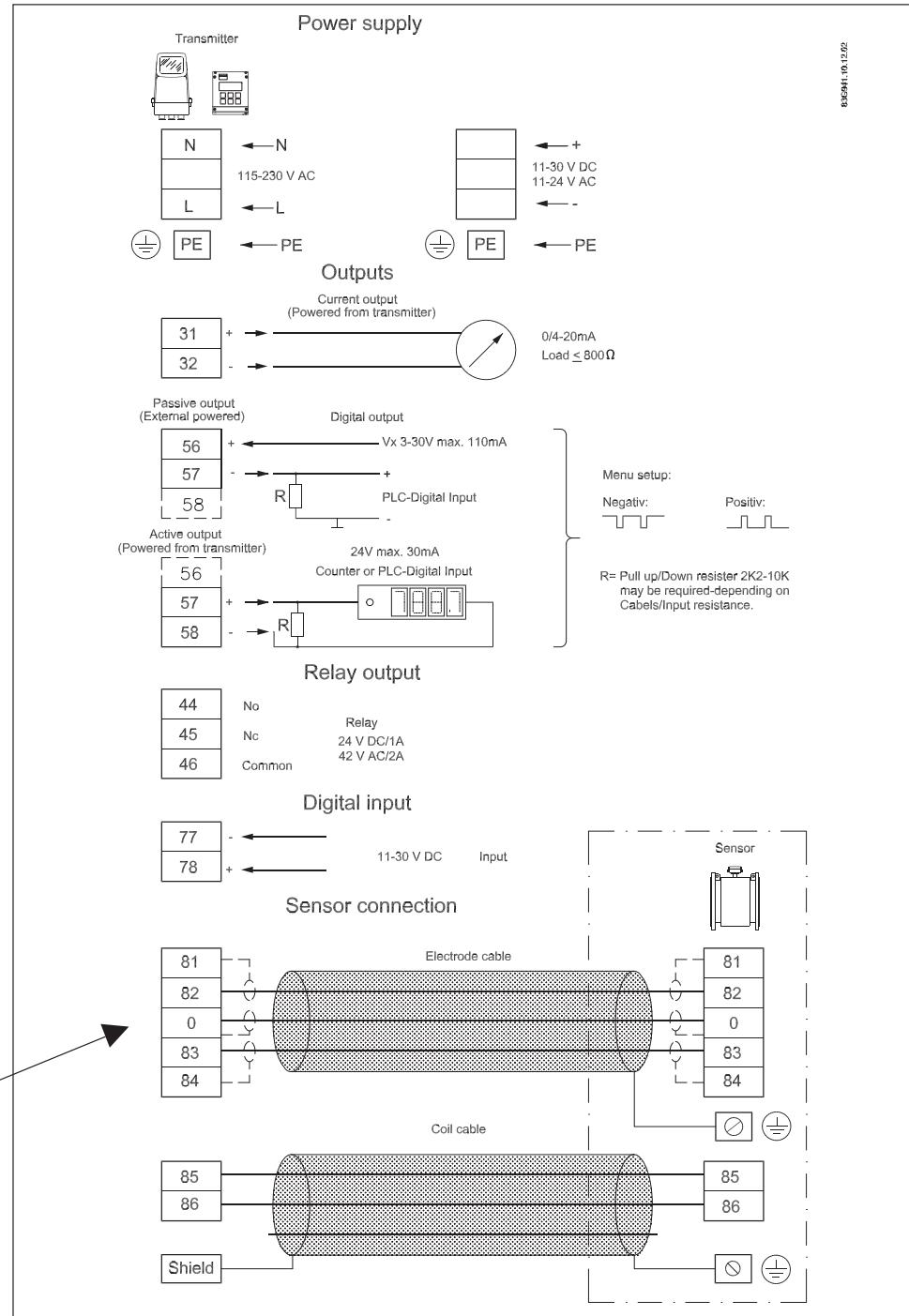
Installation of transmitter

1. Fit the SENSOPROM® memory unit on the connection board supplied with the cleaning unit. The SENSOPROM® unit is delivered mounted in the terminal box of the sensor. The connection board supplied with the transmitter is not used.
2. Mount the guide rails into the rack system as shown. Distance between guide rails is 20 TE. Guide rails are supplied with the rack system and not with the transmitter.
3. Mount the connection board as shown. The mounting screw must be installed just in line with the guide rails.
4. Connect the cables as shown under "Electrical connection", chapter 7.
5. Select AC-cleaning or DC-cleaning mode at the switch located on the base of the cleaning unit.
6. Insert the cleaning unit and the transmitter into the rack system.

7. Electrical connection

7.1

Transmitter MAG 5000 and MAG 6000 connection diagram


Note

Special cable with individual wire shields (shown as dotted lines) are only required when using empty pipe function or long cables. (See "Technical data" chapter 2 for further details.)


**Potential Hazards
Grounding**

The mains protective earth wire must be connected to the PE terminal in accordance with the diagram (class 1 power supply).

Mechanical counters

When mounting a mechanical counter to terminals 57 and 58 (active output), a 1000 μ F capacitor must be connected to the terminals 56 and 58.

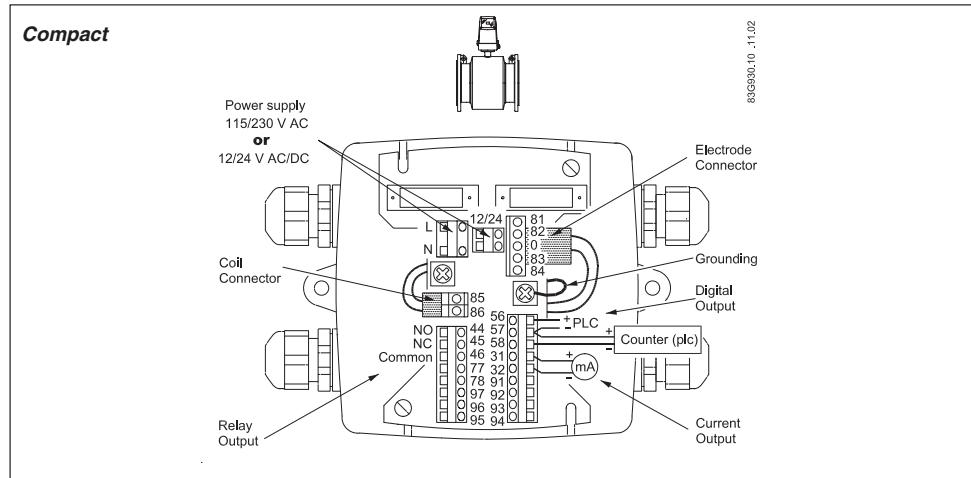
Capacitor + is connected to terminal 56 and capacitor - to terminal 58.

Output cables

If long cables in noise environment, we recommend to use screened cable.

Electrodes cables

Dotted connections only to be when using special electrode cable.

7.2**Wiring diagram for transmitter and sensor****Compact installation****Note**

Mount the grounding wire from connection box to PE to ensure sufficient grounding.

Cathodic protected piping*Compact installation:*

The transmitter must be supplied through an isolation transformer. The terminal "PE" must not be connected.

Remote installation:

The screen must only be connected at the sensor end via a $1.5 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor. The screen must never be connected at both ends.

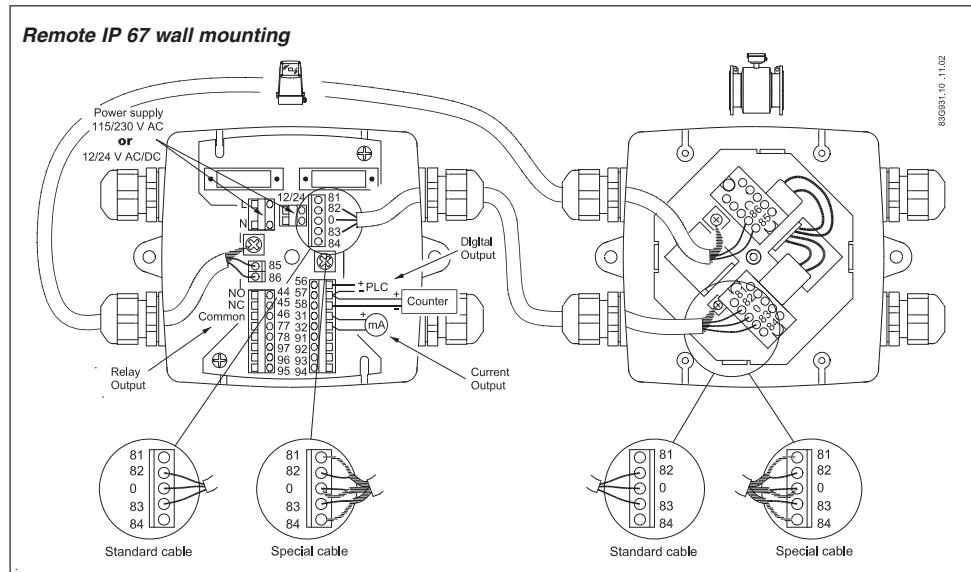
Remote installation**Sensor cables**

- Unscreened cable ends must be as short as possible and the two cables must be kept separate. Cables must be in one length and must not be taken to a distribution box or similar terminal arrangement.
- Terminals 81 and 84 are only connected when special electrode cable with double screening is used.
- Coil cable screen must be connected in both ends. Electrode cable screen must be connected at sensor side only.

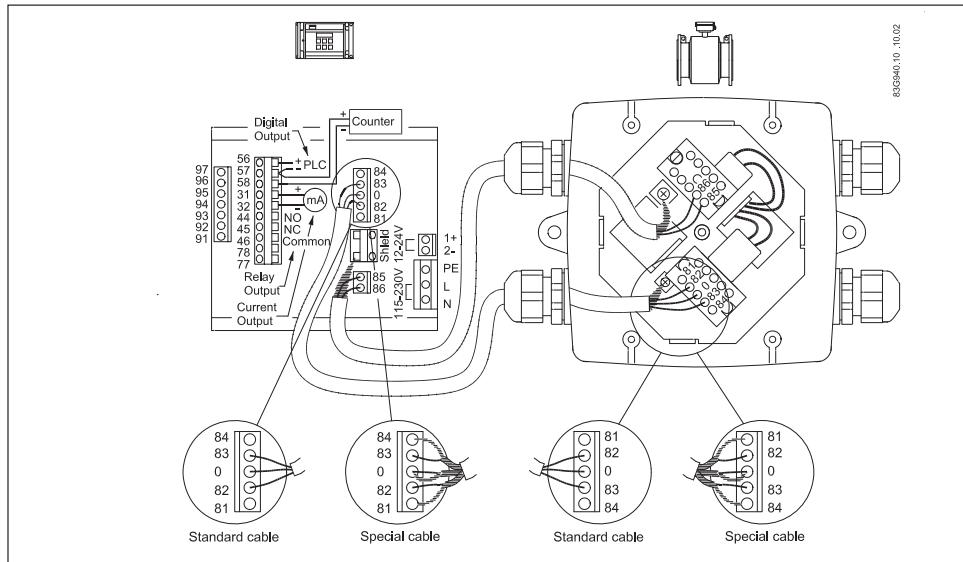
IEC

Note

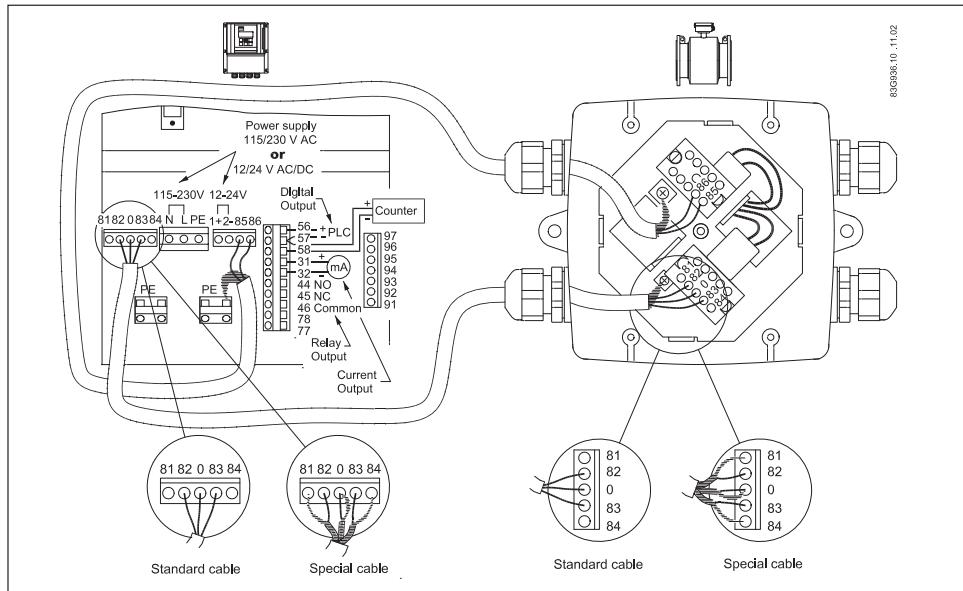
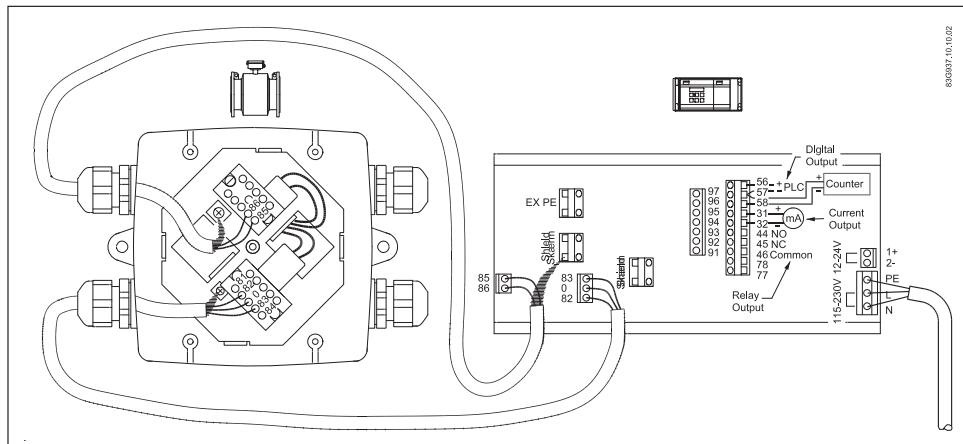
See 5.3 when using cathodic protection.



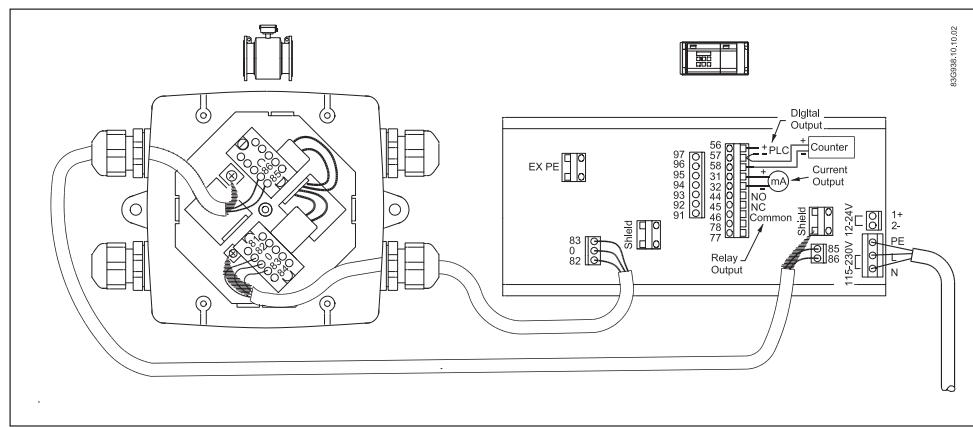
19" IP 20 version



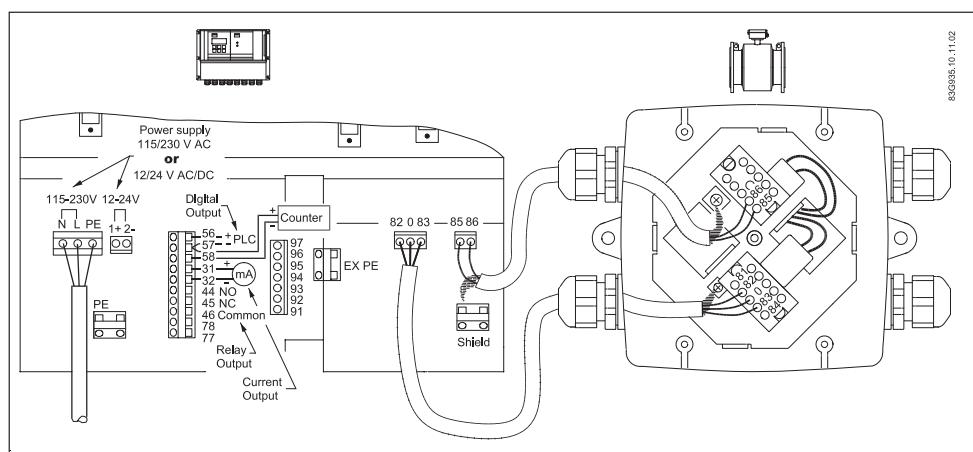
19" IP 66 version

19" IP 20 version
EEx (ia/ib) DN ≤ 300

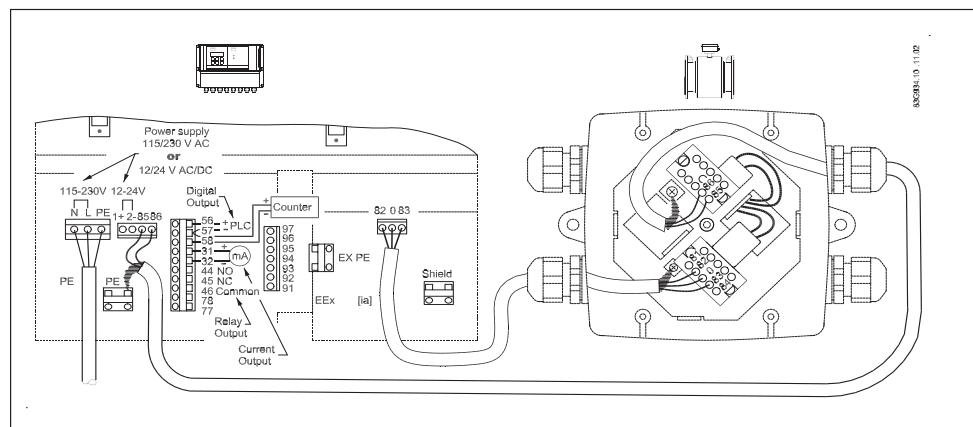
**19" IP 20 version
EEx e (ib) DN ≥ 350**



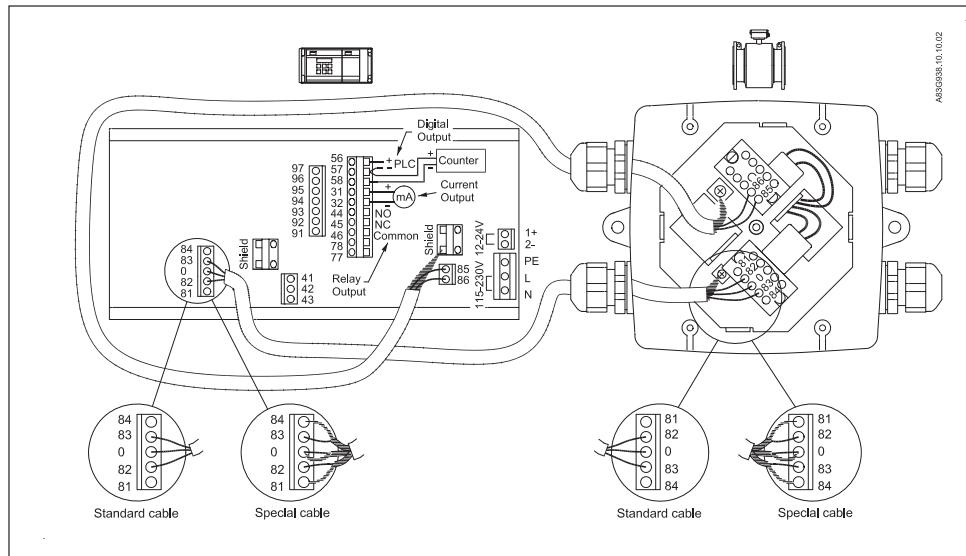
**19" IP 66 version
EEx (ia/ib) DN ≤ 300**



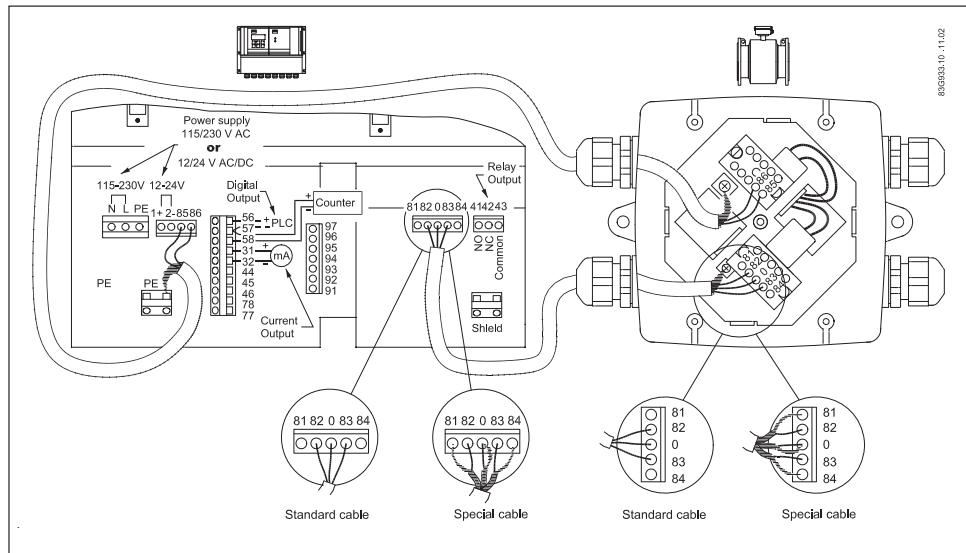
**19" IP 66 version
EEx e (ib) DN ≥ 350**



19" IP 20 version with cleaning

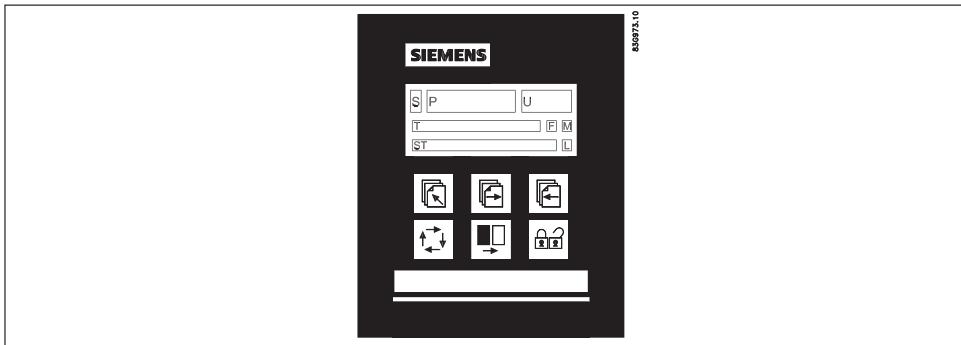


19" IP 66 version with cleaning



8. Commissioning

8.1 Keypad and display layout



Keypad

The keypad is used to set the flowmeter. The function of the keys is as follows:

TOP UP KEY		This key (hold 2 sec.) is used to switch between operator menu and setup menu. In the transmitter setup menu, a short press will cause a return to the previous menu.
FORWARD KEY		This key is used to step forward through the menus. It is the only key normally used by the operator.
BACKWARD KEY		This key is used to step backward through the menus.
CHANGE KEY		This key changes the settings or numerical values.
SELECT KEY		This key selects the figures to be changed.
LOCK/UNLOCK KEY		This key allows the operator to change settings and gives access to submenus.

Display

The display is alphanumerical and indicates flow values, flowmeter settings and error messages.

The upper line is for primary flow readings and will always show either flow rate, totalizer 1 or totalizer 2. The line is divided into 3 fields.

- S: Sign field
- P: Primary field for numerical value
- U: Unit field

The centre line is the title line (T) with individual information according to the selected operator or setup menu.

The lowest line is the subtitle line (ST) which either will add information to the title line or keep individual information independent of the title line.

F: The alarm field. Two flashing triangles will appear by a fault condition.

M: The mode field. The symbols indicate the following.

	Communication mode		Basic settings		Operator active
	Service mode		Output		Operator inactive
	Operator menu		External input		
	Product identity		Sensor characteristics		
	Language mode		Reset mode		

L: The lock field. Indicates the function of the lock key.

	Ready for change		Access to submenu
	Value locked		RESET MODE: Zero setting of totalizers and initialization of setting

8.2 Menu build-up

The menu structure of a specific transmitter type is shown in a menu overview map. Details of how a specific parameter is set is shown in a menu detail map for the specific parameter. A detail map is valid for each type of transmitter if not indicated otherwise. The menu structure is valid for the title and subtitle line only. The upper line is for primary readings only and will always be active with either flowrate, totalizer 1 or totalizer 2.

The menu is built up in two parts. An **operator menu** and a **setup menu**.

Operator menu

The operator menu is for daily operation. The operator menu is customised in the operator menu setup. The transmitter always starts in operator menu No. 1. The page forward and page backward keys are used to step through the operator menus.

Setup menu

The setup menu is for commissioning and service only.

Access to the setup menu is gained by pressing the top up key for 2 seconds. The setup menu operates in two modes:

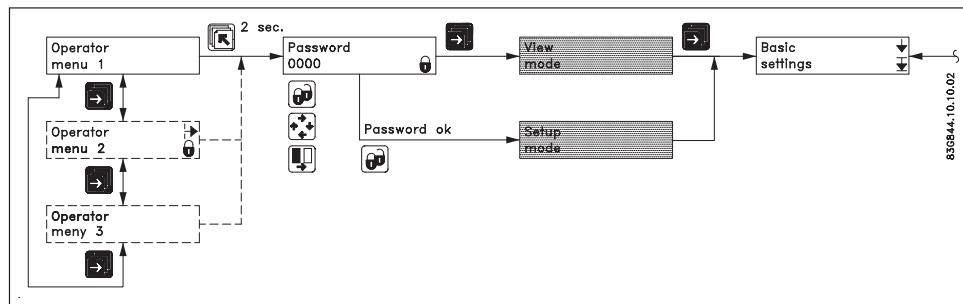
- View mode
- Setup mode

View mode is a read only mode. The pre-selected settings can only be scanned.

Setup mode is a read and write mode. The pre-selected settings can be scanned and changed. Access to the setup mode is password protected. The factory set password is 1000.

Access to a submenu in the set up menu is gained by the lock key. A short press on a top up key will bring you back to the previous menu. A long press (2 sec.) on the top up key will exit the setup menu and bring you back to operator menu No. 1.

8.2.1 Password



The **SETUP MENU** can be operated in two different modes:

VIEW MODE (Read only)

CHANGE MODE (Read and write mode)

Access to view mode is always gained by pressing the forward key when in the password menu.

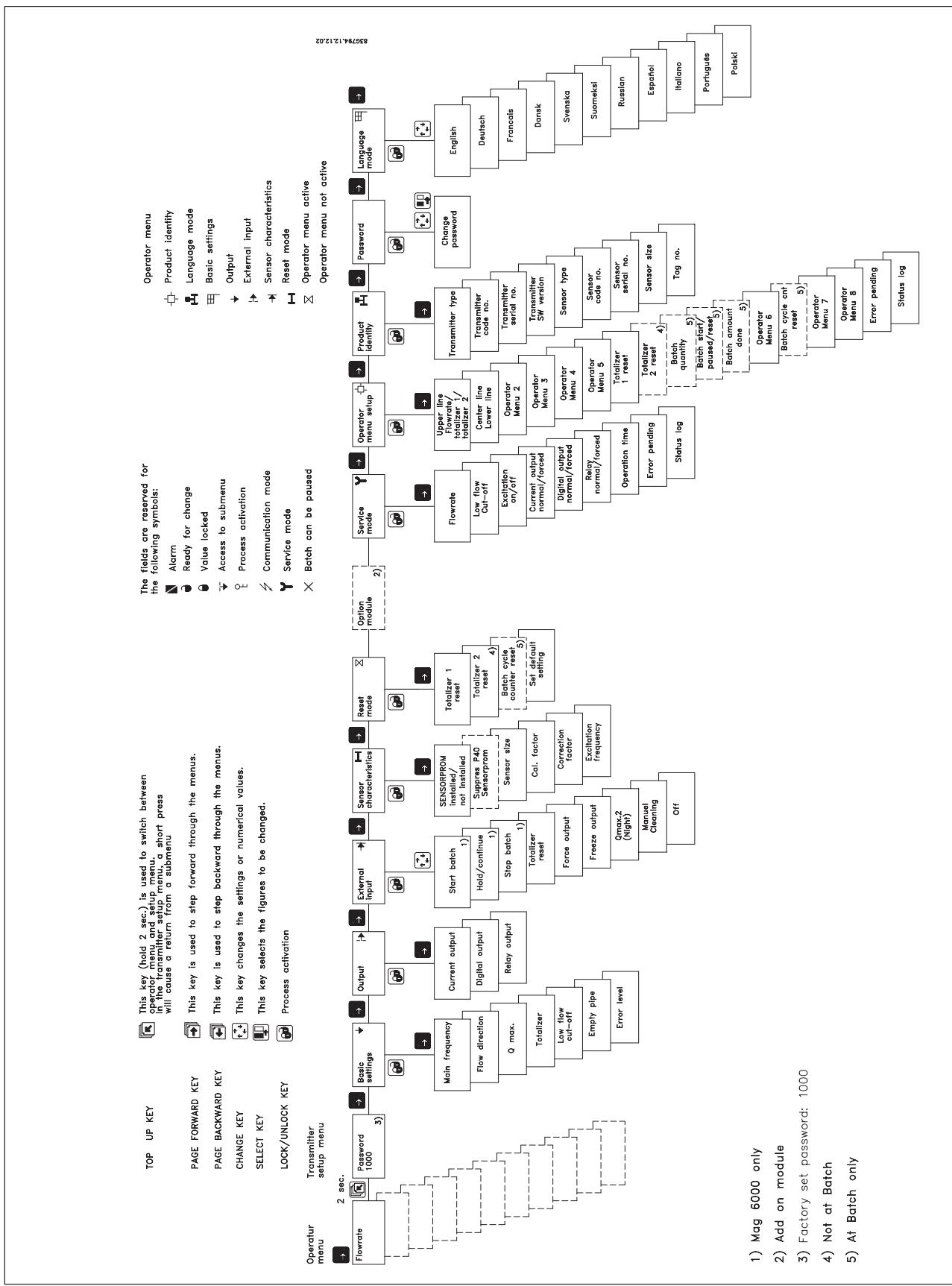
Access to change mode is password protected. The password is factory set to 1000, but can be changed to any value between 1 and 9999 in the change password menu.

The factory setting of 1000 can be re-established as follows:

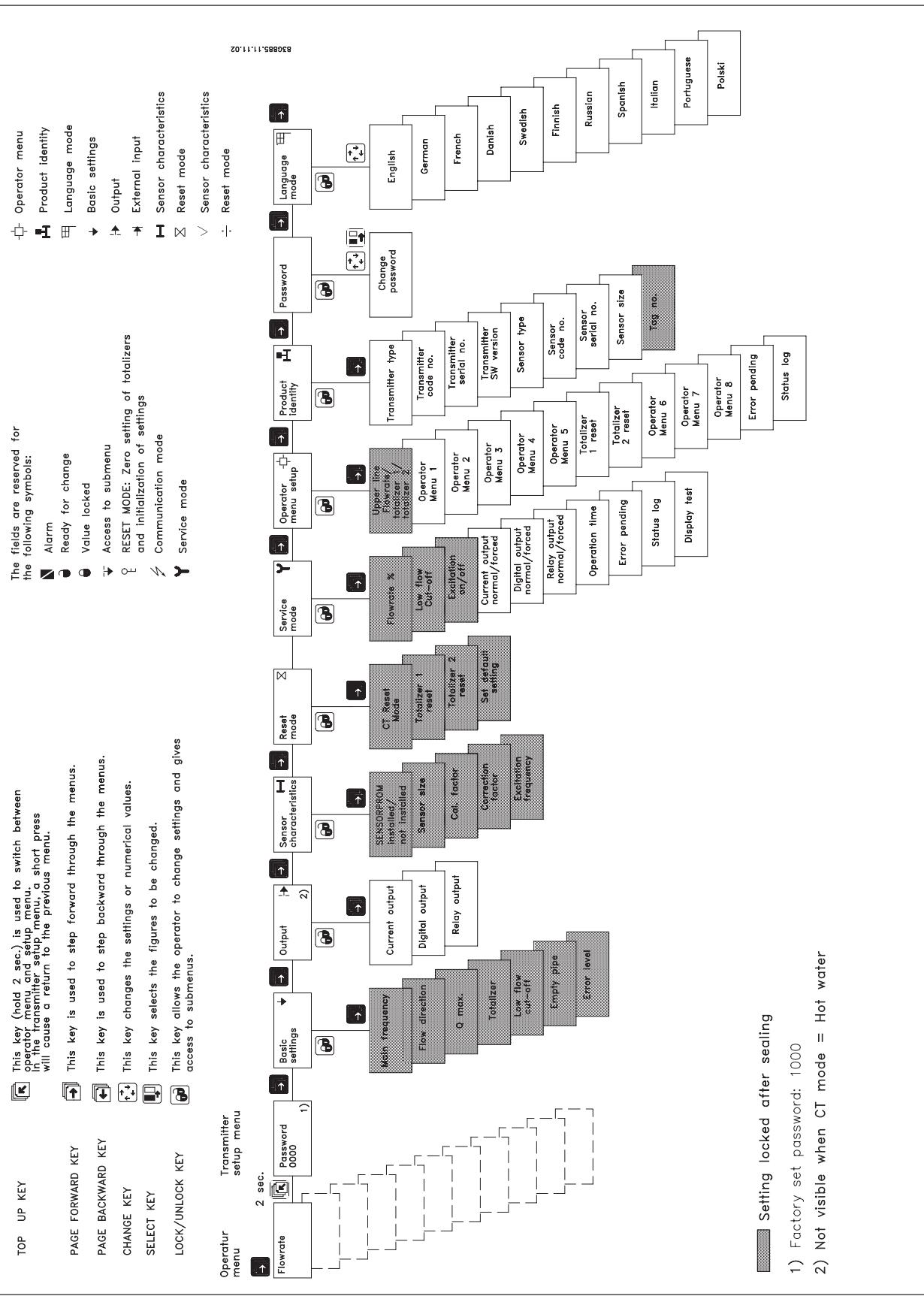
- Switch off power supply
- Press the TOP UP key and switch on the power supply
- Release the key after ROM and RAM tests are completed

The user code is now reset to 1000.

8.3.1 MAG 5000 and MAG 6000

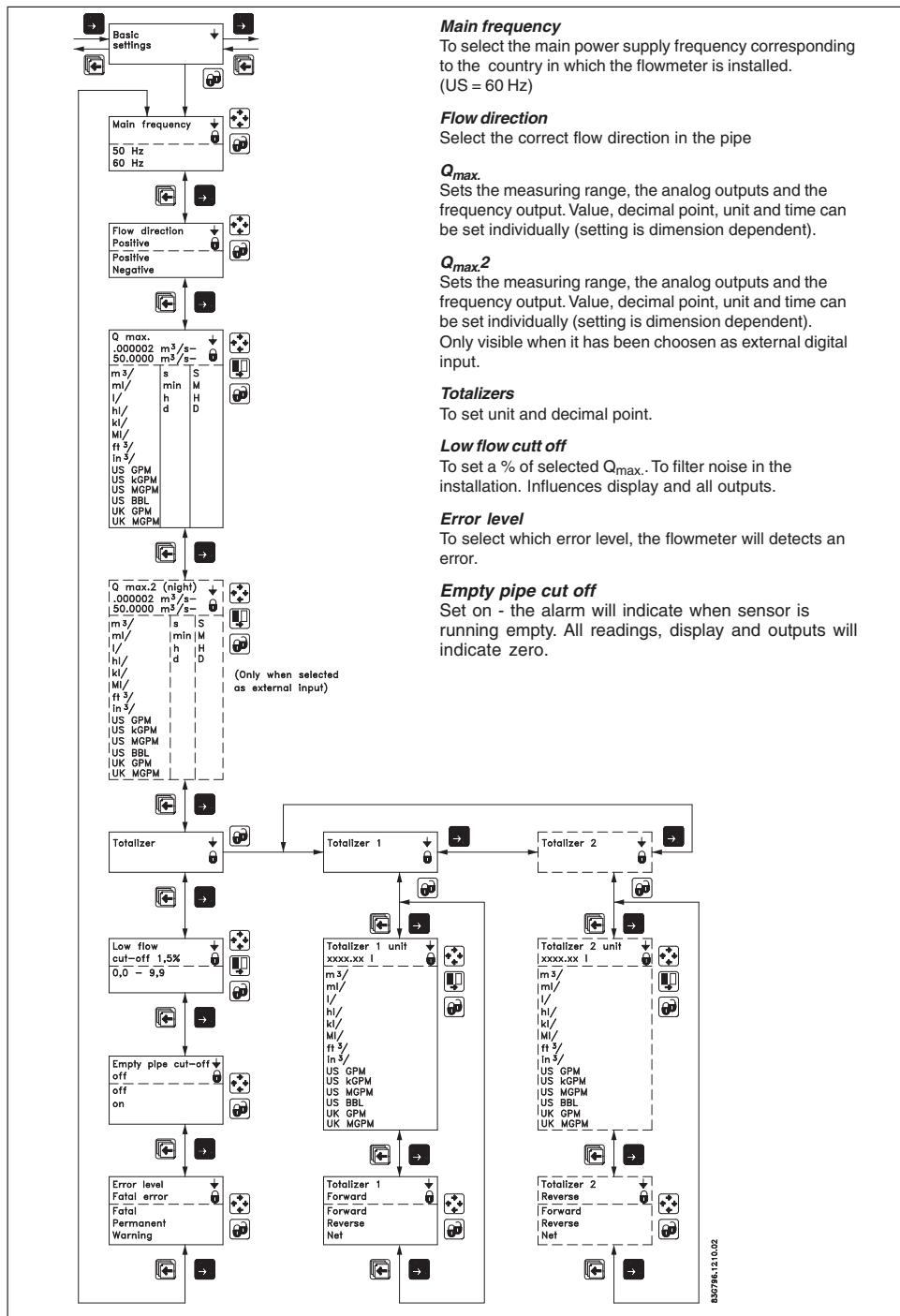


8.3.2 MAG 5000 CT and MAG 6000 CT



- 1) Factory set password: 1000
- 2) Not visible when CT mode = Hot water

8.4.1 Basic settings



Comma for flow rate, totalizer 1 and totalizer 2 can be individually positioned.

- open the respective window.
- ensure that the cursor is positioned below the comma. Use the SELECT KEY
- move the comma to the requested position. Use the CHANGE KEY

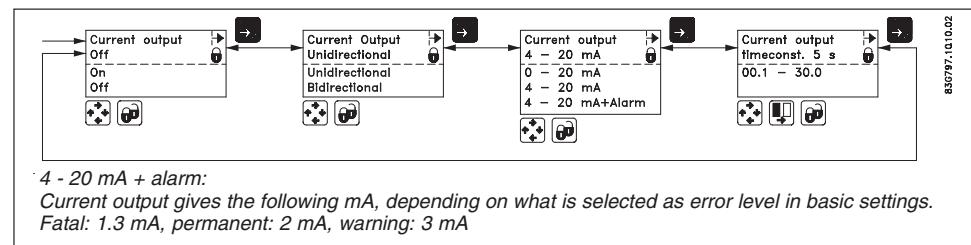
Units are changed by means of the CHANGE KEY with the cursor placed below the unit selected.
Select units (cursor moved) by means of the SELECT KEY

Totalizer 2 is not visible when batch is selected as digital output.

Q_{max} 2 - is only visible when it has been chosen as external input.

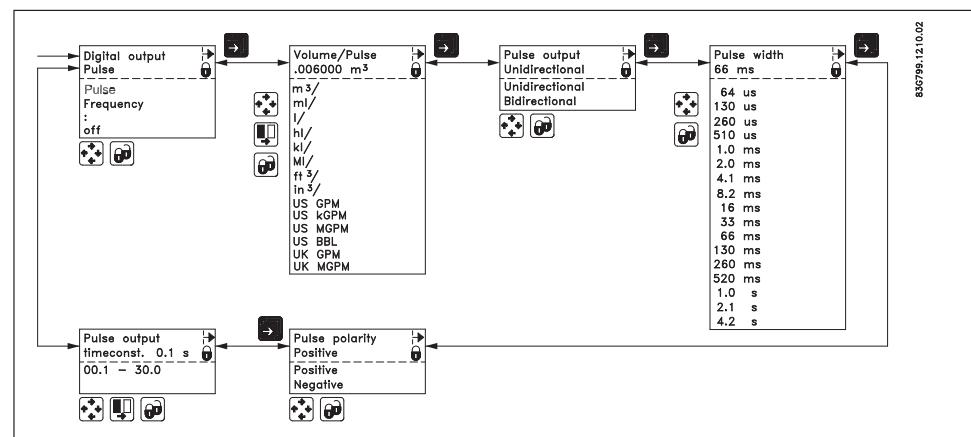
8.4.2 Outputs

Current output Proportional to flowrate (Terminal 31 and 32)

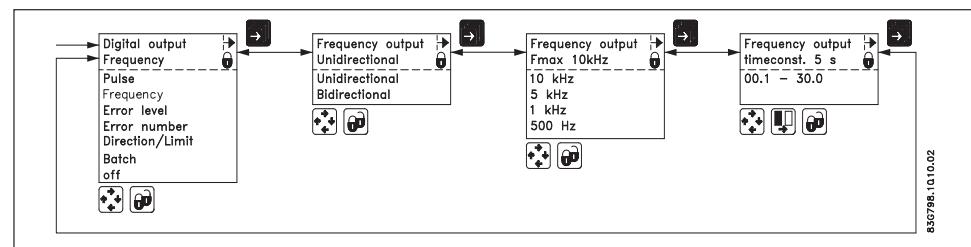


The current output must be set off when not used.

Digital output Pulse/volume (Terminal 56, 57, 58)

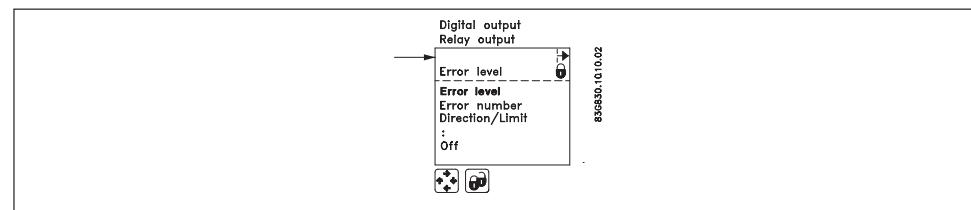


Digital output Frequency Proportional to flowrate (Terminal 56, 57, 58)

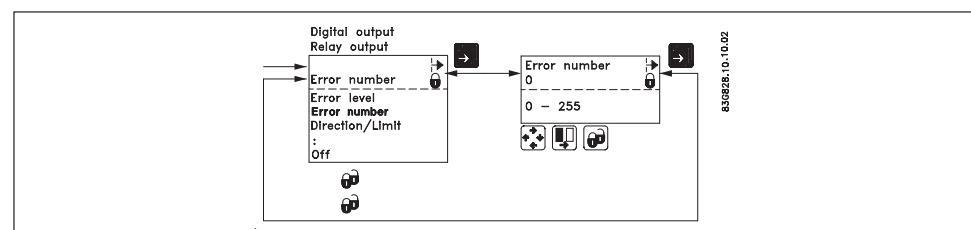


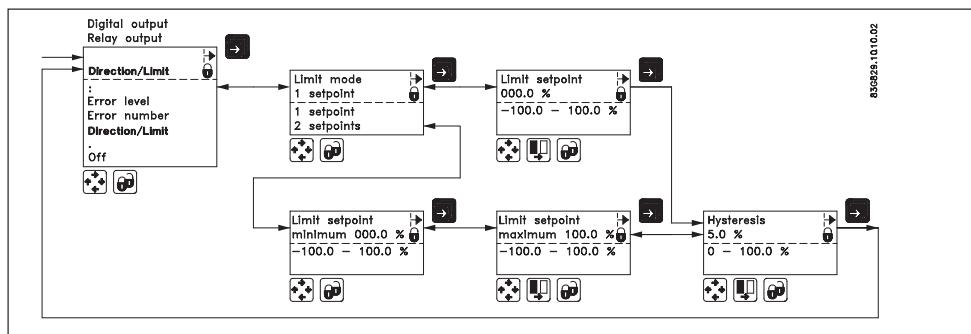
8.4.3 Digital and relay outputs

Error level



Error number



Limit/direction

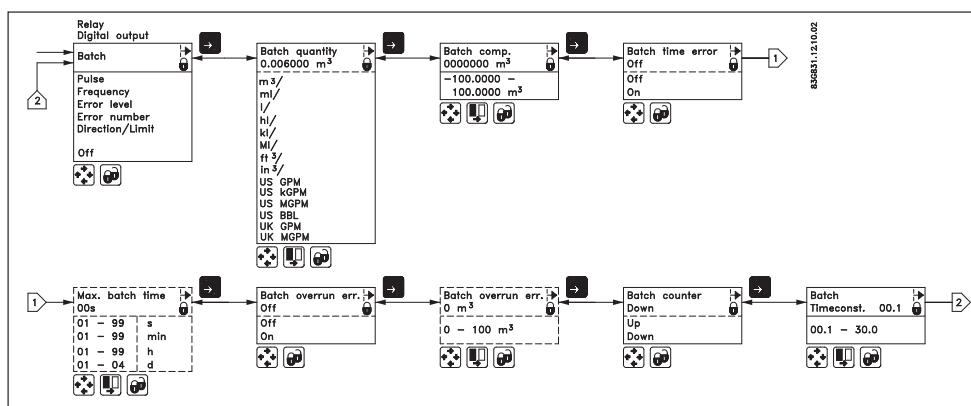
Limit switches are available for both digital as well as relay output.

Direction mode: 1 set point at 0% flow; hysteresis 5%.

If 2 set points must activate 2 separate outputs, a single set point has to be selected individually for digital as well as relay outputs.

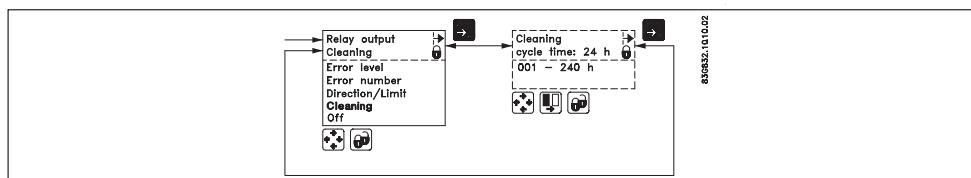
Batch

(MAG 6000 only) Non CT
(Possible through relay and digital output)

**Note**

When batch function is on relay - the pulse/frequency output is not possible.

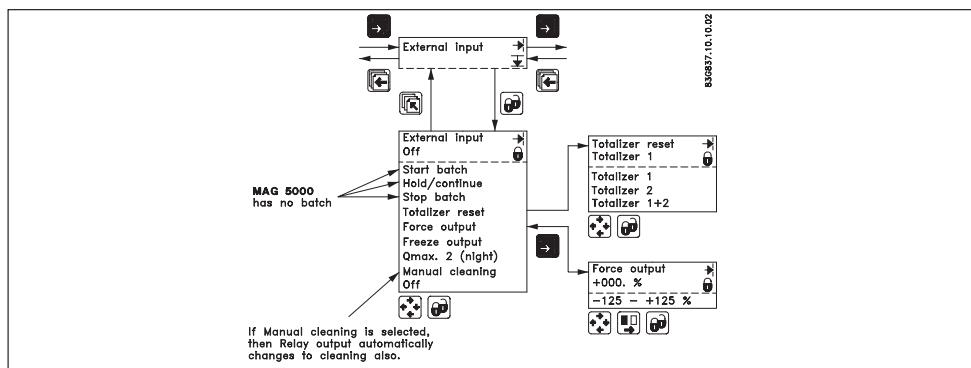
8.4.4 Relay outputs

Cleaning

The relay output must always be used to operate the cleaning unit when a cleaning unit has been installed together with the transmitter. The relay output cannot be used for other purposes.

8.4.5 External input

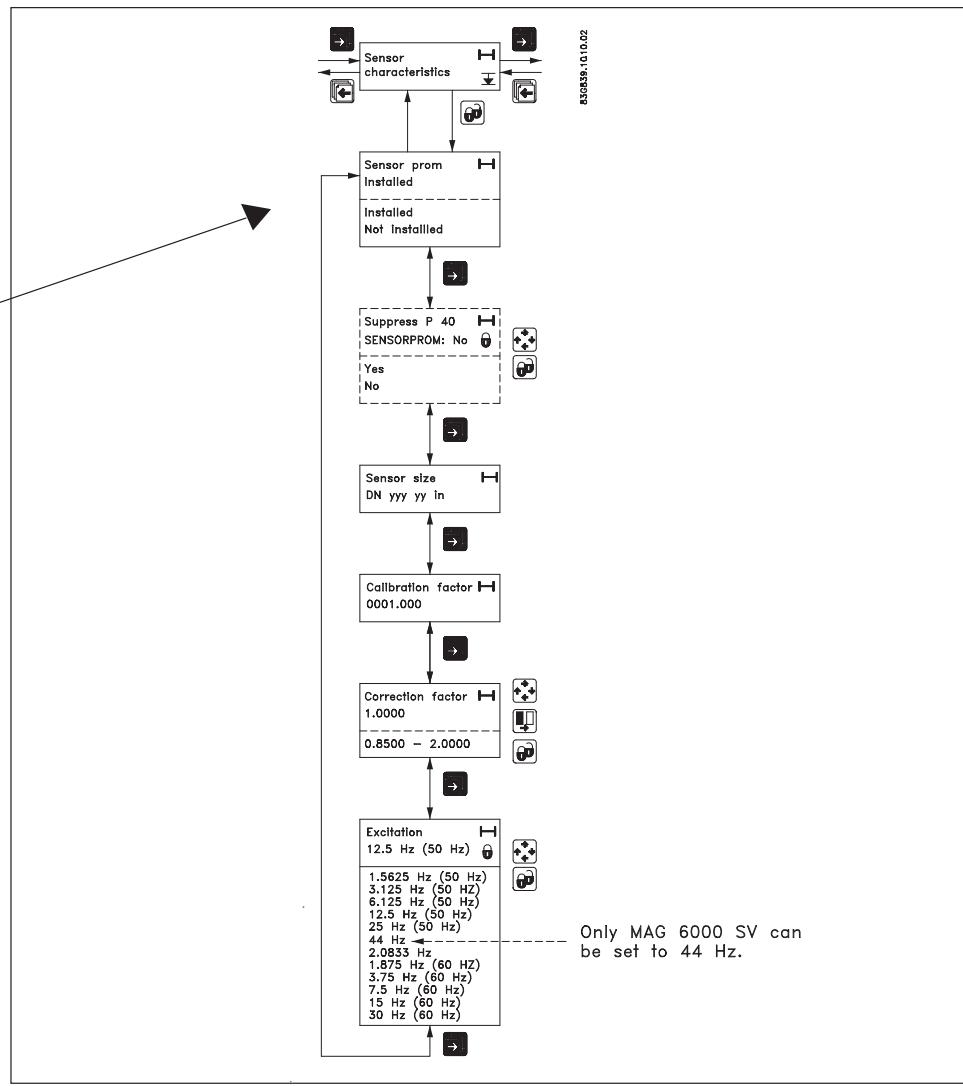
Non CT versions only



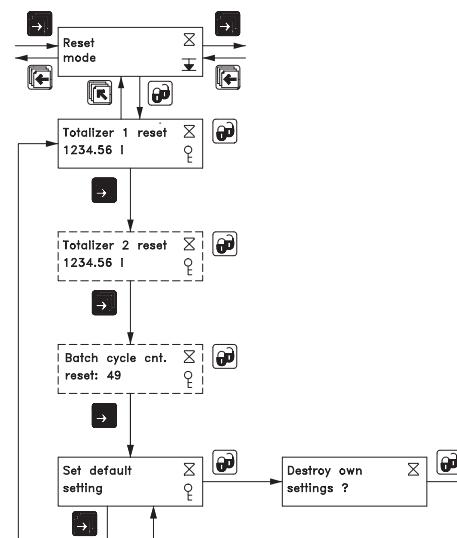
Batch control is available on MAG 6000 only.

8.4.6 Sensor characteristics

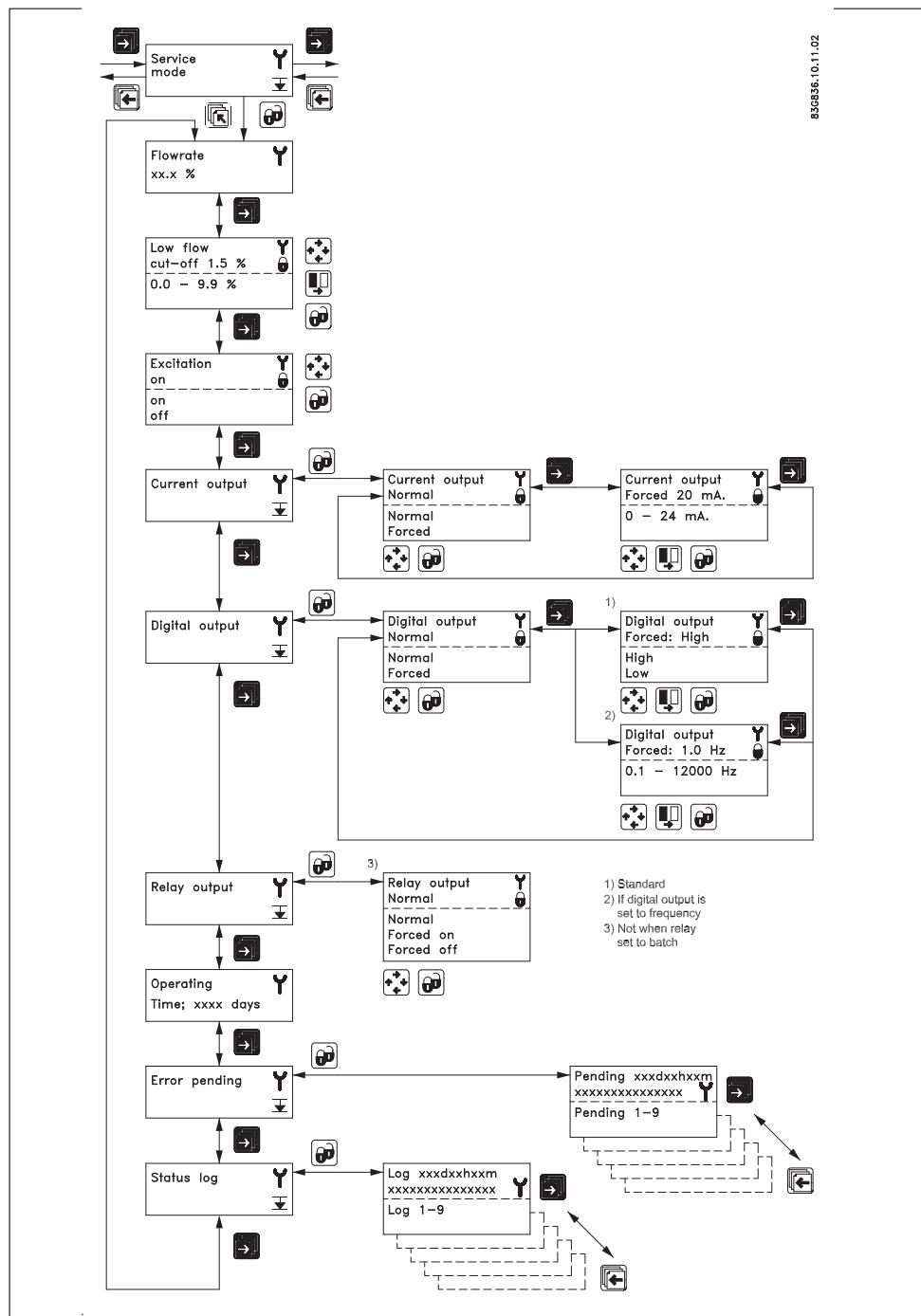
If "SENSORPROM not installed" is shown, refer to chapter 6 (depending on type of mounting configuration).



8.4.7 Reset mode



8.4.8 Service mode



All previous settings are reinitialised when service mode is exited using the top up key.

The error system

The error system is divided into an error pending list and a status log list. Time is gained as days, minutes and hours since the error has occurred.

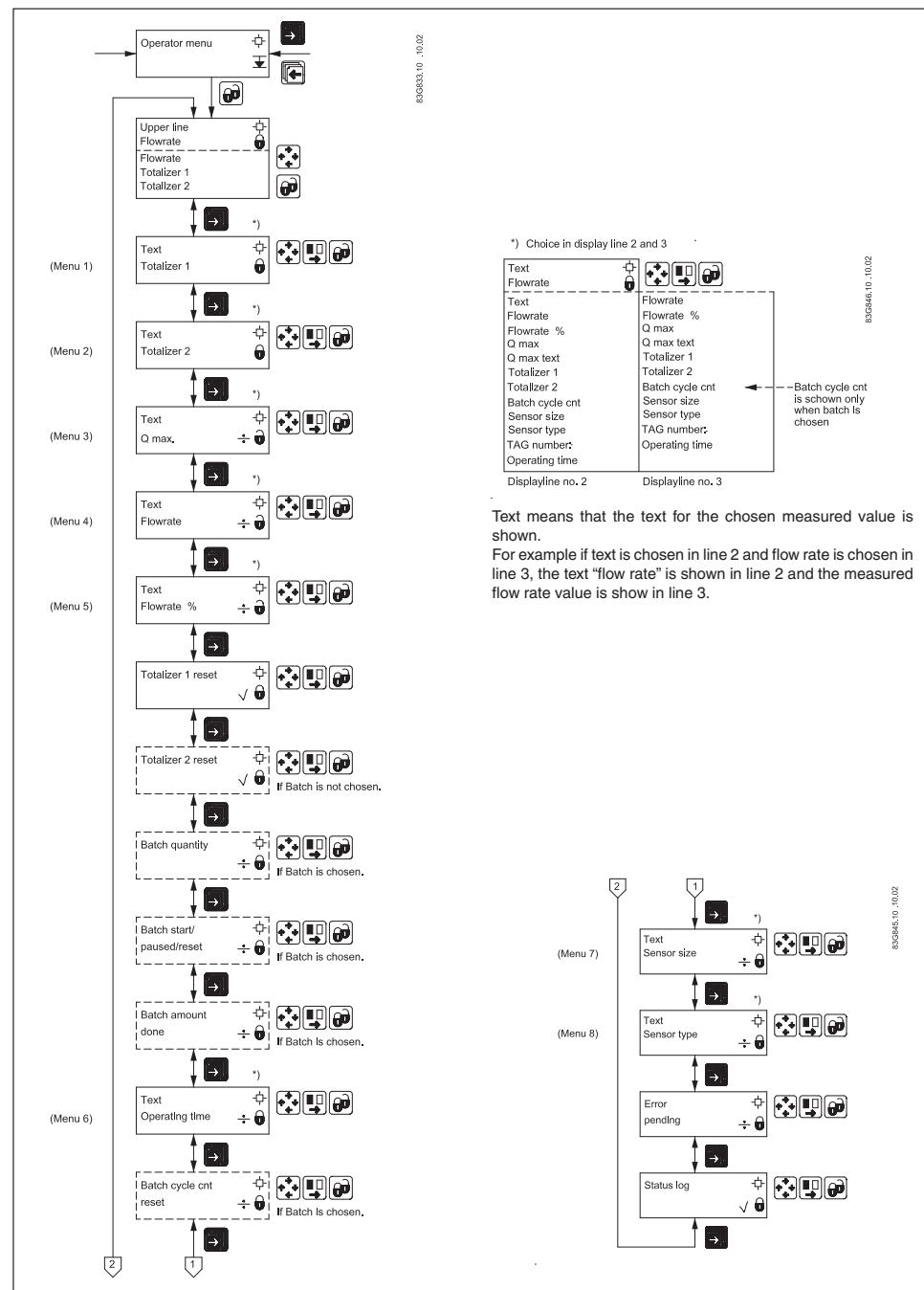
The first 9 standing errors are stored in error pending. When an error is removed it is removed from error pending.

The latest 9 errors are stored in the status log. When an error is removed it is still kept in status log. Errors in status log is stored for 180 days.

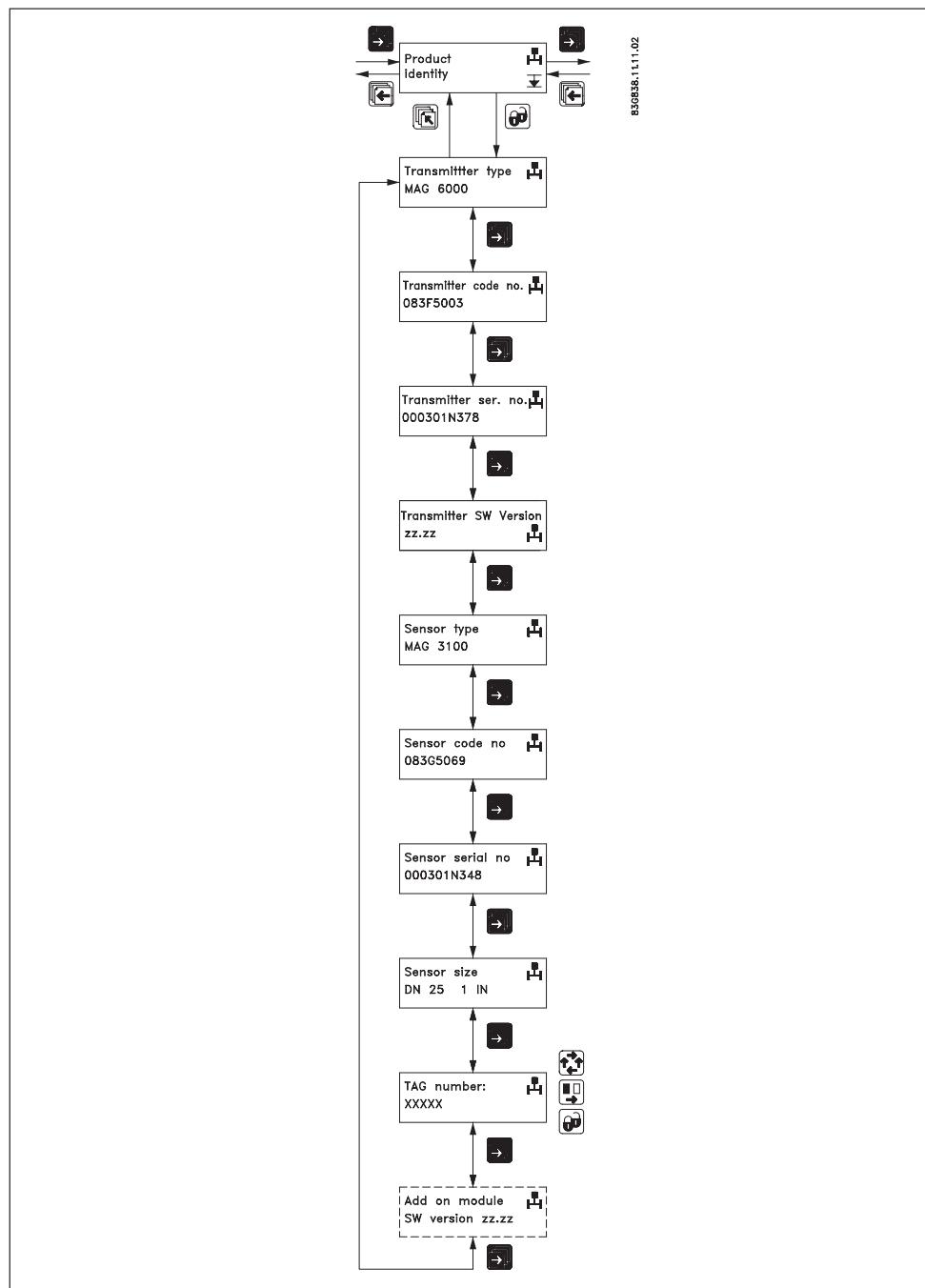
Error pending and status log are accessible when enabled in the operator menu.

8.4.9

Operator menu setup



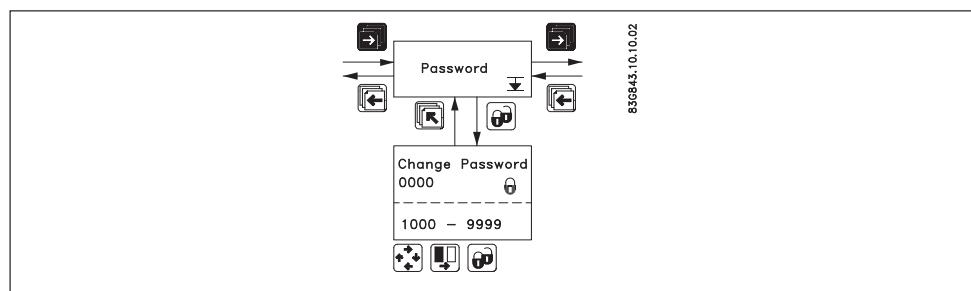
8.4.10 Product identity

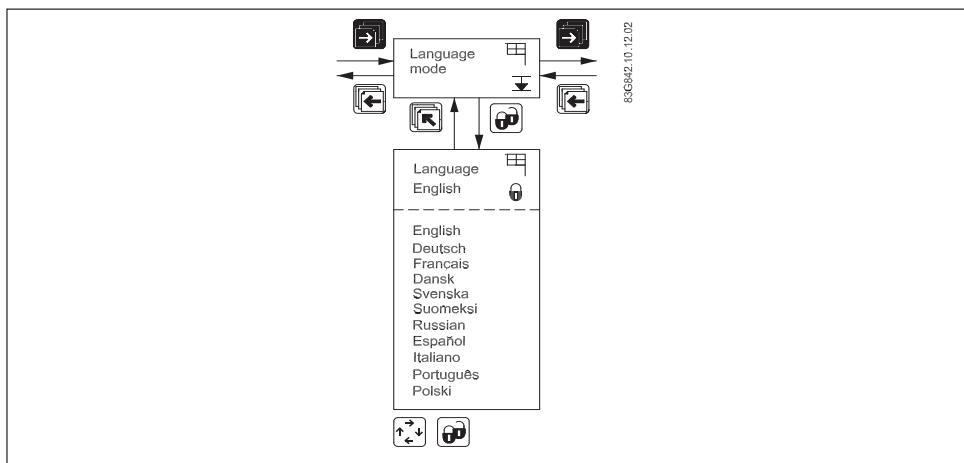
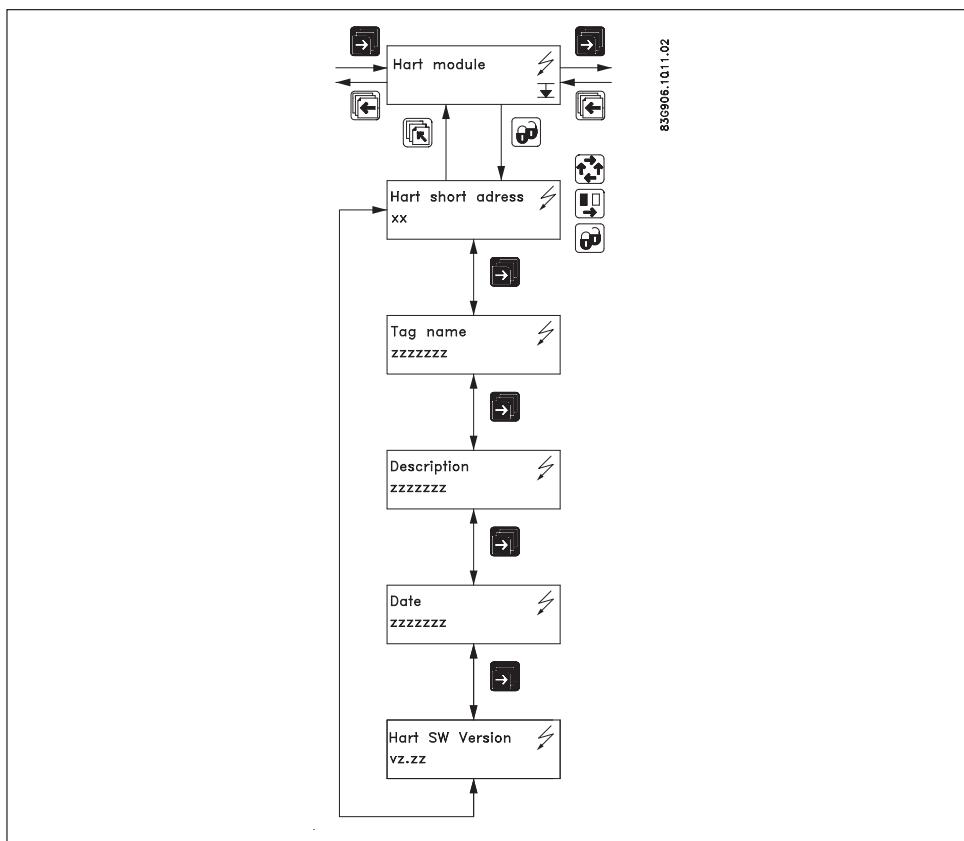


Commissioning

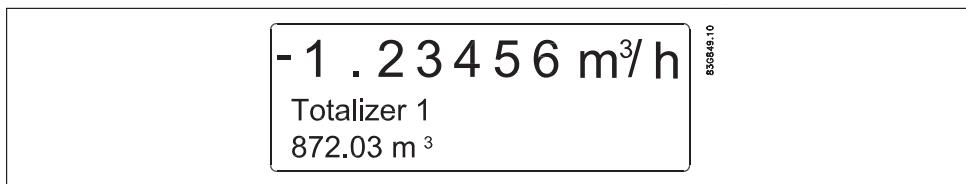
Software version of add-on module is only available if the add-on module has been installed.

8.4.11 Change password



8.4.12**Language mode****8.4.13****HART® communication
MAG 5000 HART or as
add-on module**

8.5.1 Flow rate



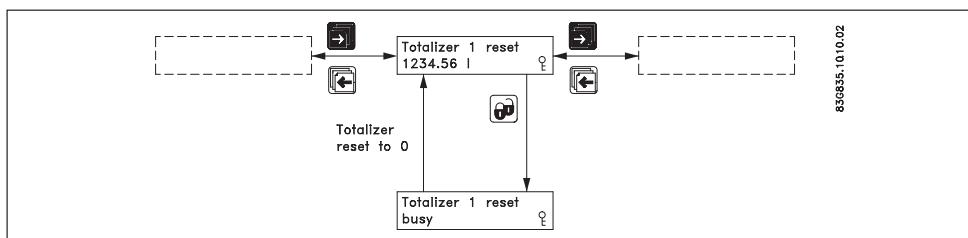
The 1st display line is always active and shows the value enabled in the operator menu setup.

- Flow rate
- Totalizer 1
- Totalizer 2

The 2nd and 3rd display lines are individually set in the operator menu. The page forward key steps through the enabled settings.

- Flow rate
- Totalizer
- Totalizer reset
- Batch control
- Batch cycle counter
- Batch cycle counter reset
- Pipe size
- Sensor type
- Pending errors
- Status log
- Tag No.

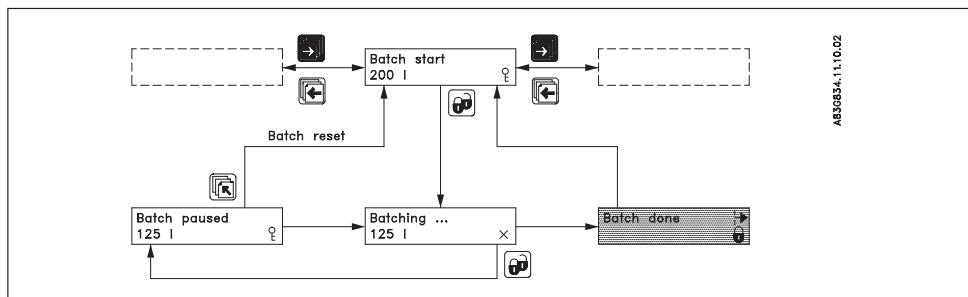
8.5.2 Totalizer



A totalizer is reset by pressing the lock key when the corresponding totalizer reset window is open.

8.5.3 Batch

(Only available on MAG 6000)



A batch can be started, paused or stopped from the operator menu, in addition to the externally operated batch control. The batch is controlled using the lock and the top up keys.

The lock key:

- Starts the batch
- Holds the batch (pause) when pressed during batching
- Restarts the batch to continue when pressed during a pause.

The top up key resets a batch completely during a pause.

Batch cycle counter

The accumulated number of performed batches can be viewed when enabled in the operator menu setup.

Batch cycle counter reset

The batch cycle counter is reset by pressing the lock key in the "batch cycle cnt reset" menu.

8.6.1

Settings available

The transmitter is delivered with factory settings ready to measure the actual flow.

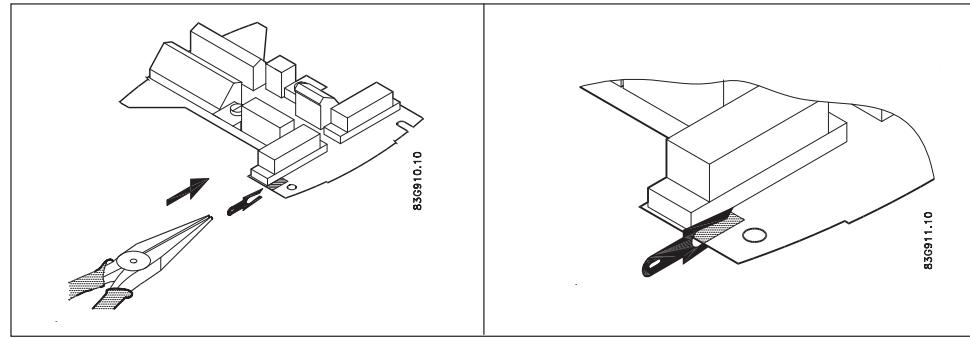
Parameter	Factory settings	Settings available
Password		
Default value	1000	
Password	1000	1000 - 9999
Basic settings		
Flow direction	Positive	Positive, negative
Q_{\max}	Dim. dependent	Dim. dependent
- Volume units	Dim. dependent	m^3 , ml, l, kl, hl, MI, ft^3 , in ³ , USG, USkG, USMG, UKG, UKMG, USBBL
- Time units	Time units	Dim. dependent Sec., min., hour, day
Totalizer 1	Forward	Forward, reverse, net
- Totalizer 1 units	Dim. dependent	m^3 , ml, l, kl, hl, MI, ft^3 , in ³ , USG, USkG, USMG, UKG, UKMG, USBBL
Totalizer 2	Reverse	Forward, reverse, net
- Totalizer 2 units	Dim. dependent	m^3 , ml, l, kl, hl, MI, ft^3 , in ³ , USG, USkG, USMG, UKG, UKMG, USBBL
Low flow cut-off	1.5 %	0 - 9.9 %
Empty pipe	Off	Off, on
Error level	Warning	Fatal, permanent, warning
Output		
Current output	Off	On/off, uni-/bidirectional, 0/4 - 20 mA
- Time constant	5 s	0.1 - 30 s
Digital output	Pulse	Error, direction/limit, batch ¹⁾ , frequency, pulse, error no., off
Relay output	Error	Error, direction/limit, cleaning, error No., off
Direction/limit switch	Off	1 set point/2 set points, -100 - 100%
- Hysteresis	5%	0.0 - 100%
Batch ¹⁾	Off	
- Batch quantity	0	Dim. dependent
- Batch compensation	0	-100 - 100 m^3
- Batch counter	Down	Up/down
- Time constant	0.1 s	0.1 - 30 s
Frequency	Off	500 Hz, 1 kHz, 5 kHz, 10 kHz
- Time constant	5 s	0.1 - 30 s
Pulse	On	
- Pulse polarity	Positive	Positive/negative
- Pulse width	66 ms	64 μ s, 130 μ s, 260 μ s, 510 μ s, 1.0 ms, 2.0 ms, 4.1 ms, 8.2 ms, 16 ms, 33 ms, 66 ms, 130 ms, 260 ms, 520 ms, 1.0 s, 2.1 s, 4.2 s.
- Volume/pulse	Dim. dependent	Dim. dependent
- Time constant	0.1 s	0.1 - 30 s
Electrode cleaning	Off	Off/cleaning
- Cleaning cycle time	24 h	1 - 240 h
External input		
External input	Off	Batch, reset totalizer, freeze output, forced output, off
- Batch		Start, hold/continue, stop, Q_{\max} , 2
Sensor characteristics		
Correction factor	1	0.85 - 2.00
Language	English	English, German, French, Danish, Swedish, Finnish, Spanish, Russian, Italian, Portuguese and Polish
Operator menu		
Primary field	Flow rate	Flow rate, Totalizer 1, Totalizer 2
Title/subtitle line	Flow rate	Flow rate, Flow rate %, Q_{\max} , Totalizer 1, Totalizer 2, Totalizer 1 reset, Totalizer 2 reset, Batch start/paused/stop, Batch cycle counter, Batch cycle counter reset, Sensor size, Sensor type, Error pending, Status log, Tag No.

¹⁾ Batch is available on MAG 6000 only

8.6.4**MAG 5000 CT and
MAG 6000 CT settings**

Setting primary operating parameters such as $Q_{max.}$, low flow cut-off, units, approvals, etc. is blocked during normal operation. See menu setup.

These settings are made in connection with commissioning or calibration by mounting a hardware key on the connection plate of the transmitter. When the key is mounted, there is access to all menu items. When the key is removed, the primary settings are blocked in accordance with the requirements in the authorisation.

***Internal totalizers***

Depending on type of approval it is possible to reset the internal totalizers. The type of approval is selected in the reset menu, with the hardware key mounted. It is possible to select between:

- Hot/cold water
- Other liquids

Resetting of totalizers by electrical input is not possible.

Hot/cold water

- Totalizer 1 is allocated to forward flow (cannot be reset).
- Totalizer 2 is allocated to reverse flow (cannot be reset).

Other liquids

Both totalizer 1 and totalizer 2 are allocated to measure the net flow, i.e. any reverse flow will make the totalizers count backwards.

- Totalizer 1 cannot be reset.
- Totalizer 2 can be reset if the flow velocity in the meter pipe is <0.25 m/s. When the totalizer is reset, the pulse output register will also be reset.

Output

- When selecting hot water, the output settings are not allowed and menu will not be shown on display.
- When selecting cold water or other liquids, all output settings can be changed.

8.7.1

Error handling**Error system**

The transmitter system is equipped with an error and status log system with 4 groups of information.

- Information without a functional error involved
- Warnings which may cause malfunction in the application. The cause of the error may disappear on its own
- Permanent errors which may cause malfunction in the application. The error requires an operator
- Fatal error which is essential for the operation of the flowmeter

2 menus are available in service and operator menus for registration of information and errors

- Error pending
- Status log

Error pending

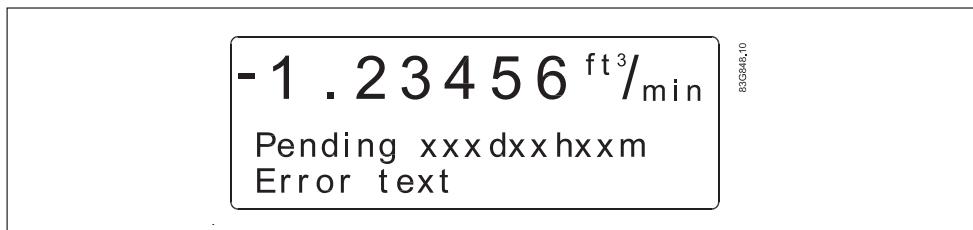
The first 9 standing errors are stored in "error pending". When an error is removed it is removed from "error pending".

The acceptance level for "error pending" can be individually configured to a particular application. The acceptance level is set in the "basic settings" in the transmitter setup menu.

Acceptance levels

- Fatal error: Fatal errors are registered as errors
- Permanent errors: Permanent and fatal errors are registered as errors
- Warning (Default value): Warnings, permanent and fatal errors are registered as errors

The error information is displayed in the title and subtitle line. The title line will show the time since occurrence of error. The subtitle line will flash between an error text and a remedy text. The error text will indicate type of error (I, W, P or F), error No. and error text. The remedy text will inform the operator of the action to take to remove the error.

**Status Log**

Like "error pending" except that information, warnings, permanent and fatal errors is always stored in the "status log". The "status log" stores the latest 9 messages received/registered during the last 180 days.

Alarm field

The alarm field on the display will always flash with an error pending.

Error output

The digital and relay output can individually be activated error by error (error level). The relay output is default selected to error level. An output can also be selected to activate on a single error number. The alarm field, error output and error pending always operate together.

The analog output turns to a 1 mA level when in the 4-20 mA mode.

Operator menu

Error pending and status log are as default enabled in the operator menu.

8.7.2 List of error numbers

Error No.	Error text Remedy text	#Comment	Outputs status	Input status
1	I1 - Power on OK	Power on has happened	Active	Active
2	I2 - Add-on module Applied	A new module has been applied to the system	Active	Active
3	I3 - Add-on module Install	An add-on module is defect or has been removed. This can be an internal add-on module	Active	Active
4	I4 - Param. corrected OK	A less vital parameter in the transmitter has been replaced by its default value	Active	Active
20	W20 - Totalizer 1 Reset manually	During initialisation the check of the saved totalizer value has failed. It is not possible to rely on the saved totalizer value anymore. The totalizer value must be reset manually in order to rely on future readings	Active	Active
20	W20 - Totalizer 2 Reset manually	During initialisation the check of the saved totalizer value has failed. It is not possible to rely on the saved totalizer value anymore. The totalizer value must be reset manually in order to rely on future readings	Active	Active
21	W21 - Pulse overflow Adj. pulse settings	Actual flow is too big compared with pulse width and volume/pulse	Reduced pulse width	Active
22	W22 - Batch timeout Check installation	Duration of batching has exceeded a predefined max. time	Batch output on zero	Active
23	W23 - Batch overrun Check installation	Batch volume has exceeded a predefined maximum overrun volume	Batch output on zero	Active
24	W24 - Batch neg. flow Check flow direction	Negative flow direction during batch	Active	Active
30	W30 - Overflow Adj. Q _{max.}	Flow is above Q _{max.} settings	Max. 120 %	Active
31	W31 - Empty pipe	Pipe is empty	Zero	Active
40	P40 - SENSORPROM® Insert/change	SENSORPROM® unit not installed	Active	Active
41	P41 - Parameter range Switch off and on	A parameter is out of range. The parameter could not be replaced by its default value. The error will disappear at the next power-on	Active	Active
42	P42 - Current output Check cables	Current loop is disconnected or the loop resistance is too big	Active	Active
43	P43 - Internal error Switch off and on	Too many errors occurred at the same time Some errors are not detected correctly	Active	Active
44	P44 - CT SENSORPROM®	SENSORPROM® unit has been used as CT version	Active	Active
60	F60 - CAN comm. error Transmitter/AOM	CAN bus communication error. An add-on module, the display module or the transmitter is defect	Zero	Inactive
61	F61 - SENSORPROM® error Replace	It is not possible to rely on the data in SENSOR-PROM® unit anymore	Active	Active
62	F62 - SENSORPROM® ID Replace	The SENSORPROM® unit ID does not comply with the product ID. The SENSORPROM® unit is from another type of product MASSFLO®, SONOFLO® etc.	Zero	Inactive
63	F63 - SENSORPROM® Replace	It is not possible to read from the SENSORPROM® unit anymore.	Active	Active
70	F70 - Coil current Check cables	Coil excitation has failed	Active	Active
71	F71 - Internal error Replace transmitter	Internal conversion error in ASIC	Active	Active

9. Service

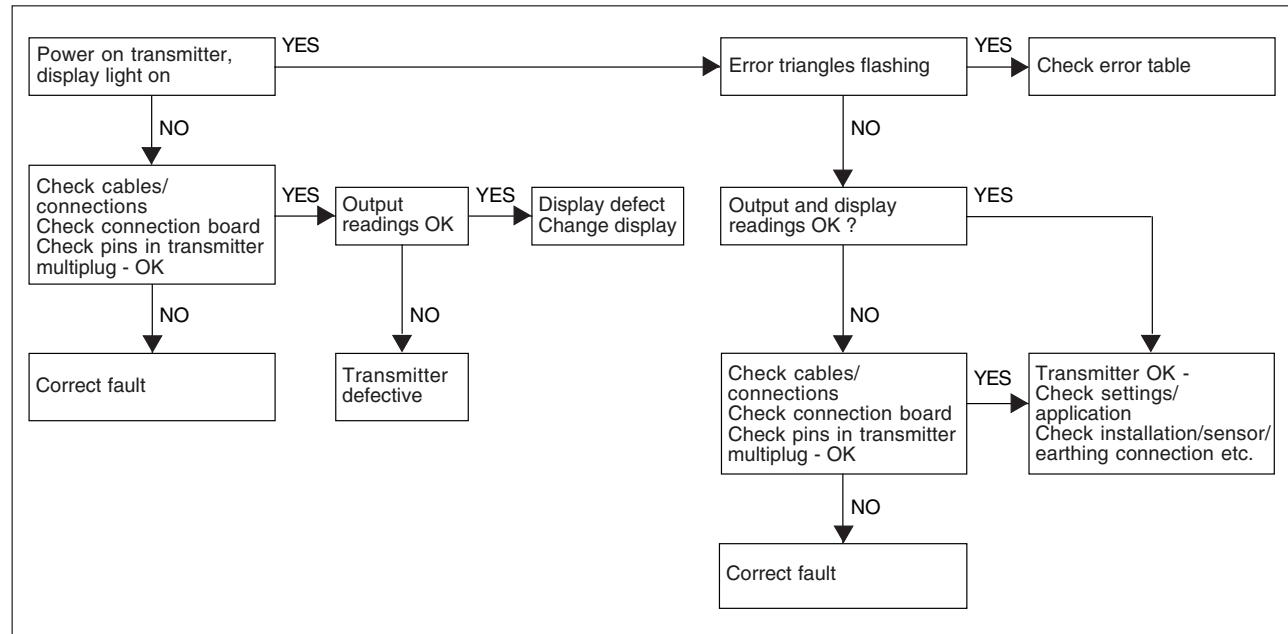
Often problems with unstable/wrong measurements occur due to insufficient/wrong earthing or potential equalization. Please check this connection. If OK, the SITRANS F M MAGFLO® transmitter can be checked as described under 9.1 and sensor under 9.3.

**9.1
Transmitter check list**

When checking SITRANS F M MAGFLO® installations for malfunction the easiest method to check the transmitter is to replace it with another MAG 5000/6000 transmitter with a similar power supply.

A replacement can easily be done as all settings are stored in and downloaded from the SENSORPROM® unit - no extra settings need to be made.

If no spare transmitter is available - then check transmitter according to check table.



9.2
Trouble shooting
MAG transmitter

Symptom	Output signals	Error code	Cause	Remedy
Empty display	Minimum		1. No power supply 2. MAG 5000/6000 defective	Power supply Check MAG 5000/6000 for bended pins on the connector Replace MAG 5000/6000
No flow signal	Minimum		1. Current output disabled 2. Digital output disabled 3. Reverse flow direction F70 Incorrect or no coil current W31 Measuring pipe empty F60 Internal error	Turn on current output Turn on digital output Change direction Check cables/connections Ensure that the measuring pipe is full Replace MAG 5000/6000
		P42	1. No load on current output 2. MAG 5000/6000 defective	Check cables/connections Replace MAG 5000/6000
		P41	Initializing error	Switch off MAG 5000/6000, wait 5 s and switch on again
Indicates flow with no flow in pipe	Undefined		Measuring pipe empty Empty pipe cut-off is OFF Electrode connection missing/electrode cable is insufficiently screened	Select empty pipe cut-off Ensure that the measuring pipe is full Ensure that electrode cable is connected and sufficiently screened
Unstable flow signal	Unstable		1. Pulsating flow 2. Conductivity of medium too low 3. Electrical noise potential between medium and sensor 4. Air bubbles in medium 5. High concentration of particles or fibres	Increase time constant Use special electrode cable Ensure sufficient potential equalization Ensure medium does not contain air bubbles Increase time constant
Measuring error	Undefined		Incorrect installation P40 No SENSORPROM® unit P44 CT SENSORPROM® unit F61 Deficient SENSORPROM® unit F62 Wrong type of SENSORPROM® unit F63 Deficient SENSORPROM® unit F71 Loss of internal data	Check installation Install SENSORPROM® unit Replace SENSORPROM® unit or reset SENSORPROM® unit with MAG CT transmitter Replace SENSORPROM® unit Replace SENSORPROM® unit Replace MAG 5000/6000
		Maximum	W30 Flow exceeds 100% of Q _{max.} W21 Pulse overflow • Volume/pulse too small • Pulse width too large	Check Q _{max.} (Basic Settings) Change volume/pulse Change pulse width
Measuring approx. 50%			Missing one electrode connection	Check cables
Loss of totalizer data	OK	W20	Initializing error	Reset totalizer manually
##### Signs in display	OK		Totalizer roll over	Reset totalizer or increase totalizer unit

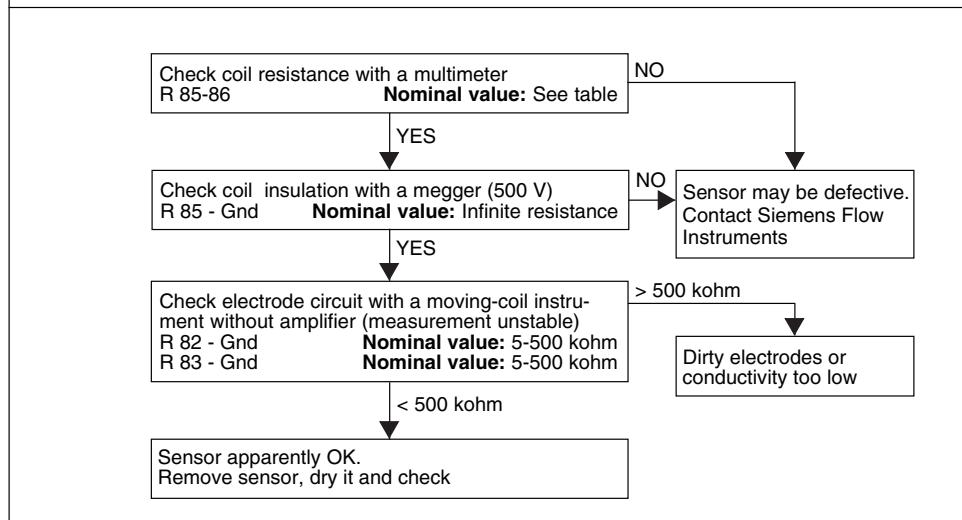
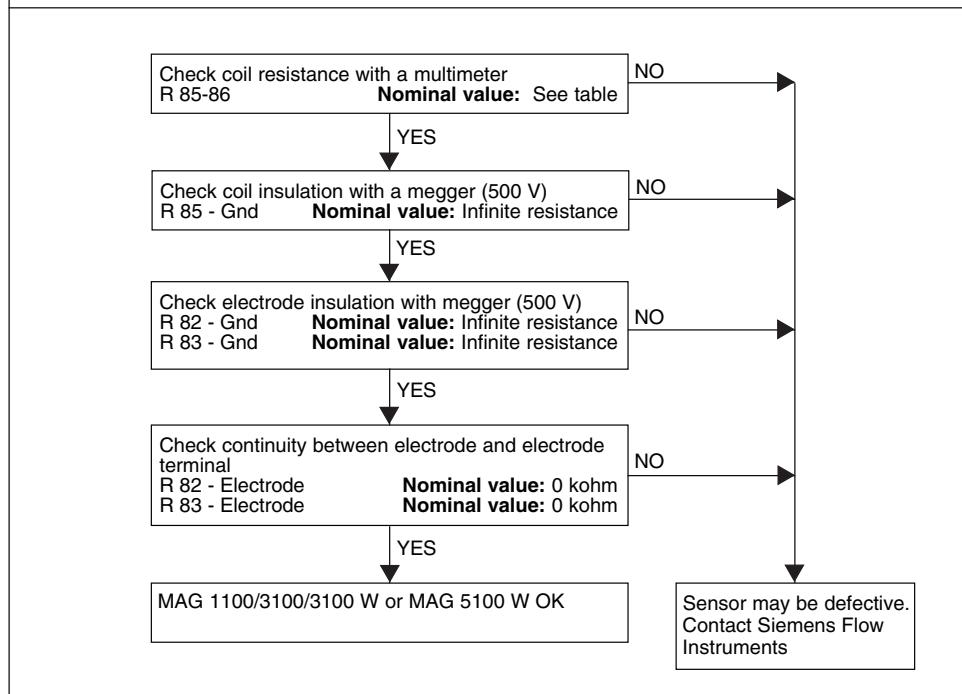
9.3

Check list MAG sensor

ATTENTION!

If there is leakage from MAG 1100/3100/3100 W or MAG 5100 W and the unit has been used to measure inflammable/explosive liquids, there might be a risk of explosion when checking with a megger.

Disconnect all leads to MAG 1100/3100/3100 W or MAG 5100 W

MAG 1100/3100/3100 W or MAG 5100 W installed and filled with the medium:**MAG 1100/3100/3100 W or MAG 5100 W removed from system – empty and dry:**

9.4
Coil resistance

	Coil resistance						
	MAG 1100	MAG 3100		MAG 3100 W		MAG 5100 W	
DN	Resistance	Resistance	Tolerance	Ohms	Tolerance	Ohms	Tolerance
2	104 Ω +/- 5	104					
3	104 Ω +/- 5	104					
6	98 Ω +/- 4	104					
10	98 Ω +/- 4	104					
15 ¹⁾	98 Ω +/- 4	104					
25	98 Ω +/- 4	104	+/- 2	104	+/- 2	104	+/- 2
40	98 Ω +/- 4	92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2
50	98 Ω +/- 4	92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2	124	+/- 4
65	98 Ω +/- 4	100	+/- 2	100	+/- 2	127	+/- 4
80	98 Ω +/- 4	94	+/- 2	94	+/- 2	126	+/- 4
100	98 Ω +/- 4	92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2	125	+/- 4
125		92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2	126	+/- 4
150		94	+/- 2	94	+/- 2	116	+/- 4
200		90	+/- 2	90	+/- 2	109	+/- 4
250		92	+/- 2	92	+/- 2	104	+/- 4
300		100	+/- 2	100	+/- 2	108	+/- 4
350		112	+/- 2	112	+/- 2	112	+/- 2
400		100	+/- 4	100	+/- 4	100	+/- 4
450		108	+/- 4	108	+/- 4	108	+/- 4
500		122	+/- 4	122	+/- 4	122	+/- 4
600		115	+/- 4	114	+/- 4	114	+/- 4
700		128	+/- 4	112	+/- 4	112	+/- 4
750		133					
800		128	+/- 4	127	+/- 4	127	+/- 4
900		131	+/- 4	93	+/- 4	93	+/- 4
1000		131	+/- 4	103	+/- 4	103	+/- 4
1100		126					
1200		130	+/- 4	124	+/- 4	124	+/- 4
1400		130					
1500		124					
1600		133					
1800		133					
2000		147					

¹⁾ On MAG 1100 DN 15 produced as from May 1999 the coil resistance must be 86 ohm, +8/-4 ohm.

All resistance values are at 20 °C.
The resistance changes proportionally 0.4% / °C.

10. Ordering

Please look on our homepage <http://www.siemens.com/flow> under "Product Selector".

We have checked the contents of this manual for agreement with the hardware and software described. Since deviations cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full agreement. However, the data in this manual are reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections included in subsequent editions. Suggestions for improvement are always welcomed.

Technical data subject to change without prior notice.

The reproduction, transmission or use of this document or its contents is not permitted without express written authority.
Offenders will be liable for damages. All rights, including rights created by patent grant or registration of a utility model or design, are reserved.

Copyright © Siemens AG 04.2005 All Rights Reserved